

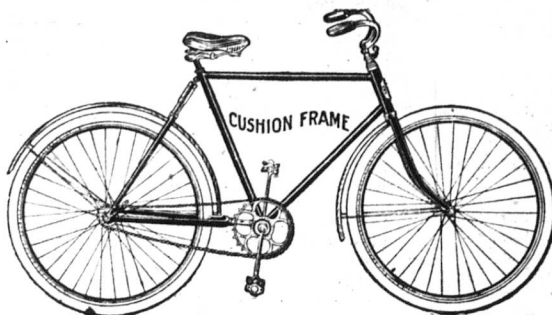
THE NAPAN

Vol. XLVII | No 21 - E. J. POLLARD, Editor and Proprietor.

NAPANEE, ONT., CA

Get Right with Nature Ride a Bicycle.

Over
Two
Hundred



To
Choose
From.

Prices range from \$10 to \$65.

Also a large stock of Bicycle Tires and Repairs.

A fine assortment of Buggies & Spring Wagons

manufactured by Canada's Leading Manufacturer, The Canada Carriage Co,
Carriage and Wagon Repairing and Painting.

Call and see our Special

New Machine for Grinding Lawn Mowers.

Grind them perfectly, Saves the Mowers.

The Napanee Bicycle & Carriage Works

W. J. NORMILE, Proprietor.

TO MY WALLPAPER FRIENDS AND CUSTOMERS.

I wish to thank you for your past patronage and hope that if I have given you good satisfaction and you are satisfied with my WALL PAPERS in regard to Fast Colors and the length of rolls, and the way that I have served you, I hope that I will see all your smiling faces at my store looking for Lloyd's Wallpapers, as they are the best money can buy.

JUST A WORD

I have a good many Samples of 21 inch Paper, meaning a great saving, also

I still sell the Border

To the Electors OF THE County of Lennox.

Fellow Electors, the time is drawing near when the electors of this county in common with its other constituencies will be called upon to elect a representative for the Provincial Assembly.

It may not be possible for me to see you all personally and I adopt this method of placing myself before you and reaching as many of you as possible.

As you are aware in December last in convention assembled, my friends did me the honor of selecting me as their candidate for the Provincial Parliament. I am therefore now before you in that capacity soliciting your votes and influence at the approaching election.

I need not say that this honor was placed upon me unsought or solicited.

My opponent and myself are personal friends and although we differ in

A RECORD MONTH

April has been with us a RECORD MONTH in WALLPAPER Sales.

We have served MORE CUSTOMERS with MORE PAPER of a BETTER GRADE than during any previous April in our experience.

This is accounted for by the fact that we have

A Combination that Beats Hard Times

—VIZ:—

A Larger Stock,
More Attractive Designs,

TOWN COUNCIL.

Council Chamber,
May 4th, 1908.

Council met in regular session on Monday evening Mayor H. Meng presiding.

Present—Reeve Symington and Councillors Alexander, Steacy, Simpson, Denison, Osborne.

The minutes of the last regular session were read and confirmed.

A communication was read from the Merchants' Bank asking that the usual by-law be passed covering the town's overdraft in the bank.

A communication was read from A. D. Cartwright, Secretary Board of Railway Commissioners of Canada, enclosing a copy of the report of the Board's Assistant Engineer, who made an inspection of the highway crossings on the main line of the G. T. R. in the town. The letter also stated that a copy of the report had been forwarded to the Grand Trunk Railway, with the request that they file an answer with the Board of Railway Commissioners promptly. Following is an exact reproduction of the report:

Ottawa, April 21st, 1908.

Sir,—

On the 1st inst., I inspected the highway crossings on the main line of the Grand Trunk Railway in the Town of Napanee.

Bridge Street, shown on the plan on the file, crosses underneath the bridge near Napanee River.

Thomas Street, approaching this crossing from the north and looking to the east, one can see a train 1500 feet away, when one is a safe distance from the track. This is true only when the leaves are off the trees. There is a large tree near Bridge Street, which would cut the view down to 500 feet in the summer time. I understand this tree is on town property.

Looking to the west one has a clear view of trains for a distance of 1200 feet, when one is about 80 feet from the crossing.

Approaching the crossing from the south one can see trains to the east for a distance of 1500 feet, when one is about 100 feet from the crossing.

Looking to the west one can see trains 1200 feet distant, when one is 80 feet from the crossing. This view, however, would be cut down more than half in summer time by a line of trees just outside the right of way.

If the Company could procure the removal of the trees mentioned above, the crossing would be comparatively safe; if not, it appears to me that an automatic electric bell should be installed.

If the Company raises its tracks, as was proposed a few years ago, a subway should be constructed at this crossing.

Centre Street or Selby Road. There are seven tracks crossing this street, four belonging to the Grand Trunk Ry and three to the Bay of Quinte Ry., and extending over about 150 feet of highway. All passenger trains on the Grand Trunk Ry, except one which goes through about 3 o'clock a. m., stop at the station, which is about 500 feet east of the crossing. I understand that the freight trains on the Grand Trunk Railway stop about 1100 feet west of the crossing at the top of the grade, then the engine cuts off and goes down over the crossing, and past the station for water. It was while backing up that one of these engines hit and killed a young girl last

JUST A WORD

I have a good many Samples of 21 inch Paper, meaning a great saving, also

I still sell the Border by the Roll.

If you do not see my PAPERS you will be sorry when you see your neighbour's.

GOT AT

LLOYD'S
OLD STAND.

A. O. ROBLIN

Market Square, Napanee.

We Sell:—The Wm. Grey & Son's Fine Carriages; The J. I. Case Threshing Machinery; Tractor, Stationary, and Marine Gasoline Engines; Grinders, Well Drilling Machinery; Appleton Saws; Blue Bell and National Cream Separators; Celebrated Dain Hay Loaders.

SCOTCH DIAMOND SMOOTHING HARROWS,

Four Section \$15.50. Three Section \$11.50
Agents for Toronto Windmills.

Call and see Our Goods.

Cheese Factories Are Opening

and you will want a thoroughly reliable Alarm Clock

Alarm Clocks—Plain.
Alarm Clocks—Repeater.
Alarm Clocks—Fancy.
Alarm Clocks—Extra Loud.

F. Chinneck's is the place to get a thoroughly reliable one as we make a point to buy nothing but good ones.

F. CHINNECK'S

Jewellery Store.

Near Royal Hotel.

Good Quality Store.

That languid, lifeless feeling that comes with spring and early summer, can be quickly changed to a feeling of buoyancy and energy by the judicious use of Dr. Shoop's Restorative.

The Restorative is a genuine tonic to tired, run-down nerves, and but a few doses is needed to satisfy the user that Dr. Shoop's Restorative is actually reaching that tired spot. The indoor life of winter nearly always leads to sluggish bowels, and to sluggish circulation in general. The customary lack of exercise and outdoor air gives up the liver, stagnates the kidneys, and off-times weakens the Heart's action. Use Dr. Shoop's Restorative a few weeks and all will be changed. A few days test will tell you that you are using the right remedy. You will easily and surely note the change from day to day. Sold by—**ALL DEALERS.**

fore you in that capacity soliciting your votes and influence at the approaching election.

I need not say that this honor was placed upon me unsought or solicited.

My opponent and myself are personal friends and although we differ in politics, neither of us permit this difference to interfere with our social or business relations and I feel confident in saying that we shall continue and close the contest as good friends as we commenced it. I flatter myself that I do not need any personal introduction to you. I have been with you and among you in fact for the last 25 years, and have taken a more or less active part in your public and local affairs. You are therefore in a good position to judge of my ability to perform the important duties pertaining thereto in a manner creditable to myself and advantageous to the old county of Lennox. Whilst my politics have been Liberal I have never been a hide bound partisan. I shall never consider myself bound to support my party except when I believe them to be right and acting in the best interests of the Province and can give to you a reason for the faith that is in me and can justify, at least to my own conscience, the course I shall see it my duty to take as your honored representative.

From what I have already said you will understand my position and I trust it will meet with your approval and merit your most generous support irrespective of party. In matters pertaining to our own country should you honor me with confidence and elect me as your representative I shall always consider myself at your disposal and you will ever find me ready and willing to do what in me lies to advance the interests of our own locality and especially that part of it confined within the bounds of Lennox irrespective of local personal or political considerations, and if I can consistently and properly do a political opponent a service I shall be as cheerfully at his disposal as I will be to those attached to me by political ties. This I consider the proper position for a representative of the people to take.

I hope to have during the campaign the opportunity of discussing with you on the public platform at greater length some of the many public questions which are at the present time interesting the people.

To those of you I shall not be able to see personally, that this will make no difference as to the activity you will put into the campaign in my behalf and that you will see the careless ones and invite them to the polls to cast their ballot for the cause of good Government.

Again soliciting your votes, influence and support at the approaching election and thanking you in advance.

I am your obedient servant,
M. S. MADOLE.

Itch, Mange, Prairie Scratches, Barber's itch, and every form of contagious Itch on human or animals cured in 30 minutes by Wolford's Sanitary Lotion. It never fails. Sold by—T. B. Wallace

Recently twenty-four young men from the city went from Timworth for a fifty mile paddle up the Salmon river. While going over the rapids, two canoes were slightly damaged one containing two well-known Kingstonians was broken in two and they were thrown into the cold waters. The accident to this canoe was due to the inexperience of the paddlers.

Chronic Coughs Cured

Mrs. Joseph Eccles of Dromore, says: "I took 4 or 5 bottles of Psychine, and a cough I had continually for nine months disappeared. It is the best remedy for chronic coughs that I ever used."

Thousands of living witnesses pronounce Psychine the greatest medicine in the world. It is not a patent medicine, but a prescription of a great physician. Put it to the test in any case of throat, lung or stomach trouble or any run down or weak condition. At all druggists, 50c and \$1.00, or Dr. T. A. Slocum, Limited, Toronto.

Deals with Things

—VIZ:—

A Larger Stock, More Attractive Designs, Better Value

than ever before. We have a very complete stock still on hand and are determined to make the month of May show as good a record as the past month. Come with the crowd to The Great Wallpaper House.

A. E. PAUL'S

OTHER SPECIALTIES—Art Blinds, Room Moulding, Picture Framing, Sporting Goods, Hammocks, etc., etc., etc.

YARKER.

Owing to the heavy rains the river is somewhat higher.

Farmers will be delayed with spring work owing to the ground.

William Ashley and Mr. Cole, of Petworth, took out the large safe from the Merchants' Bank, weighing about five tons. It was shipped to some western point. Mr. Benjamin is clearing up the land around the bank, and when soddied it will look fine.

John Watt is painting his hotel.

Ross Dear, who left here for the west, was a young man who was held in high esteem by Yarkerites, and he was not let go without a presentation. His shopmates also remembered him with a gift.

Mrs. Rhoda Craig left here to join her husband in Manitoba.

John O'Mara is home again from Hotel Dieu, where he underwent an operation on his eye.

R. Woodhouse, who left here two years ago for Seattle, is expected home this week.

Quarterly services will be held in Yarker Methodist church next Sunday morning.

Mrs. Rufus Wagar has the sympathy of her many friends in her sad bereavement in the sudden death of her sister.

Frank Irish leaves here for the North-West and will sell out before leaving.

William Connolly will move into the residence when vacated by F. Irish.

Mrs. T. Burgess, seriously ill, is getting better.

Seymour Burgess and daughter, Mary, of Enterprise, are at T. Burgess'.

On the shore of Varty Lake, adjacent to the home of R. Galbraith, there will be many summer campers and preparations are now under way in the erection of temporary summer shacks. This camping out by many in the country village is only in its infancy and yearly one sees the number increasing.

The liberals of Addington have as yet no candidate in the field for the local legislature.

Telephones have been placed in quite a number of Yarker homes.

There will be no regular service in the Methodist church next Sunday night, but the Sabbath school intend giving papers on the Indians of Canada and North-West missions.

Mrs. W. Cambridge, of Napanee, spent Sunday with her mother, who is ill.

CRESOLENE ANTISEPTIC TABLETS

A simple and effective remedy for

SORE THROATS AND COUGHS

They combine the germicidal value of Cresolene with the soothing properties of slippery elm and licorice. Your druggist or from us, 10c in stamps. LAMMIE, MINAS CO., Limited, Agents, Montreal, 405

If a girl is pretty she knows it just as well as a man does, but she won't think any the less of him if he tells her so.

Lax-ets 3 C Sweet to Eat
A Candy Bowl Laxative.

the Grand Trunk Railway stop about 1100 feet west of the crossing at the top of the grade, then the engine cuts off and goes down over the crossing, and past the station for water. It was while backing up that one of these engines hit and killed a young girl last July. The engine, after hooking onto its train, runs the crossing at full speed, so as to make the grade to the east. The view of approaching trains is good when there are no cars on the sidings, but it is difficult to get trainmen to leave cars a proper distance from crossings, and sometimes they are cramped for room. On the occasion of my inspection cars were standing on a Grand Trunk Siding, close to the crossing.

On account of the number of tracks and the large number of trains on the two lines, and the shunting, it appears to me that a watchman should be placed at the crossing between the hours of 7 a. m. and 7 p. m.

I have the honor to be, Sir,

Your obedient servant,

T. S. SIMMONS,
Assistant Engineer.

Mr. John Chatterton addressed the council with the idea of getting a definite understanding in reference to his contract for street sprinkling. In his tender he had not quoted a price for his work, because he thought it was always understood that the teams employed on the sprinklers would get the first preference on all other street work.

Reeve Symington, chairman of the Streets Committee gave the council to understand that, as far as he was concerned, the teams employed on the sprinklers would always have the preference, which he thought was all the assurance necessary.

Coun. Osborne moved, seconded by Coun. Steacy, that the teams employed on the sprinklers be always given the preference when there is corporation work to be done. Lost.

Coun. Simpson, chairman of the Finance Committee, presented the treasurer's regular monthly statement which is as follows:

	Balance.	Expended.	Appropriation.
Streets.....	\$ 10.42	\$2,089.08	\$3,000.00
Fire Water and Light.....	92.52	3,087.48	4,000.00
Town Property.....	72.30	577.70	630.00
Printing.....	13.50	201.50	275.00
Market.....	9.18	15.82	25.00
Police.....	21.96	53.04	75.00
Poor and Sanitary.....	17.82	607.18	625.00
Merchants Bank overdraft, \$051.25.			
Crown Bank overdraft, \$0136.06			

Report adopted.

The Streets Committee reported recommending the acceptance of P. Berquin's tender for ballast, which was the lowest of the three offered. Report adopted.

The Town Property Committee reported that they had received the plants given to the town by the Horticultural Society, and the same had been planted around the town hall; that the old lock-up had been rented for the storing of hides to Mr. Robert Baker at \$2 per month; that the seats in the town hall had been repaired; that the cost of repairing the Isolation Hospital would be about \$100; that

FREE EXPRESS.

NADA—FRIDAY, MAY 8th 1908

\$1 per Year in advance: \$1.50 if not so paid.

New Hats!

This week we received two cases of Knobby

Soft Hats

Direct from New York

Just the thing for young men. The colors are

Brown, Black and Pearl

When you want a Hat come to us. We carry the largest stock in this vicinity.

J. L. BOYES,

the disposal of water running off the town property, rented by C. A. Anderson, should be taken care of by building a drain to the street sewer, which would cost about \$10 or \$12. Report adopted.

Moved by Coun. Simson, seconded by Coun. Steacy, that the Streets Committee be authorized to have a survey made of the proposed extension to the Canning Factory sewer, and that plans and specifications be prepared, and a report presented to the council.

On motion of Councillors Osborne and Denison the use of the town hall was granted the Base Ball Club for a benefit concert to be held on May 14th.

Moved by Coun. Osborne, seconded by Coun. Denison, that the Town Property Committee be instructed to have the fire hall thoroughly cleaned, the necessary glass put in the windows in the hose tower, and some holes in the wall plastered; that the horse stall be removed to the rear of the building. Carried.

Prior to the last meeting of the council the Town Property Committee rented the old lock-up, behind the fire hall, as a store room for hides, and when the matter came before the council it was decided that the town needed this building for its own use, and the Street Committee were empowered to use the said building for the storing of tools, lumber, etc.

On motion of Reeve Symington and Coun. Osborne the sum of \$500 was added to the appropriation of the Streets Committee.

On motion of Councillors Steacy and Denison the sum of \$75 was added to the appropriation of the Poor and Sanitary Committee.

The following accounts were ordered paid:

Chas Stevens	\$ 21 75
M. S. Madole	12 25
Chas Stevens	1 75
Robt Light	20 50
J. L. Boyes	22 00

NAPANEE MODEL SCHOOL.

Honor Roll April.

Entrance—A. Brown, N. Waller, E. Smith, G. Dickenson, M. McMillan, F. Brown, C. Cowan, A. Bellhouse.

Int. IV—N. Root, M. Edwards, G. Campbell, G. Metzler, F. Leonard, H. Smith, Myrtle Edwards, A. Anderson, H. Taylor, L. Clancy, K. Ham, N. VanDusen, L. Merg, O. Booth, J. Garrison, A. Bland, G. Wilson, H. Fellows, M. Hart, C. Perry, M. Ketcheson, J. Bartlett, C. Herrington, A. D. Kees, G. Battle, V. Bell.

JR. IV—H. Shannon, K. Greene, R. Minchinton, N. Zoelner, H. Daly, I. Wagar, K. Kimmerly, C. Mills, G. Walker, C. Clancy.

SR. III—R. Gordon, H. Herrington, G. Ekins, E. Fraiick, H. VanAlstyne, A. Fitzpatrick, G. Zoelner, C. Harshaw, E. McMillan, G. Rodgers, M. McNeill, E. Norris, D. Smith, H. Parker, O. Knight, G. Miller, H. Bruton, R. Loucks, N. Giroux, C. Mills, M. Gleeson, D. VanAlstyne, E. King, F. Cliff.

JR. III A—D. Paul, I. Solmes, T. Dnohue, B. Peterson, L. Harshaw, I. Evans, H. VanAlstyne, J. Vrooman, K. Daly, C. Paul, H. Loucks, J. Daly, B. Bruton, H. Foster, R. Carter, L. Scott, P. Jones, J. Stevens, K. Wilson, M. Mills, G. Wilson.

JR. III B—N. Root, F. Graham, J. Simpson, K. Martin, L. Trumper, A. Bland.

SR. II—F. Daven, V. Conway, R. Graham, W. Roy, H. Lloyd, K. Hill, B. Belcher, D. Robinson, G. Frizzell, C. Zoellner, E. Cambridge, H. Baker, H. Markle, H. Walker.

JR. II—M. Spinks, H. Miller, M. Markle, G. Weese, B. Babcock, C. Scott, K. Kelly, J. Vanalstine, B. Morris, R. Willis.

JR. II A—M. Madole, G. Greer, E. Howell, A. Fraiick, F. Johnston, L. Vanalstine, J. Carter, D. Pizzariello, B. Howie, A. Herrington.

SR. PT. II—M. Shannon, Freddie Miller, K. Daly, M. Shannon, M. O'Neill, L. Vanvolkenburgh, J. Woodcock, G. Root, J. Foster.

JR. PT. II—R. Douglas, M. Stevens, E. Tompkins, M. Root, C. Lowry, M. Wolfe, W. Fraiick.

PT. I D—N. Spinks, C. Tomkins, R. Leonard, A. Carter, C. Preston.

C—H. Miller, N. Sine, E. Carter, F. Peterson, J. Pybus, M. Daly, G. Carter, D. Mitchell, H. Ferguson, J. Pizzariello, W. Mitchell, F. Huffman, R. Babcock, C. Castaldi.

B—S. Loucks, H. Gleeson, M. Baker, G. Foster, R. Plumley, M. Miller, G. Frezer, E. Metcalfe, L. Markle, M. Robin, E. Vanalstine, D. Websdale, J. Thompson, H. Harshaw.

A—B. Field, J. Fraser, E. Baird, H. Robin, A. Hicks, L. Sayer, M. Hart, F. O'Neill, H. Spinks, E. Rodgers, B. Davis, F. Powell, F. Huffman, C. Babcock, R. Field, H. Garrison.

EAST WARD.

SR. II—G. Norris, L. Richardson, G. Paul, C. Davy, R. Hetherington, W. Dibb, D. Smith, M. Martin, A. Wagar, R. Loucks, A. Vance, G. Davy, H. Duncan.

JR. II—G. Emery, J. Dibb, H. Hawley, S. Metzler, E. Degroff, M. McCabe, J. Trumper, R. Kelly, L. Denison.

SR. PT. II—W. Perry, R. Paul, A. Hetherington, E. Knowlton, W. Cronin, H. Cowan, M. Miles, H. Ward.

JR. PT. II—A. Pendell, H. Perry, I. Wagar, G. Mastin, A. Knowlton, J. Hawley, V. Jones, V. Martin.

SR. PT. I—M. Kelley.

JR. PT. I—B. Davis, C. Denison.

Toronto Globe.

No premier ever came into office under more favorable conditions than those which awaited Mr. Whitney. The liberal majority in the assembly had dwindled away until it had virtually disappeared. Determined to bring this state of demoralizing un-

D. R. BENSON

Graduate Ontario Veterinary College, has opened and office second door south of Express Printing Office, where he may be consulted on all diseases of Domestic Animals. All latest veterinary sciences.

Residence: West Street, near Madden's grocery.

FOR SALE—First-Class Cook Stove and Gasoline Stove. Very little used—can be had cheap. FISHER'S MUSIC STORE. 177

FOR SALE—One Yearling Heifer, (Jersey); one two-year-old Heifer. Apply to REV. CANON JARVIS. 20-b-p

HOUSE AND LOT FOR SALE—Comfortable Frame House, in South Napanee. Good Well, Cistern and Outbuildings. Apply on premises to MR. DANIEL LASHER. 16c

500 Acres in Nursery Stock,

Agents wanted at once to sell for Fall 1908 and Spring 1909 delivery; whole or part time; liberal terms; outfit free.

THE THOS. W. BOWMAN & SON CO., Limited, 15t Ridgeville, Ontario.

IN THE SURROGATE COURT, OF THE COUNTY OF LENNOX AND ADDINGTON.

In the estate of Zelotes Brown, late of the Township of Camden, in the County of Lennox and Addington, farmer, deceased.

Notice is hereby given pursuant to R. S. O., Chap. 129, Section 38 and Amending Acts, that all persons having claims against the estate of the said Zelotes Brown, who died on or about the Eleventh day of February, A. D. 1908, intestate, are required to send by post prepaid or to deliver to John English, solicitor for the Administrator, on or before the 20th DAY OF MAY, A. D. 1908, their names, addresses and description, and a full statement of particulars of their claim, and the nature of the security (if any) held by them, duly certified, and that after the said day the Administrator will proceed to distribute the assets of the said deceased among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which he shall then have notice.

JOHN ENGLISH.

Solicitor for said Administrator.

Dated this 23rd day of April, A. D., 1908. 19d

ALEX. RAY,

Cpt. D., of Belleville, will be at the

Campbell House,

Napanee,

Monday Evening, May 11th, and

Next Day, May 12th, until 6 p. m.

for consultation and examination of all kinds of Eye Strain, including not only all forms of impaired vision, but also lack of balance of the ocular muscles, which is the cause of most of the headaches, as well as many of the distressing nervous diseases of the present day. In the latter case the vision may be apparently normal.

Prices—Best quality of large lenses in silver frames \$2.00. The lenses in gold frames \$4.00 and \$4.50. Best quality of rimless lenses in gold mounts \$4.00. Specially ground lenses for special cases, special prices.

GAS

Spring Goods Arriving.

New White Waists—

This is the best time of the year to buy White Blouses, as all experienced shoppers know, before all the prettiest ones get picked up. Come and see our stock before buying.

New Spring Coats.

In these we have a very fine assortment.

New Millinery—

We are opening up this week our first shipment of Spring Hats, Feathers, Flowers, Laces, etc.

DOXSEE & CO.

The Leading Millinery House.

—THE—

ALBERT COLLEGE,

AND SCHOOL OF FINANCE

(In Albert College, Belleville, Ont.) is now the leading school of practical education of Canada. ATTENDANCE DOUBLED IN LAST THREE YEARS.

\$40 pays board, tuition, room, electric light, use of baths, gymnasium, all but books and laundry, for a term of ten weeks—long period at same rate. \$25 pays tuition alone for the entire scholastic year.

A staff of experienced specialists give individual instruction in five distinct courses. An evening class FREE for all registered students in this department. Graduates holding the best positions. Candidates prepared yearly for the examinations held by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Ontario, and for Commercial Specialists.

For Particulars and Illustrated Calendar, address

PRINCIPAL DYER, M.A., D.D. Belleville, Ont.

SEEDS

Seeds, Plants and Fertilizers for Field, Garden or Conservatory.

Poultry Supplies of all kinds.

Also Feeds and Medicines for Stock.

Raw Furs bought and sold

—at—

SYMINGTON'S

Dundas Street, Napanee.

THE - DOMINION - BANK

NAPANEE BRANCH

PAID UP CAPITAL \$3 702.00

SURPLUS 4 739.000

TOTAL DEPOSIT BY THE PUBLIC OVER 35 MILLIONS.

Sanitary Committee.

The following accounts were ordered paid:

Chas Stevens	\$ 21 75
M. S. Madole	12 25
Chas Stevens	4 75
Robt Light	20 50
J. G. Oliver	22 00
Johnston and Wagar	6 00
Chas Pollard	3 50
M. S. Madole	6 75
F. Perry	3 00
Chas Stevens	4 00
Napanee Water Works Co.	820 00
Electric Light Commissioners	106 33
Fred L. Hooper	22 10
J. J. Minchinton	2 50
S. Kelly	1 50
Chas Anderson	8 00

The following accounts were referred: Rathbun Co., \$18.47; Streets, power to act: John Wilson, \$15.00; streets, to report: M. S. Madole, \$8.00; Fire Water and Light, to report.

On motion it was decided that all accounts in connection with the recent fire at Mr. Fish's house in Fredericksburg be sent to the council of the aforesaid township, asking them to pay the amount.

The treasurer was granted a voucher for payments amounting to \$151.28, Council adjourned.

Outside Gloss White Paint That Stays White.

Have you noticed how many White Painted houses that have turned dark? You can avoid it. Let us tell you all about Outside Gloss White at Wallace's Drug Store, Napanee.

LAPUM.

J. E. Boulton is having some repairs done by Henry Bush to his outside buildings.

Mrs. F. E. Brown and Miss Florence Joyner are collecting missionary money this week.

Levi Brown lost one of his best cows last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Albert Lucas, of Camden East, have become residents of this place, having rented Stanley Brown's house.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Bush spent Thursday with Mrs. William Love.

John Brown visited his sister, Mrs. S. Vandewater, Yarker, Thursday.

James Reid, Glenburnie, is spending a week with his sister, Mrs. Michael Love. He is much improved in health after his serious illness.

William Hysted, on the sick list, is convalescent.

John Boulton, Kingston, is visiting friends in this vicinity.

Mr. and Mrs. Wilkie Pringle were "At Home" to a number of their friends one evening last week. A very enjoyable time was spent.

Miss Lita Simpkins, Odessa, spent the holidays here, with her grandmother, Mrs. G. Simpkins.

Miss Annie Fields returned to her home in Gretna, on Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. B. Rose and Edwin Bell attended on Sunday, the memorial service of A. H. Bell, Westbrook.

Visitors: Mr. and Mrs. L. Hartman, Maple Avenue, with Mr. and Mrs. William Pringle; H. E. Bell, Boston, with Edwin Bell; Mr. Smith, Smithville, with Mrs. T. B. Hamm.

WON HIS CASE.

Doctors Said He Must Die, But He Rallied Under South American Kidney Cure, and Diabetes Was Absolutely Cured.

A prominent legal light in a Canadian Western town treated and dieted for years for what the doctors diagnosed an incurable case of diabetes. He became so bad that he had to quit his practice, other complications setting in, and his sufferings were most intense. Almost as a last resort he tried South American Kidney Cure, and, to his own surprise, immediately began to improve. This is over a year ago. He continued taking this greatest of all kidney specifics, and to-day he is a well man. (20)

Sold by T. B. Wallace

Toronto Globe.

No premier ever came into office under more favorable conditions than those which awaited Mr. Whitney. The liberal majority in the assembly had dwindled away until it had virtually disappeared. Determined to bring this state of demoralizing uncertainty to an end, many liberals all over the province voted for his candidature and thus gave him an unprecedentedly large majority. All he had to do to retain it was to carry on the government of the province with vigor, purity, and liberality. Had this been done many liberals who helped to put him into office would have been willing to assist in keeping him in it to enable him to show what he could do to justify their support. To their surprise he almost immediately began to dismiss public officials against whom no charges were ever made, so that there were more dismissals for patronage purposes in the last four years than there had been in the preceding thirty. Before the close of his first term he put himself so completely in the hands of William Mackenzie as to be reduced to a position of political servitude akin to the relation in which some public men in the United States have long stood to the great capitalists and railway magnates of that country. And, worst of all, he became a party to the grossest and most discreditable violation of public trust that has occurred in Canada within half a century when he sanctioned legislation that made a present of a hundred and thirty thousand dollars to a mining syndicate of which the brother-in-law of his minister of mines was a prominent member. The decent from Sandfield Macdonald to Whitney is too obvious to need emphasizing.

If the Whitney Government

Can produce as good a record as the Gloss White Paint for outside painting made by the Sherwin-Williams Co. their return to power is a settled fact. This paint will cover more surface, look better, and wear longer than white lead and oil. It will not chalk off. One gallon covers 300 sq. ft. two coats. Every can carries the guarantee of the maker. The Medical Hall—Fred L. Hooper, sole agent for Napanee.

CENTREVILLE

A number of friends gathered at the home of Mr. and Mrs. G. M. Connors and gave them a kitchen shower.

Mrs. J. R. Lochhead and family have moved to Moscow.

Robert O'Connor still continues very low.

James Cassidy is spending a few weeks with S. J. Cassidy.

Mr. and Mrs. W. D. Kenney, Mrs. John Kidd, Michael Ingoldsby and Miss Lizzie Ingoldsby spent Easter with their father, M. Ingoldsby.

The concert in the town hall on Tuesday evening was a success.

Alfred Milligan and family have moved into J. R. Lochhead's house.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of *Charles H. Fletcher*

ERNESTTOWN S. S. NO. 14.

Honor roll for April.

Class IV.—Eva Valentine, Carman Gilchrist, Willie Perry, Percy Valentine.

Class III.—Earl Gilchrist, Mabel Sager.

Class PT. II.—Ernest Golding, Arthur Clark, Betram Clute, (absent), Mary Scott (absent).

Class PT. I.—Earl Sharp.

Belleville Portland Cement made from rock, stronger and better cement than any other at same price.

BOYLE & SON.

frames \$4.00 and \$4.50. Best quality of rimless lenses in gold mounts \$4.00. Specially ground lenses for special cases, special prices. 20 b

GAS

Once used as a luxury, now demanded for economy.

Use Gas for Cooking

Why?

Because it is the Cheapest, Cleanest,

Fuel you can use No kindling to split, no coal to carry, no fire to build—always ready night or day—safe and easy to operate.

Have you had a Trial in your Household.

If not, now is the time, as you are losing money, comfort and valuable time every day. Ask any neighbor who has a gas range or gas water heater. 20c

The people of Ontario are assured that the \$130,000 voted to brother-in-law might have been a much larger sum. This is a warning to provide against all such possibilities in the future.

The school-book reduction is one of Premier Whitney's failures. He has helped the publishers to work off some dead stock, but the change has been within limits too narrow to admit of general public benefit.

The only certain way to purify politics is to turn out every Government as soon as it becomes unworthy of confidence. Lenience for a single term encourages further encroachment. The people of Ontario have the chance of a generation to administer a telling rebuke.

The Montreal Star, independent conservative, says no government should hold back important measures until the dying days of the session. When this is done, as in Toronto, the government "need not be surprised if the people deduct the inference that there is something to hide."

Coughs, colds, hoarseness, and other throat ailments are quickly relieved by Cresoloid Tablets, ten cents per box. All druggists.

PAID UP CAPITAL \$3 702.00
SURPLUS 4 739.00
TOTAL DEPOSIT BY THE PUBLIC OVER 35 MILLIONS.

Interest paid on Savings Account Every Three Months.

DUDLEY L. HILL,

Acting Manager, Napanee Branch.

MERCHANTS' BANK OF CANADA.

ESTABLISHED 1864.

PAID UP CAPITAL \$6,000,000.

RESERVE \$4,000,000

UNDOUBTED SECURITY FOR DEPOSITORS

SIR H. MONTAGU ALLAN, Pres.

E. F. HEDDEN, General Manager.

Savings Bank Department.

Deposits of \$1.00 and upwards received and interest at best current rate paid on same. Interest payable quarterly, on the last days of February, May, August and November. Farmers' Business Solicited and General Banking Business transacted.

Napanee Branch, W. A. BELLHOUSE, Mgr.

Yarker Branch, E. R. CHECKLEY, Mgr.

—A—

CALENDAR

—FROM THE—

Frontenac Business College

KINGSTON, ONT.

will convince you of the superiority of our courses of training, and the unexcelled advantages offered by our institution.

RATES VERY MODERATE.

Students may enter any time of the year as all instruction is individual in character. No time like the present; write to-day.

T. N. STOCKDALE, Principal.

THE CROWN BANK OF CANADA

Our banking facilities are for your use.

We are glad to meet you and to assist you in whatever ways we legally may.

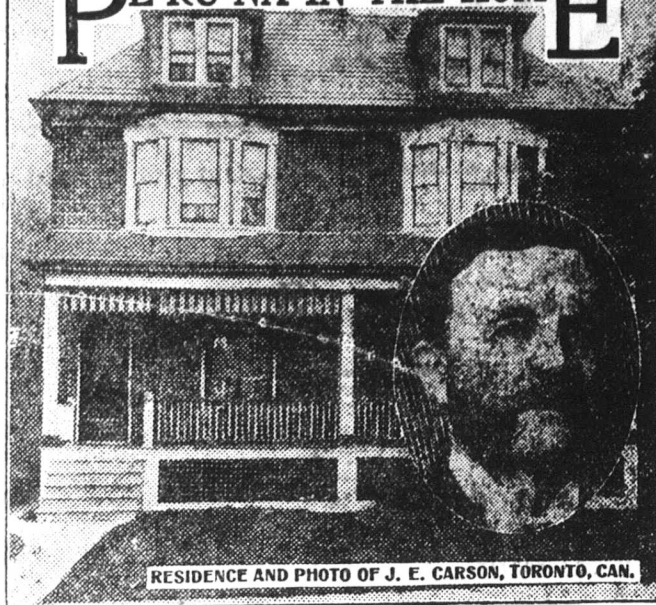
Your savings are safe when in our keeping.

All transactions are strictly confidential.

R. G. H. TRAVERS, - Manager

NAPANEE, ONTARIO.

PE-RU-NA IN THE HOME



RESIDENCE AND PHOTO OF J. E. CARSON, TORONTO, CAN.

Mr. J. E. Carson, 218 St. Clarens Ave., Toronto, Canada, Inspector London Life Insurance Co., London, Canada, writes:

"I have used the popular remedy known as Pe-ru-na, and I can testify as to its merits. I regard it as one of the best tonics now on the market."

TORONTO is one of the most beautiful cities in the world. It is a city of homes and churches, a city of intelligence and good government, a city of beautiful climate and beautiful scenery.

Among the many beautiful homes which make up the city of Toronto, is the home of J. E. Carson, 218 St. Clarens Ave. In this home Peruna is revered as a family medicine.

Peruna can boast of being a fixture in over a million such happy homes on this continent, where it is used for the petty ailments that afflict the family.

Coughs and colds, catarrh of the head and throat, sore throat in various forms, disturbances of digestion, catarrh of the stomach, and other internal organs. These ailments, petty in themselves, are often the beginning of very serious diseases.

A dose or two of Peruna taken in the beginning may quickly avert tedious if not fatal illnesses.

Head Stopped Up.

Mr. G. W. Martin, Hartford, Ontario, former pastor of St. Paul's Episcopal Church, writes:

"I have been troubled with catarrh for a great many years, and always trying something for it, but was able only to secure temporary relief until I used Peruna. Only five bottles rid my system of all traces of catarrh, and I have not noticed the slightest trouble for several months. My head was stopped up, my breath offensive, and it was a relief to be able to breathe freely once more."

Lungs and Bronchial Tubes.

Mr. J. C. Hervus Pelletier, Dept. of Agriculture, Ottawa, Ont., writes: "The Peruna is particularly efficacious in the cure of catarrhal affections of the lungs and bronchial tubes."

"Six bottles cured me this winter of bronchitis. I am completely restored and I owe thanks to the Peruna."

"I have recommended this remedy to a large number of my friends afflicted with the same trouble, and they have verified my good opinion of this valuable remedy."

Manufactured by Peruna Drug Manufacturing Company, Columbus, Ohio, U. S. A.

ASK YOUR
DRUGGIST FOR

PANGO

INSTANT RELIEF TO THOSE SUFFERING FROM

HEADACHE, NEURALGIA, GOUT, RHEUMATISM

25 AND 50 CENTS, BY MAIL.

THE PANGO CO.,

TORONTO.

WHOLESALE

LYMAN BROS. & CO., LTD.

Toronto and Montreal
Toronto and Montreal

that I thought you would not like to offend her."

"Recollect that if any other persons call they are not to enter my rooms on any pretext," I said decisively.

"Very well, sir. I acknowledge that I was entirely in the wrong in allowing her to pry about the place."

"And when she had gone?"

"Then I went over to the butcher's in the Strand to get a bit of steak."

"And saw nothing more of her?"

"Yes, sir. I did see her again. As I was coming back I met her in the Strand, at the corner of Arundel Street, walking with a gentleman who looked like a City man. She said something to him, and he turned and had a good look at me."

"Then it must have been this same woman who was in my chambers here when I returned," I said.

"A woman here?" she ejaculated.

"Yes; when I entered there was a woman here, and she escaped as though she were a thief. She must have gone out and rejoined the man, who was awaiting her somewhere in the vicinity. That would bear out the fact that you encountered her again."

"But how could she get in? I'm always careful to see that the door is properly closed."

"Probably she stole the extra latch-key while prying about the place. See whether it is still on the nail."

She crossed the room, and next moment gasped—

"It's gone, sir!"

"Ah!" I said. "Just as I thought! The story she told you was a mere excuse to obtain admittance to the place, and, if possible, to get possession of the key. This she obtained, and, having watched you out, returned and continued her search for something she desired to secure. We must at once examine the whole place, and seek to discover what's been stolen."

"Do you think she was a common thief, sir?" inquired Parker, dumbfounded at the ingenuity with which the latch-key had been secured.

"I don't know what to believe at present," I answered. "We must investigate first, and form our conclusions afterwards. Now, make a thorough search and see what has been disturbed and what is missing."

I had no intention of entering into a long explanation with Parker regarding the events of that fateful night, or to disturb her peace of mind by relating any of the tragic circumstances. Therefore I went to my room and looked away my muddy, blood-stained clothing, and afterwards returned, and with my hands felt the various objects in my sitting-room, to assure myself that none was displaced or missing.

CHAPTER VIII.

The visit of this mysterious woman in the white lace veil—at that time a fashionable feminine adornment—was, I felt assured, more than a coincidence. That it had some connection with the strange events of the past night seemed certain, yet, try how I would, I could form no definite idea of either the motive of the visit or the object of her search. As far as Parker could discover, nothing whatever had been taken. A writing-table, the drawers of which contained some family papers, had apparently been hastily examined, but no object of value, nor any paper had been extracted. Therefore I concluded that I had returned before the intruder had had time to make the complete examination of my effects which she had intended.

A curious thought occurred to me. Was the intruder in the white veil none other than the mysterious Edna herself? That she knew my address she had admitted when I had been lying helpless and half-conscious after my accident, and the fact that an hour had elapsed between our parting and my return to my chambers would allow her sufficient time to call upon Mrs. Parker, secure the key, watch my old servant leave, and then re-enter.

"Why I Reconciled" Dr. William

The Particulars of a Reconciled Presbyterian Clergyman Back from Death's Door

St. Andrews Manse,

Cardigan, P.E.I., Jan. 1908.

Though I have never been sick myself, and have not had occasion to use Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, I thought you ought to know of the remarkable cure they have wrought in Mr. Oldings' case.

During a visit to my home in Merigumish, N. S., some years ago, I was grieved to find our next door neighbor and friend, Michael Olding, very low. "He is not expected to live," my mother informed me. "And you must go over and see him as he is liable to pass away at any moment." "Not expected to live," that was the opinion not only of the doctor who attended him, but of his wife and family as well. Upon visiting him myself I found abundant evidence to confirm their opinion.

Mr. Olding had for years been afflicted with asthma and bronchitis, but now a complication of diseases was ravishing his system. He had been confined to his bed for months and was reduced to a skeleton. Though evidently glad to see me, he conversed with the greatest difficulty, and seemed to realize that it was the beginning of the end. He was daily growing weaker; his feet were swollen to twice their natural size, and the cold hand of death was upon his brow. "It's no use," he said feebly. "The doctors' medicine is not helping me and I am going down rapidly." I prayed with him as for a man soon to pass into eternity, and when I took his hand in parting it was the last time I expected to see him in the flesh.

Three years later while on another visit to my mother's Michael Olding was seemingly in better health than I

dancing-girl, and casting them into the Thames from the Embankment. It was a risky operation, for that part of London is well guarded by police after dark; nevertheless I accomplished it in safety, and was much amused a few days later by reading in an evening paper that they had been found near London Bridge and handed over to the river police, who, of course, scented a mystery. The blood-stains puzzled them, and the journal hinted that Scotland Yard had instituted inquiries into the ownership of the discarded suit of clothes. The paragraph concluded with that sentence, indispensable in reporting a mystery. "The police are very reticent about the matter."

Fortunately, having cut out the maker's name, and taken everything from the pockets which might serve as a clue to ownership, I felt perfectly safe, and eagerly read the issue of the same journal on the following evening, which told how the stains had been analyzed and found to be those of human blood.

A little more than a week had passed since my remarkable midnight adventure, when one morning I received a brief note by post, which Parker read to me. It consisted of only two typewritten lines stating that at mid-day I would receive a visitor, and was signed with the strange word "Avel."

It was, I knew, a message from Edna, and I dressed myself with greater care in expectation that she herself would visit me. In this, however, I was disappointed, for after existing some three hours on tiptoe with anxiety I found my visitor to be a well-spoken, middle-aged man, whose slight accent when introducing himself betrayed that he was an American.

A House of Mystery

A House of Mystery

OR, THE GIRL IN BLUE

CHAPTER VII.—(Continued).

My gloomy thoughts that morning were suddenly interrupted by the sound of a latch-key in the outer door, and as I rose old Mrs. Parker entered with an expression of profound surprise.

"Why, sir!" she cried. "I understood that you'd gone away into the country."

"Into the country?" I echoed. "Who told you so?"

"The lady you sent to tell me," said Mrs. Parker. "What lady?" I inquired, amazed. "Surely, Parker, you've taken leave of your senses?"

"The lady came about an hour ago, sir, and said that you had sent her to tell me that you would be absent for perhaps a week or so—that you had gone down to your uncle's in Hampshire."

"I've sent no one," I responded, astounded at this fresh phase of the affair. "What kind of lady was she—old or young?"

"Middle-aged," said Mrs. Parker.

"Well-dressed?" I asked.

"Yes, sir. She spoke with a funny kind of lisp, which made me think she might be a foreigner. She said she knew you quite well, being a friend of your uncle's, and that you were traveling down to Hampshire this morning, your uncle having taken ill. I remarked that it was strange that you should not come home for your bag and things, but she gave me a message from you to send a bag packed with your clothes by train from Waterloo to Christchurch station, and to be called for."

"But didn't you think her story a very queer one, Parker?" I asked, angry that my old serving-woman should have thus been misled and deceived.

"Of course I did, sir, especially as you were absent all night. I told her that, and she said that you had called upon her, and finding your aunt, Lady Durrant, there on a visit, remained to supper. While at supper a telegram had arrived summoning you and home as your uncle had been taken dangerously ill, and at once you had resolved to accompany her. But you've hurt your head, sir, haven't you?" she added, noting my hangings.

"Yes," I answered, "I fell down. It's nothing—my own carelessness."

This story was, to say the least, a most ingenious one. Whoever the mysterious woman was, she apparently knew that my uncle, Sir Charles Durrant, lived in the neighborhood of Christchurch; that he was at that moment in a very critical state of health;

suffering from paralysis, and further, that I had considerable expectations from him, and would not hesitate to travel down to see him if I knew him to be worse. One thing, therefore, was quite plain, namely, that my family affairs were perfectly well known to these persons whose movements were so mystifying.

"It was foolish of you, Parker, very foolish indeed, to have given credence to such an absurd tale as that," I said, annoyed. "You are usually a shrewd woman, but you have displayed no discretion in this affair—none whatever."

"I'm very sorry, sir," the woman answered. "But I knew that if Sir Charles were worse you'd go down to the Manor at once. Did you really send nobody, sir?"

"No; nobody at all. There's some underground business in all this, Parker, to keep your wits about you."

"And haven't you seen her ladyship at all, sir?" she inquired, in her turn astounded.

"No, and, moreover, I know nothing of this mysterious woman who came to you with this cock-and-bull story. Did she say where she lived, or give any card?"

"No, she didn't, sir."

"I suppose you'd know her again if you saw her?"

"Well," she answered with considerable hesitancy. "I don't know as I should, sir. You see, she wore one of them white lace veils which makes it difficult to distinguish the features."

"But what object could any one have in coming to you and telling a falsehood in that manner?" I cried, my anger increased by the knowledge of Parker's inability to again recognize the bearer of the false message.

"I don't know, I'm sure, sir," was the woman's reply, in a voice which showed how deeply she regretted the occurrence.

"How long was she here?" I inquired.

"About five minutes. She asked me to let her see your sitting-room and the reading-rooms with the embossed letters, as she was much interested in you, and had heard so much of you from Lady Durrant."

"And you showed them to her?"

"Yes, sir."

"Then you had no right to do so without my permission, Parker," I said angrily. "You are an old and trusted servant, and should have known better."

"I am very sorry, sir. The truth was that she seemed such a well-spoken lady, and her manner was so perfect

self? That she knew my address she had admitted when I had been lying helpless and half-conscious after my accident, and the fact that an hour had elapsed between our parting and my return to my chambers would allow her sufficient time to call upon Mrs. Parker, secure the key, watch my old servant leave, and then re-enter.

As the day wore on I became more and more impressed by the belief that my surmise was the actual truth. Yet the cabman West had declared that she was young and pretty, while Parker expressed herself positive that she was middle-aged. But of the two statements I accepted that of the cabman as the more reliable. He had seen her in the broad daylight without the veil.

The fact of her concealing her features in a species of fine window-curtain proved an attempt at disguise, therefore what more likely than that she should contrive to render her features older, and thus impose upon Parker, whose sight was not over good? In any case, however, if it were really Edna, she had certainly lost no time in carrying out her design, and further, she must have been fully aware of my intended return.

Yet in this curious action I failed to distinguish any motive whatsoever. In the tantalizing darkness that enveloped me I groped about, my ears alert for every sound, but blind, blind, blind!

Days passed, hot blazing days and stilling nights, when the dust of throbbing, ever-vibrating London seemed over my heart. Each morning, with Parker's assistance, I searched the newspapers, but nothing appeared to show that that strange midnight crime had been discovered. Were there two victims, or only one? How strange it was that although I had been present I could not tell. I only knew that the male victim was young and well-dressed, probably a gentleman, and that he had been stabbed by a cowardly blow which had proved almost instantly fatal. That woman's scream that had sounded so shrill and agonized in the dead stillness of the night I remembered plainly as though it were but an hour ago—indeed, I remember it now as distinctly as ever. Was it the cry of Edna herself? It seemed as though it were, yet there also seemed many discrepancies when I came to calmly reason it all out.

In my helplessness I could do nothing but remain silent, and keep my terrible secret to myself. Unable either to communicate with the police or seek the assistance of my friend, I found that any endeavor to seek a solution of the problem was more sowing of the wind. My thoughts hour after hour, as I sat alone in my dingy room, my poor blind eyes a black void, were of the ghastly affair, and in all its phases I considered it, trying to find some motive in the subsequent actions of the unscrupulous persons into whose hands I had had the misfortune to fall.

I heard of Dick through the office of his journal. He was down with fever at some outlandish place on the Afghan frontier, and would certainly not be home for a couple of months or so. A letter from him, written before his attack, was cheerful enough, and full of humor, as of old. He hoped to be back soon, he said, so that he might be able to take "his baby," as he called me, out for walks again. He was not aware that I could walk alone. How I would surprise him!

I smiled grimly, alas! when I recollected how my first walk alone had nearly cost me my life, and had placed upon my conscience the shadow of a terrible crime. Parker noticed my constant pensiveness, and remarked upon it, but I, of course, misled her by saying that my mind was much overburdened with private affairs.

At first I was puzzled how to get rid of my soiled and blood-stained clothes, so that she should not discover them, and at last hit upon the expedient of making them into a bundle and going forth one night when she was over a Kennelton with her daughter Lily, th-

It was, I knew, a message from Edna, and I dressed myself with greater care in expectation that she herself would visit me. In this, however, I was disappointed, for after existing some three hours on tiptoe with anxiety I found my visitor to be a well-spoken, middle-aged man, whose slight accent when introducing himself betrayed that he was an American.

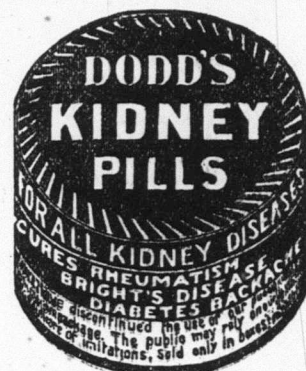
(To be Continued.)

MOTHERS FEEL SAFE WITH BABY'S OWN TABLETS

Mothers who have used Baby's Own Tablets say that they feel safe when they have this medicine in the house, as they are a never-failing cure for the ills of babyhood and childhood. And the mother has the guarantee of a government analyst that this medicine contains no poisonous opiate. It is always safe. Good for the new born babe or well grown child. Mrs. Alfred Suddard, Haldimand, Ont., says:—"I have used Baby's Own Tablets for constipation, vomiting and restlessness, and have found them a splendid medicine. In my experience no other medicine can equal the Tablets for little ones." Sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

It is an Officer of the Law of Health.—When called in to attend a disturbance it searches out the hiding-place of pain, and like a guardian of the peace, lays hands upon it and says, "I arrest you." Resistance is useless, as the law of health imposes a sentence of perpetual banishment on pain, and Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil was originated to enforce that sentence.

The death-rate of the British islands is falling with astonishing rapidity. So recently as 1894 the rate was 19.4 per 1,000. Now it is only a little over 15 per 1,000. A hundred years ago it was about 50 per 1,000.



A. J. PATTISON & COMPANY

Bankers and Brokers

33 SCOTT STREET, TORONTO

Transact a general financial business. Stocks bought and sold for cash or margin on all exchanges.

Orders for Cobalt Stocks executed for cash.

Correspondents—New York, Boston, Philadelphia, Montreal.

CORRESPONDENCE INVITED

ISSUE NO. 13—08.

Convalescents need a large amount of nourishment in easily digested form.

Scott's Emulsion is powerful nourishment—highly concentrated.

It makes bone, blood and muscle without putting any tax on the digestion.

ALL DRUGGISTS; 50c. AND \$1.00.



**Recommend
Dr. Williams' Pink Pills.**
**Remarkable Cure Told by a
Man---The Sufferer Brought
For.**

had ever seen him, for, as I said, he had always been ailing. In sheer desperation he had asked his wife to get him Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. They soon began to help him. His appetite and strength began to improve, and to the astonishment of the family and friends he rapidly regained his health. Now, though the burden of well nigh four score years is upon him, he is able to do a fair day's work, and is in the enjoyment of good health, even the asthma has ceased to trouble him as in former years.

Mr. Olding himself, as well as his neighbors and the writer of this letter, confidently believe that his rescue from the very jaws of death--seemingly so miraculous--is due under the blessing of God to the timely and continuous use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills.

REV. EDWIN SMITH, M.A.

Mr. Olding himself writes:-- "I am glad Rev. Mr. Smith has written you about my wonderful cure, for I confidently believe that if it had not been for Dr. Williams' Pink Pills I would have been dead long ago. It would be impossible to exaggerate the desperate condition I was in when I began to use the Pills. No one thought I could get better. I scarcely dared hope myself that Dr. Williams' Pink Pills would bring me through, but they did and I have ever since enjoyed good health. Though I am seventy-nine years old people are always remarking on how young I look--and I feel young. I can do a fair day's work, and I am better in every way than I had been for years. I cannot say too much in praise of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and I take every opportunity I can to recommend them to friends who are ailing."

THE TERRIBLE TORPEDO

**ABOUT THE UNCANNY MISSILE IN
PEACE AND WAR.**

**It Is the Most Deadly Weapon That The
Mind of Man Has Ever
Conceived.**

Unseen and unheard, the torpedo is a thing of the night. The gun announces its presence with thunder and flame, but the torpedo steals silently from the side of an unseen craft, and only those who released its deadly energy know that the missile is on its way.
Look at it lying upon the deck, the burnished body glittering in the sun. It is hard to believe that an object only sixteen feet long and weighing twelve hundred pounds contains sufficient locked-up force to sink a battleship of many thousand tons displacement, and cause the loss of five million dollars. And yet there is a suggestion of tremendous force about the cigar-shaped body that looks so threateningly solid and strong. Indeed, the torpedo at once attracts and repels the observer, having much the same effect as a beautiful snake.

IT WORKS ITSELF.

Deadly as are its powers, a child could prepare the weapon for its murderous task. Nowadays simplicity is synonymous with implements of war, and man's ingenuity has made it as easy to kill our

THE TRAIN DE LUXE OF CANADA.

The "International Limited," the premier train of Canada, is endorsed by everybody who has ever had the experience of riding on it. It leaves Montreal at 9.00 a.m. every day in the year, arriving at Toronto at 4.30 p.m., Hamilton 5.30 p.m., London 7.48 p.m., Detroit 10.00 p.m., and Chicago 7.42 a.m., following morning. It is a solid vestibule train--modern equipment throughout--with Pullman sleeping cars through to Chicago; also Cafe Parlor and Library car service. Have the experience on your next trip west.

"I suppose old Cashman has more money than he knows what to do with?" "Yes; but his wife and daughters are ready to supply the needed information."

Whenever Ramsay's Paints are applied to any house in town, that house immediately comes into prominence for style and beauty. These paints are sold by your dealer, and his price is just right for good honest paints. Ask to see Color Card. Write A. Ramsay & Son Co., Montreal for pack of Souvenir Picture Post Cards of Homes.

It is a curious truth that a butterfly can be frozen hard, and left so for some hours, yet on being removed to warmth the insect will recover and fly away. More than two dozen species of butterflies are known beyond the Arctic circle.

Prevent Disorder.--At the first symptoms of internal disorder, Parneelee's Vegetable Pills should be resorted to immediately. Two or three of these salutary pellets, taken before going to bed, followed by doses of one or two pills for two or three nights in succession, will serve as a preventive of attacks of dyspepsia and all the discomforts which follow in the train of that fell disorder. The means are simple when the way is known.

A doctor was called in haste to an old lady who was suddenly taken very ill. When he arrived he asked her several questions as to how she felt before he ordered her medicine of any kind. Among other things, he asked her how she felt when seized with her complaint. "I had a terrible shivering," said the lady. "Did your teeth all clatter when the chill came on you?" "I do not know, I'm sure, doctor," she replied; "they were lying on the table at the time, and I did not notice!"

RANSOM'S REFORMATION.

In a little town a few years ago there was a shiftless colored boy named Ransom Blake, who, after being caught in a number of petty delinquencies, was at last sentenced to a short term in the penitentiary, where he was sent to learn a trade. On the day of his return home he met a friendly white acquaintance, who asked:

"Well, what did they put you at in the prison, Rans?"
"They started in to make an honest boy out'n me, sah."
"That's good, Rans, and I hope they succeeded."
"They did, sah."
"And how did they teach you to be honest?"
"They done put me in the shoe shop, sah, nailin' pasteboard onto shoes for soles, sah."

WHAT CAUSES HEADACHE.

From October to May, Colds are the most frequent cause of Headache. LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE removes cause. E. W. Grove on box 250

The honor of being the tallest Englishman seems to have belonged to John Middleton, of Hale. He lived in the time of James I., and was 9 feet 3 inches in height. He was thus five inches taller than the famous Irish giant Murphy.

"FERROVIN" IS A GENTLE STIMULANT to the stomach, thereby aiding digestion. As a tonic for nervous prostration from fatigue and all

SENTENCE SERMONS.

Conduct is simply character vitalized. A good lover is sure to be a first-class hater.

He rejects happiness who refuses all sacrifice. The Father never drove any into the far country. You cannot find a martyr by looking in the mirror.

To sow selfishness is certainly to reap sorrow.

It's hard to believe in the goodness of the grouchy.

The most wasteful thing in this world is selfish economy.

A hot scolding from the minister is the quickest way to cool any meeting.

The soul is simply that which sees the supreme and the sublime.

The church is almost sure to have paralysis following a fit over dogma.

Your use of your leisure often determines the usefulness of your life.

The man who says he is too poor to give will never be rich enough to be other than poor in heart.

He can never be more than half educated who is not educated in heart.

The greater the opportunity the less likeliest it is to have an advance agent.

Infinite love would be a mockery without infinite hatred of things that harm.

There must be something queer about any faith that needs perpetual defending.

A man's confidence in goodness is usually dependent on his own reserves of it.

It's easy to be pious when the children are asleep and the neighbors have left town.

The religion that does not improve human relations has no business with humanity.

HAD BEEN BUSY.

"She--"You here again?"
"Tramp--"Yes, kind lady."
She--"Well, I won't help you again. I don't believe you have done a thing all the year."
"Tramp--"Indeed, I have, mum; I've 'ust done 30 days."

There are those who when they hear Gabriel blowing his horn will want to know what he gets a day for doing that.

Every time we hear a man abused behind his back it reminds us of the fact that we all catch it when we are not present.

**There is Only One
"Bromo Quinine"**
**That Is
Laxative Bromo Quinine**
USED THE WORLD OVER TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY.
Always remember the full name. Look for this signature on every box. 25c. *E. W. Grove*

REASON FOR GRATITUDE.

A Highland Minister Tells of the Scotch Climate.

The people who live in the Scottish Highlands deem their climate the best in the world, although other people find fault with its high winds, cold rains and chilly days. In "Memories," Maj.-Gen. Sir O. T. Burne tells of a minister in one of the Highland churches who wished his people to realize how much they had to be grateful for.

"What causes have we for gratitude?"

**CORRUGATED
IRON**
**Galvanized, Rust Proof
Made from very finest
sheets, absolutely free
from defects.**
Each sheet is pressed, not rolled, corrugations therefore fit accurately without waste. Any desired size or gauge, straight or curved.
LOW PRICES--PROMPT SHIPMENT
**Metallic Roofing Co.,
LIMITED**
Manufacturers
TORONTO & WINNIPEG (47)

OHENILLE CURTAINS
and all kinds of house hangings, also
LAKE CURTAINS DYED & CLEANED
LIKE NEW.
Write to us about yours.
BRITISH AMERICAN DYEING CO., Box 168, Montreal

WANTED
to hear from owner having
A GOOD FARM
for sale. Not particular about location. Please give price and description, and reason for selling. State when possession can be had. Will deal with owners only.
L. Darbyshire, Box 984, Rochester, N. Y.

**THE
PETERBOROUGH
CANOE CO. Ltd.,**
**If you want
a
Canoe,
Skiff or
Launch
for the
Summer
write us.** We build them all, and can supply a Launch complete or hull only, and you can install your own motor. When you buy a Canoe, Skiff or Launch see that it bears the stamp of
**We have
the
largest
Canoe
and Skiff
Factory
in Canada.**
The Peterborough Canoe Co'y.
The earth is 5 1/2 times heavier than a globe of water of the same size would be.

IT WORKS ITSELF.

Deadly as are its powers, a child could prepare the weapon for its murderous task. Nowadays simplicity is synonymous with implements of war, and man's ingenuity has made it as easy to kill our fellow-men as to shell the proverbial peas. So everything about the torpedo works automatically. Unlike other marvels of machinery, it is not even necessary to press the button. The torpedo presses the button for itself. From the moment it enters the sea it is freed from human interference. It sets itself in motion, regulates its own depth below the surface, and even steers itself with a certainty that is almost uncanny.

You can see the steering, as you stand upon the deck, by watching the double line of bubbles which marks its course, bending first this way and then that, but soon steadying into an unswerving line straight to the distant target. There is something diabolical in the dogged determination with which this mass of metal refuses to be diverted from its goal. The little rudders in the tail are always working, keeping the head pointing on its path. One might well imagine that a diminutive man were secreted within those shining walls, so accurately is the missile steered.

Strange as it may seem, this devilish ingenuity for it is nothing else—owes its being to a child's toy. Think of the ingenuity! The most deadly weapon the mind of man has ever conceived owes its practical existence to a "mugger" toy, primarily designed to amuse children. But such is the case, for here again we find the wonderful gyroscope using its well-nigh human intelligence for a sinister purpose.

PRACTICE MAKES PERFECT.

This terrible ingenuity, however, has one great advantage, and that in a peaceful direction. Practice can be carried out effectively, and without danger. For this purpose the "war-head," containing the charge, is replaced by a "dummy" fitted with wood to bring it up to the exact weight. Three boys are usually moored a mile or so away as a target, and the torpedo seems to spring from the vessel like a living thing, eager to reach the centre buoy. Two rows of bubbles streak from the ship in an ever-lengthening line; the centre buoy heaves slightly as they pass, and several hundred yards farther on the bubbles suddenly cease as a silver head protrudes for a moment from the sea. Then, with engines at rest, the shining body heaves gently up and down, consciously waiting, as it seems, for the boat to tow it back to the ship. More than this, lost it should be over-looked in a heavy sea, the torpedo breathes a spiral of smoke and flame into the air to show the seekers its whereabouts.

WITH TERRIBLE POWERS.

Harmless, as we see, in practice; but think of its powers in war! Deadly certainty of action, human intelligence added to superhuman powers working in secret. At any moment a veritable "bolt from the blue" may shatter a great battleship from stem to stern. Imagine the terrible uncertainty of it all: Night following night of anxious waiting; long hours passed peering into the darkness to see if a black craft is lurking in the shadows. Every speck dancing before tired eyes constitutes a menace to the weary brains behind. And then, when fears are lulled since the danger never comes, and vigilance is relaxed, a gentle heaving, the prelude to a deafening roar, and the splitting of steel plates and the rushing of water; a brilliant flare in the darkness; the cries of men on the verge of death. Afterwards silence; while the mantle of night closes round again, and under its welcome screen a tiny craft scams in search of another prey, leaving behind only a few floating spars to mark the last resting place of a mighty battleship and eight hundred human beings. Imagine this, and you will know the tremendous moral force locked up within those burnished walls.—London Answers.

John Middleton, of Hale. He lived in the time of James I., and was 9 feet 3 inches in height. He was thus five inches taller than the famous Irish giant Murphy.

"FERROVIM" IS A GENTLE STIMULANT to the stomach, thereby aiding digestion. As a tonic for patients recovering from fevers and all diseases lowering the vitality, it is without a rival. At all drug and general stores.

By a recent edict, the cultivation of opium in China must cease entirely by the year 1917. The crop is to be reduced by one-tenth each year, and all those still using opium in 1917 will be banished.



ZAM-BUK SAVED THIS MAN'S FINGER!

Mr. William C. Edwards, Peter Street, Toronto (late steward Elks' Club), sustained a severe cut on the middle finger of the left hand. Blood poisoning ensued and the finger caused him excruciating agony. He says: "My hand was so swollen and painful that I had to carry it in a sling for some months. I was under the care of a well-known doctor in Toronto for several weeks. The wound got no better, and one day he said my finger would have to be taken off. The pain from the wound was terrible and was extending right up the arm. I consulted another medical man and was treated by him for some weeks longer. He then suggested that the finger be opened and the bone scraped. At this stage a friend advised me to try some Zam-Buk which I did. I bathed the wound and applied Zam-Buk as directed. Next morning the wound began to bleed. It was a healthy sign so I continued with the treatment, and in a few weeks time I was able to discard the bandage. A little more perseverance and Zam-Buk cured the wound completely."

Zam-Buk Cures cuts, burns, chafes, itch, eczema, running sores, ringworm, piles, bad legs, poisoned wounds and all skin diseases. All druggists and stores, or, postpaid from Zam-Buk Co., Toronto.



PAW'S HELP.

"My five daughters are all married now."

"I suppose you had considerable difficulty in getting so large a number of girls off your hands?"

"No. The difficulty is in keeping so large a number of husbands on their feet."

"Perfectly Trustworthy" is the character of Buckle's Anti-Consumptive Syrup. It can be used with the utmost confidence that it will do what is claimed for it. It is sure in its effects, as the use of it will clearly demonstrate, and can be relied upon to drive a cold out of the system more effectively than any other medicine. Try it and be convinced that it is what it is claimed to be.

An important medical discovery of last year was that Malta fever was found to be due to a specific microbe, propagated by the milk of infected goats. Nearly half the goats in the island were found to be affected.

SEWING-MACHINE NEEDLES.

for all makes of machines at Five Cents per package, and everything else pertaining to sewing machines at greatly reduced prices. Look for the Red 8.

Any lady having used any make of sewing machine for 5 years or more write Singer Sewing Machine Co., Manning Chambers, Toronto, for beautiful set of ten souvenir views of Ontario. Free for asking.

"You say the victim was shot in the head?" queried the coroner. "Yes, sir," replied the witness. "Previous to the shooting, had there been any trouble or threats that would have led the victim to expect the shot?" No, sir; I don't think such a thing ever entered his head before."

Shiloh's Cure Cures Coughs and Colds QUICKLY

Use Shiloh's Cure for the worst cold, the sharpest cough—try it on a guarantee of your money back if it doesn't actually CURE quicker than anything you ever tried. Safe to take, nothing in it to hurt even a baby. 34 years of success commend Shiloh's Cure—25c., 50c., \$1. 34

in the world, although other people find fault with its high winds, cold rains and chilly days. In "Memories" Maj.-Gen. Sir O. T. Burne tells of a minister in one of the Highland churches who wished his people to realize how much they had to be grateful for.

"What causes have we for gratitude? Look at the place of our habitation! How grateful should we be that we do not live in the far north, amid the frost and the snow, the cold and the wet, where there's a long day to half of the year and a long night to the other, and we should go shivering about in skins.

"And how grateful should we be that we do not live in the far south, be-

lieve in this blessed island of ours, called Great Britain, and in that part of it named Scotland, and in that bit of auld Scotland that looks up to Ben Nevis, where there's neither frost nor cold, nor wind, nor wet, nor hail, nor rain, nor terrors, nor lions, nor burning suns, nor hurricanes, nor—!" Here a tremendous blast of wind and rain from Ben Nevis blew in the windows of the kirk, and brought the preacher's eloquence to an abrupt conclusion.

There are too many saints who would rather lead a meeting than follow their Master.

YOUTHFUL DIPLOMAT.

"Now, for that," said the bright boy's mother, "I'm going to spank you."

"Say, ma," he pleaded, "let's compromise this thing. Call it quits and I'll use my influence with pa to buy you that spring suit you wanted."

When all other corn preparations fail, try Holloways Corn Cure. No pain whatever, and no inconvenience in using it.

The crust of the earth is now believed to be about 45 miles thick, and its temperature at the lower edge about 2,700 degrees Fahr.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take LAXATIVE BROMO Quinine Tablets. Druggists refund money if it fails to cure. E. W. GROVE'S signature is on each box. 25c.

"Who gave the bride away?" Her little brother. He stood up right in the middle of the ceremony, and yelled, "Hurrah, Fanny, you've got him at last!"

Do Not Delay—When, through debilitated digestive organs, poison finds its way into the blood, the prime consideration is to get the poison out as rapidly and as thoroughly as possible. Delay may mean disaster. Parmelee's Vegetable Pills will be found a most valuable and effective medicine to assuage the intruder with. They never fail. They go at once to the seat of the trouble and work a permanent cure.

Benevolent Old Gent to fellow-passenger: "How fast we travel! But, ah, young man, have you ever thought of the flight of time? Think of the fleeting hours of youth, the golden days that swiftly pass away! Have you ever counted the minutes?" Batterfly unperturbed and suspicious: "What are you trying to do—sell me a watch?"

BEEES AND RHEUMATISM.

Dr. Ainley Walker of University College, Oxford, has undertaken to solve the question whether, as popular belief in many countries has long asserted, the poison of bees' stings acts as a prophylactic and a cure in cases of rheumatism. As he has recently been able to collect some definite evidence in support of this belief, he invites correspondence from all persons having personal knowledge of the subject. Among other facts which he believes to be established is a connection between rheumatic fever and the production of formic acid (the acid of bee-poison) in the human body.

Black Watch Chewing Tobacco

A new sensation. A real pleasure. The big black plug.

LABOR TROUBLES IN MONTREAL

Six Thousand Cotton Operators Went On Strike on Monday.

A despatch from Montreal says: Labor troubles are accumulating here very rapidly. Some six thousand cotton operatives went on strike on Monday because the Dominion Textile Company and the Montreal Cotton Company have decided to reduce wages by ten per cent. The mills were only running four days a week, being idle on Fridays and Saturdays, but the management feel that in view of the conditions of trade they will have to reduce expenses still further. Cotton operatives claim that an injustice has been done them, and have decided to quit work.

Speaking for the textile workers, Mr. Wilfrid Paquette, their Secretary, said: "We can afford to be out of work till

the autumn without any great suffering. We will never accept the reduction of wages. I fail to understand the action of the employers, because four weeks ago the Montreal Cotton Company declared a dividend of eight per cent., and the Dominion Textile Company of seven per cent. It is not going to make times better for them to cut our pay. We are prepared for a long struggle."

Four hundred and fifty bricklayers went on strike here on Friday morning. They want a uniform wage of fifty cents an hour, while the Builders' Exchange will give fifty cents to first-class and thirty-five cents to second-class men.

The stonemasons contemplate following the bricklayers' example.

EXPLOSION ON A CRUISER

Two Hundred and Forty Killed on a Japanese Warship.

A despatch from Tokio says: About two hundred and forty men and officers lost their lives on Thursday morning as the result of an explosion in the stern magazine of the training cruiser Matsushima. The explosion took place while the cruiser was anchoring at Makung, a harbor on the Pescadore Islands. Immediately after the explosion the vessel sunk until only her bridge was visible. There were about 355 men and fifty cadets and officers aboard the

cruiser at the time of the accident. Of these about 175 were rescued by boats from the cruisers Hashidate and Itsukushima. The majority of the officers, however, and it is believed more than half the cadets, were lost. Among the latter were the sons of Prince Oyama, Field Marshal, and of Baron China, Vice-Minister of Foreign Affairs. Captains Yashiro and Yoshimori are also thought to have been lost. The cause of the explosion is unknown.

THE WORLD'S MARKETS

REPORTS FROM THE LEADING TRADE CENTRES.

Prices of Cattle, Grain, Cheese and Other Dairy Produce at Home and Abroad.

BREADSTUFFS.

Toronto, May 5.—Manitoba Wheat—For the opening, No. 1 northern, \$1.17½; No. 2, 1.13½; No. 3, \$1.08½; feed wheat, 64½c; No. 2 feed, 59c; Georgian Bay ports.

Ontario Wheat—No. 2 white, 92c at point of shipment; No. 2 red, 91½c at point of shipment; No. 2 mixed, 91c; coarse, 89c to 90c.

Corn—No. 2, non earing, worth about 74c to arrive; No. 3 yellow, 72c to 73c, Toronto freight; No. 3 mixed, 7c less.

Flour—Manitoba patents, special brands, \$6 to \$6.10; seconds, \$5.40 to \$5.60; strong bakers', \$5.30; winter wheat patents, \$3.40.

Barley—No. 2, 52c to 55c.

Peas—No. 2, 90c, outside.

Rye—Strong; No. 2, 87c to 88c outside.

Buckwheat—No. 2, 64½c to 65c.

Oats—No. 2 white, 46½c outside; 48c on track Toronto; No. 2 mixed, 44c.

\$21; half barrels, \$10.75; clear fat back, \$22 to \$23; long cut heavy mess, \$20; half barrels do., \$10.50; dry salt long clear backs, 10½c; barrels plate beef, \$13.50 to \$15; half barrels do., \$7.25 to \$7.75; barrels heavy mess beef, \$10 to \$11; half barrels do., \$5.50 to \$6; compound lard, 8½c to 9c; pure lard, 11½c to 11¾c; kettle rendered, 11½c to 12c; hams, 12c to 13½c, according to size; breakfast bacon, 14c to 15c; Windsor bacon, 14½c to 15½c; fresh killed abattoir dressed hogs, \$9.75 to \$10; live, \$C.50 to \$6.75.

Eggs—17c per dozen for single cases and 16c for round lots.

Cheese—Old colored quoted at 12½c to 13c and white at 12½c to 12¾c; new make is quoted at 11½c to 11¾c. Receipts to-day were 938 boxes.

Butter—New-make creamery quoted at 28c to 28½c in round lots and 28½c to 29c to grocers.

UNITED STATES MARKETS.

Buffalo, May 5.—Wheat—Spring, steady; No. 1 Northern, \$1.09½; carloads; Winter, firmer; No. 2 red, \$1.03½. Corn—Strong; No. 2 yellow, 72½c. Oats—Lower; No. 2 white, 56c; No. 2 mixed, 52c. Barley—\$3 to 90c. Rye—No. 1, on track, 88c.

Minneapolis, May 5.—Wheat—Cash, May, \$1.05½; July, \$1.03½ to \$1.04½; September, 90½c; No. 1 hard, \$1.08½ to \$1.09½; No. 1 Northern, \$1.06½ to \$1.07½; No. 2 Northern, \$1.04½ to \$1.05½. Flour—First patents, \$5.35 to \$5.50; second patents, \$5.25 to \$5.40;

Fashion Hints.

FADS AND FANCIES.

The little accessories undoubtedly go far to make a suitable and attractive costume, and of late years there have been no more important details than stockings. For a while muddy were only plain lisle thread; then she gradually began to wear gauzy silken hose, and it was not very long before lace ones appeared. Having gone through all the styles in texture, it was then necessary to change the color of the stockings, and she began to wear stockings to match her dress, with shoes of an entirely different color—which was not particularly attractive. The latest idea is to wear silk stockings to match the costume, with shoes to match the stockings or of the conventional patent leather.

Flowers are more the rage than ever, whether real or artificial, and they are worn in bunches on the blouses or tucked in the buttonhole of the jacket. Of course, now that Dame Fashion has decreed that one may wear silken flowers as well as those created by Mother Nature, it is not particularly expensive to keep on hand a stock of orchids, gardenias, azaleas and poinsettias, and these are the ones that are most popular. When natural flowers can be worn they are, of course, preferable, but the imitations are now so perfect that very little difference can be noticed unless the delicious fragrance is missed. This is sometimes supplied by a good perfume. Strange to say, this spring many women are wearing autumn leaves instead of flowers, which really does seem slightly out of season.

The very latest veils imported from dear Paris are shaped so that they are quite long over the face and become very narrow as they near the sides, so that they are easily tied or pinned, while the long ends are wide. These are made with huge chenille dots and come in every color of the rainbow; sometimes they are edged with little ruchings of real lace. Needless to say, their price is fabulous. A charming novelty in veils is one having a pattern made of narrow baby ribbon or tiny soutache braid. This sounds almost opaque, but perhaps when skillfully arranged it is not difficult to see through.

Narrower skirts are undoubtedly the rage, and Paris sends word that some skirts measure only two yards around. One skirt was arranged so that in front there were two layers to be tied round the ankles. This sounds very ultra; such skimpy garments could be becoming only to graceful and youthful figures.

The newest perfumes are put up in tiny bottles of most artistic shapes and then a real flower is inclosed in the bottle, which indicates the origin of the perfume. They are very attractive and particularly so when the bottle contains a white rose, as the alcohol in the perfume keeps it in perfect condition, while the graceful vial serves to frame it in a very attractive way. These dainty novelties cost large sums of money, but if one knows which perfume has been adopted by a dear friend or if one has the discrimination to select the correct one, there is no doubt that these charming little bottles make very attractive gifts.

The newest color shown in the advanced styles for spring is called mulberry. This seems to be a cross between crushed strawberry and raspberry, and it is just near enough to old rose to be becoming to almost any complexion. The most charming linen suits are made in this color, the white cuffs and yoke softening the tone where it comes near the face. Many of these dresses are trimmed with white cotton or soutache braid in all sorts of intri-

CONDENSED NEWS ITEMS

HAPPENINGS FROM ALL OVER THE GLOBE.

Telegraph Briefs From Our Own and Other Countries of Recent Events.

CANADA.

Customs returns at Toronto for April show a decrease of \$167,030.

Four hotel licenses were cut off by the Board of License Commissioners.

The Scott act was sustained at Fredericton, N. B., after a hard-fought contest.

Two boys named Dyell were drowned at Blue Bonnets, near Montreal, on Friday.

Americans are making heavy purchases of pulpwood along the line of the Temiskaming Railway.

London Water Commissioners propose a scheme to extend the waterworks, at a cost of \$560,000.

Dr. E. A. A. Grange, New York, was appointed Principal of the Ontario Veterinary College, Toronto.

Mr. Patrick Sleep of Merriton was beaten and robbed in his house of all his money, \$9, on Saturday.

The police are looking for the perpetrators of four jewellery robberies that occurred on Thursday at Toronto.

The burial plot where the soldiers who fell at Stoney Creek rest was consecrated by Bishop DuMoulin, on Sunday.

William Hanlon, who is already serving a term at Kingston for forgery, was sentenced at Guelph to an additional twelve years.

A lady's handbag was found at a railway station at Montreal with \$25.000 worth of jewellery in it. The owner turned up also.

Roxy Farrell was fined fifty dollars at Brantford for pointing a revolver at a union moulder during a row at the Buck stove works.

Miss Ethel Skitch was brutally beaten on Friday night by an unknown man in the fruit store of W. B. Wellwood on Yonge street, Toronto.

The C. P. R. steamers will run to Montreal for a time, and may abandon Quebec altogether unless the longshoremen moderate their demands.

The Angus shops of the C. P. R., at Montreal, are closed for a few days for stock-taking. Both the C. P. R. and the Grand Trunk are reducing their clerical staffs.

Mike Aronie, a Russian, being refused admission to a street car at Hamilton because he was drunk, drew a revolver and fired at the conductor, but missed him.

GREAT BRITAIN.

Sir Antony P. Macdonnell, Under Secretary for Ireland, has resigned.

Five men were injured in an explosion on the British battleship Britannia.

It is officially announced that the Dominion and White Star Lines will commence a joint service to Canada next spring.

William Evans, supposed to be from Paris, Ont., was found dead on a barge on the Thames at London, England, on Saturday.

The British torpedo-boat destroyer Gala was cut in two and sunk by the scout Attentive during manoeuvres in the North Sea.

Mr. Asquith's platform, as laid down by himself on Thursday, embraces free trade, home rule, old-age pensions and the education and licensing bill.

Dr. Nansen, Norwegian Ambassador to Great Britain, has resigned.

Scotland Yard detectives arrested a man with a complete outfit for counterfeiting French rentes.

UNITED STATES.

Six Italians were asphyxiated in a New York lodging house.

5.00; strong bakers, \$3.30; winter wheat patents, \$3.40.
Barley—No. 2, 52c to 55c.
Peas—No. 2, 90c, outside.
Rye—Strong; No. 2, 87c to 88c outside.
Buckwheat—No. 2, 64½c to 65c.
Oats—No. 2 white, 46½c outside; 48c on track Toronto; No. 2 mixed, 44c.
Bran—\$25 on track Toronto.
Shorts—Scarce, \$24 f.o.b. mills.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

Wholesale quotations are:
Eggs—New-laid, 16c to 17c.
Butter—The market tends to be weaker on larger offerings.
Creamery prints 29c to 31c
do solids 28c to 29c
Dairy prints 25c to 26c
do large rolls 24c to 25c
do solids 23c to 24c
Inferior 20c to 21c
Potatoes—Ontario, 85c to 90c; Deane-ware, 95c to \$1, in car lots on track here.
Beans—\$1.70 to \$1.75 for primes and \$1.80 to \$1.85 for hand-picked.
Honey—Strained steadily at 11c to 12c per pound for 60-pound pails and 12c to 13c for 5 to 10-pound pails. Combs at \$1.75 to \$2.50 per dozen.
Cheese—14c for large and 14½c for twins, in job lots here; new-make, 13c for large and 13½c for twins.
Maple Syrup—\$1 to \$1.10 per gallon.
Baled Straw—\$8 to \$9 per ton.
Baled Hay—Timothy is quoted at \$15 to \$15.50 in car lots on tracks here.

HOG PRODUCTS.

Bacon—Long clear, 10 to 10½c per pound in case lots; mess pork, \$15 to \$18.50; short cut, \$21 to \$21.50.
Hams—Light to medium, 13 to 13½c; do, heavy, 11½ to 12c; rolls, 9½ to 10c; shoulders, 9½c; backs, 10c; breakfast Bacon, 14c.
Lard—Treeees, 11½c; tubs, 11½c; pails, 12c.

MONTREAL MARKETS.

Montreal May 5.—Local and foreign demand for spring wheat flour is fairly active and a moderate trade is passing. Choice spring wheat patents, \$6.10 to \$6.20; second, \$5.50 to \$5.70; winter wheat patents, \$5.10; straight rollers, \$1.50 to \$1.75; do in bags, \$2.15 to \$2.35; extra, \$1.85 to \$1.90.
Bran—The market for Ontario bran is easier and several cars were offered at \$23.50 per ton, including bags, which shows a decline of \$1 per ton on previous sales. Manitoba bran, \$23; shorts \$25; Ontario bran, \$23.50 to \$24; middlings, \$26 to \$27; shorts, \$24.50 to \$25 per ton, including bags; pure grain meal, \$34 to \$35, and milled grades, \$25 to \$30 per ton.
Provisions—Barrels short cut mess,

Rye—No. 1, on track, 88c.
Minneapolis, May 5.—Wheat—Cash, May, \$1.05½; July, \$1.03½ to \$1.04½; September, 90½c; No. 1 hard, \$1.08½ to \$1.09½; No. 1 Northern, \$1.06½ to \$1.07½; No. 2 Northern, \$1.04½ to \$1.05½. Flour—First patents, \$5.35 to \$5.50; second patents, \$5.25 to \$5.40; first clears, \$4.10 to \$4.25; second clears, \$3.30 to \$3.40. Bran—In bulk, \$21 to \$21.25.
Milwaukee, May 5.—Wheat—No. 1 Northern, \$1.00 to \$1.10; No. 2 Northern, \$1.07½ to \$1.09; July, 87½c asked. Rye—No. 1, 89c. Barley—No. 2, 81c; sample, 64 to 80c. Corn—No. 3, cash, 66 to 67½c; May, 67½c.
New York, May 5.—Wheat—Spot, steady; No. 2 red, \$1.06, elevator; No. 2 red, \$1.08 f.o.b. afloat; No. 1 northern, Duluth, \$1.15½, f.o.b. afloat; No. 2 hard winter, \$1.12½ f.o.b. afloat.

LIVE STOCK MARKET.

Toronto, May 5.—Choice cattle were perhaps a little firmer, as there were so few offered. No exceptionally fine cattle were on the market, only a few selling at over \$5.50. Some heavy export bulls brought \$1.25 to \$1.60. There is a better demand for good butcher cattle for the local trade than for export, and some of these sold at higher prices than were paid for exporters. Cows and bulls were unchanged from last week, cows ranging from \$2.50 to \$4.00; and bulls from \$3 to \$4.60.
A number of stockers and feeders which were bound for the east stopped off here, but were not for sale. The few loads that were offered sold at \$3 to \$4.50.

Consignments of calves were reduced and prices were a little firmer. The offerings of sheep and lambs were also comparatively light, which kept prices steady. Spring lambs are becoming a little more plentiful, and are slightly easier.

The hog market is steady, but rather weak, as there was a large run of hogs. The average price for hogs was \$6.40, fed and watered, Toronto, and \$6.15 for heavies.

ATTACKED BY DERVISHES.

The Governor of Blue Nile Province Wounded.

A despatch from Cairo, Egypt, says: A British subject, Scott Moncrieff, Deputy Inspector of the Blue Nile province, and a native official have been assassinated at the instance of a local sheik, who proclaimed himself prophet at Mesalamieh, about one hundred and fifty miles from Khartoum. A small punitive force, led by the Governor of the province, was attacked by a murderous band of dervishes. During the fighting the Governor was wounded, and two native officers were killed.

A HIRED MAN'S REVENGE

Burned Farm House With a Woman and Three Children.

A despatch from Laporte, Indiana, says: The removal of four charred bodies, the blackened forms of three children huddled about that of the mother, as if for protection, the arrest of Ray Lampher, formerly employed by Mrs. Belle Gunnes, the victim, and the collapse of Lampher at the jail on Tuesday night, have caused excitement at Laporte that may at any moment break forth into violence.

Mrs. Gunnes lived at her farm near here with her three children. At three o'clock on Tuesday morning Joseph Maxwell, an employee on the place, was awakened by smoke. He made every effort to rescue the family, but

failed. Late in the afternoon the bodies of Mrs. Gunnes and her three children, Myrtle, aged 11; Lucy, aged 9, and Phillip, aged 5, were removed from the smouldering ruins.

There was a rumor that the home had been fired because of malice, and as the day advanced the police took up the story and began an investigation, which resulted in the arrest of Lampher on Tuesday evening. Lampher had been employed on the Gunnes farm and was infatuated with Mrs. Gunnes, who was a beautiful woman. She declared that the man annoyed her, and filed proceedings to have him declared insane, but a jury found him sane.

crushed strawberry and raspberry, and it is just near enough to old rose to be becoming to almost any complexion. The most charming linen suits are made in this color, the white cuffs and yoke softening the tone where it comes near the face. Many of these dresses are trimmed with white cotton or soutache braid in all sorts of intricate designs.

The new mirage silk also comes in this color and makes a most fascinating material for house dresses and dancing frocks for young girls.

In making up a black spangled robe over a ruffle of plaited chiffon it is a clever idea to connect the two by sewing to the ruffle at regular intervals big disks of black velvet.

These may be cut out, leaving the edges raw, for they will not fray, and they relieve the dead whiteness of the ruffle in contrast with the black above and make a connecting link between the two materials.

The handsomest and most expensive of the stiff collars have Irish lace insertion used in a sort of conventional design. While these collars may be very beautiful, they are less satisfactory than are the hand embroidered collars, for the lace will not hold the starch and constant washing soon tears the fragile material.

ITALIAN WOMAN KILLED.

Murdered by a Serbian Miner Near Lethbridge.

A despatch from Lethbridge, Alberta, says: M. Zagaly, a Serbian coal miner, employed as an engineer on screenings at Galt's mine, brutally murdered Mrs. Bracedi, an Italian woman, on the road between here and the mines on Friday. He had been boarding with her and her husband, and had given her money to keep for him. When he met her on Friday he asked for it and she refused to give it to him. This so incensed Zagaly that he shot her and then cut her throat. The murdered woman's nine-year-old son was with her at the time, but escaped. The murderer then turned his revolver on himself, shooting himself three times. Nine small children are left motherless.

C. N. R. MEN ACCEPT.

Reduction of Wages in Mechanical Departments.

A despatch from Winnipeg says: The agreement between the C. N. R. and its shopmen has been signed as a result of the conference between the officials and the men. The unions took a very fair and reasonable view of the situation, and in view of the company's decline in business agreed to accept a reduction in wages averaging about two cents per hour. Some classes of labor are not affected at all by the reduction, and the status of the unions will not be interfered with. Officials are greatly pleased with the spirit shown by the men, and it is believed the result will have an important bearing on the C. P. R. negotiations.

TO STRENGTHEN CHINA'S NAVY.

Large Number of Battleships to be Purchased.

A despatch from Shanghai says: The Board of War has framed a scheme which will greatly strengthen China's navy. It proposes the formation of three new squadrons, each to consist of one battleship, two first-class, four or five second-class and five or six third-class cruisers, several gunboats, destroyers, torpedo boats, one or two submarines, and transports. It is intended to build and maintain the navy with revenue from the coast provinces.

The Toronto Council struck the rate of taxation at 18½ mills.

Martin Price was sentenced at Guelph to fifteen years in penitentiary for burglary.

Southland Yard detectives arrested a man with a complete outfit for counterfeiting French rentes.

UNITED STATES.

Six Italians were asphyxiated in a New York lodging house.

Six lives were lost in a fire in a tenement house in Brooklyn, on Sunday morning.

Rudolph M. Hunter, an American scientist, claims to have discovered a way of transmuting the baser metals into gold.

Two Yale students have been suspended for shooting needles into a horse which was being driven past their boarding house.

A New York State school teacher has been awarded \$32,500 damages for the loss of a leg in a wreck on the New York Central.

Governor Johnson of Minnesota urged Detroit wholesale men to work to obliterate the boundary between Canada and the United States.

GENEAL AL.

Honduras is concentrating her troops on the Guatemalan frontier.

Two hundred persons were killed by a hurricane at Hankow, China.

Persia is organizing a force of ten thousand troops to punish the Kurds in Armenia.

The Mayor of Fort de France, Martinique, was killed in the Town Hall during election riots.

The Mahomed tribe in northern India have sent a delegation to the British to negotiate terms of peace.

It is reported in Teheran that the Kurds have massacred two thousand persons in Persian Armenia.

Japan is seeking the support of Great Britain in her representation to China to have the boycott on Japanese goods ended.

The wedding of Prince William of Sweden to the Grand Duchess Marie Pavlovna of Russia took place on Sunday at Tsarskoe-Selo.

President Roosevelt's programme for the construction of four new battleships was voted down in the Senate at Washington.

A force of Afghans of from 13,000 to 20,000, which crossed the Indian border to support the Mahomeds, has been repulsed with small loss on the part of the British.

BLOWING OUT FURACES.

Steel Plant at the Soo to Shut Down Entirely.

A despatch from Sault Ste. Marie, Ont., says: The Algoma Steel Company on Saturday followed the recent shutdown of the rail mill by blowing out blast furnace No. 1. No. 2 will blow out this week. This will leave every branch of the steel industry here idle, thus shutting 1,500 men out of employment. The company in a statement says that owing to financial troubles the Canadian railroads refuse to place orders for rails. No promises are made as to when the plant will resume, although it is said the company hopes to resume in June. This is the first shutdown since the resumption after the collapse of Clergue's old Consolidated Lake Superior Company. The plant is the second largest in Canada.

PETITION SEVEN MILES LONG.

650,000 Signatures on Protest Against Licensing Bill.

A despatch from London says: A mammoth London petition against the Licensing Bill, seven miles long and three-quarters of a ton in weight, with 650,000 signatures, will be presented on Monday to the House of Commons. The Wesleyan temperance petition, with 500,000 signatures, will not reach the House before the second reading of the bill. The Protestant Alliance petition, with 700,000 signatures, asking for a Commission of Enquiry into the condition of conventual and monastic institutions, will be presented next week.

TWENTY PERISH IN HOTEL FIRE.

Many Guests Die in Their Rooms From Suffocation.

A despatch from Fort Wayne, Indiana, says: A fire that is believed to have originated in the elevator shaft of the Hotel Aveline at an early hour on Sunday morning, resulted in the loss of twenty lives. More than a dozen persons were injured, some of them seriously. The fire was started at 3.30, in the elevator shaft, and bell boys were sent to warn the guests. Five minutes later, the entire shaft, from the main floor to the sixth, was in flames, and when the excited guests, clad in night clothes, reached the elevator, escape by that means was impossible, and the corridors of all the floors were filled with blinding smoke. The guests were forced back to their rooms, as it was impossible to make their way through the suffocating smoke to the stairways. In an instant every floor was in a state of intense excitement, men, women and children dodging into the corridors and back into their rooms screaming and calling for help. The fire alarm called the entire department out, and it was but a few minutes before ladders were run up at all available places, and many of the guests were taken down in safety. Many, however, could not be reached, and stood with agonizing cries in the windows and on the ledges around the hotel, appealing for help.

There were about 74 guests registered in the hotel, as near as can be learned. Thirteen bodies have been recovered, and twelve are missing. It is barely possible that other lives were lost, as this number, with the injured now in the hospitals, and those known to have escaped, does not make up the full number supposed to have been in the hotel.

Guests that opened their doors at the first alarm were driven back by the flames and smoke. It is believed many died from suffocation.

CAPTURED AT EMERSON.

Three Armed Men Suspected of Being Bandits.

A despatch from Emerson, Manitoba, says: Chief of Police Joseph Wilson and a number of citizens at noon on Thursday captured three armed men, believed to be part of the bandit gang which looted the bank at St. Stephen, Dakota. The arrest was very spectacular, as the Chief and his men, with drawn revolvers, forced the suspects to throw up their hands. The Chief was assisted by Will Kelly, Bert Kelly and David Wright. Two of the robbers entered the house of Wm. Robertson, farmer, on the edge of the town, at 11 o'clock, and asked for food. They carried a pump gun loaded with buckshot. They threw up their hands when ordered by the Chief, and showed no disposition to fight. They gave their names as Joseph Stagger and Homer Kater, but refused to talk. They had \$60 in American gold, a quantity of dynamite and many shells. The third man was captured in the railway yards. They say they are land-seekers, but the story is not believed, as they were followed to the border by the United States authorities.

G. T. PACIFIC BUILDING.

Winnipeg to the Rockies to be Opened Next Fall.

A despatch from Ottawa says: Mr. Collingwood Schreiber, Government consulting engineer for the National Transcontinental Railway, stated on Thursday that the Grand Trunk Pacific from Winnipeg to Prince Rupert was now all under contract, with the exception of about 500 miles on the Mountain section. The whole prairie section from Winnipeg to the Rockies, including about 100 miles west of Edmonton, would be open for business next fall. Rails are now laid from within 30 miles of Winnipeg to Battle River, and from Battle River west to Edmonton.

YOUNG FOLKS

A LITTLE INDIAN BOY.

Juan was a little Pueblo boy. Far away, on the great plains of New Mexico and Arizona, live some Indians, who are very different from those of whom we read in schoolbooks or stories of the West. They have never roamed the plains and forests, like those others, but have always lived quiet, peaceable lives in queer little old villages, which were standing on the same spot when the Spaniards came to the Southwest, hundreds of years ago. The Spanish word for "village" is "pueblo," and so these Indians have come to be called the Pueblos, or village Indians. There are about ten thousand of them in all.

Juan lived with his mother and father and his little sister, Rosita, in a house at the end of the pueblo. In the centre of the pueblo was a large square, called a plaza, and one long, narrow building ran clear around all four sides of the plaza, except for little places here and there to get in and out of the pueblo. The long block was partitioned off into little flats of two rooms each, and in each flat lived one family. On top of the first story was another row of houses, and in some parts of the pueblo there was still a third story. The people who lived in the upper houses went up and down by ladders outside.

The houses were made out of adobe clay, which was just the dirt from the plain round about, mixed with water, shaped into bricks and dried in the sun. Juan's mother used to sprinkle the floor every day to keep it damp, because if it got too dry it turned into dust. There was a nice little three-cornered fireplace in the front room at Juan's house, and here they used to burn little pinon logs.

The pinon is almost the only tree that grows on the dry hills of New Mexico. It is a low, spreading, evergreen tree, full of resin, which makes the wood burn with a very clear, beautiful light. Juan used to go out on the hills and gather the dry bits of pinon and bring them home for the fireplace. In the long winter evenings the only light in the house would be from the dancing flames. A bit of wall was built out on one side of the fireplace, so that it cut off all cold draughts from the door, and made a warm cosy corner by the fire. A soft old bearskin lay in front, and on this would sit a circle of men and women, boys and girls, chatting and laughing, and telling stories. They were a very gay, lighthearted happy people, and the old people told innumerable stories of the old days, when the animals talked and acted like human beings, and when there were witches and demons and goblins of all kinds about. Juan always remembered those stories told in front of the fire in the winter evenings.

But the greatest excitement in the pueblo would come when there was to be a dance. The Indians were busy getting ready for it for days beforehand. It was not like a white man's dance, merely for social pleasure. Indian dances are all a part of their old religion, practised ages before the white man came, and the Indian uses them something as a white man does prayer. If it is very dry and they need rain for their crops, they will have a rain dance, which is a prayer for rain. When they plant the corn, they hold the corn dance, which is a prayer for a good crop. In January they always had a buffalo dance in Juan's pueblo. This used to be a prayer for good luck when they started on their annual buffalo hunt. There are no buffaloes now, but they still dance the old dance.

There are many peculiar figures in the buffalo dance of which no white man understands the exact meaning. Two little boys take a prominent part in it, and one year Juan was highly excited when he was chosen for one

BLIND MAN HEADS LAW CLASS

Two Brothers Graduated First and Second at McGill and Won Scholarships.

A despatch from Montreal says: An interesting story of brotherly love and courageous work under the affliction of total blindness was unveiled at McGill University on Thursday, when two brothers, Thomas S. and William Stewart, graduated in law, coming respectively first and second in their class, and winning two out of three scholarships. Thomas S. Stewart is totally blind, through the carelessness of an oculist. Nine years ago he injured one of his eyes with a knife, and specialists declared that to save the sight of the other the bad eye must be removed. Mr. Stewart underwent the operation, but by some extraordinary piece of carelessness the operator took out the good eye, with the result that when the patient came out of the ether he was completely blind. Undismayed

by this, he undertook to pursue his studies in law at McGill, and ever since then his brother has devoted himself to him, making his studies with him and accompanying him to college sports and through all the phases of university life—practically making himself a seeing medium for his blind brother. As a result of this unusual devotion the blind Stewart came out at the head of his class, while his brother came second, and each won the Sir William Macdonald scholarship, which entitles them to a year's residence in Paris to perfect themselves in the French language and study law at the Montpelier Law School. Dean Walton paid a warm eulogium to the two brothers in conferring the degree, and the two were heartily cheered by the audience as they came forward.

WILD DUCK DYING BY SCORES.

Small Insect Found in Head Feathers of the Dead Birds.

A despatch from Sandusky, Ohio., says: Again, as for several seasons past, wild duck are dying by the hundreds daily in the marshy regions bordering on Lake Erie, between Huron, ten miles east of this city, and the mouth of the Maumee River, near Toledo. Bluebills, canvas backs, and occasionally a red head are attacked alike. In the head feathers of the dead duck is found a small insect not unlike a flea, but whether this is responsible for the wholesale destruction that is going on has not been determined.

THE TIDE OF EMIGRATION.

Effort Will be Made to Turn It to Australia and Other Colonies.

A despatch from London says: The Chamberwell Distress Committee has asked the Central Unemployed Body whether, in view of the serious obstacles placed in the way of emigration by the Canadian Government, suitable men and their families could not be sent to Australia and the other colonies.

The Glasgow committee has decided to discontinue emigration in consequence of the belief that while the type of men required by Canada would be beneficial to the Dominion, it would be a disadvantage to Glasgow to lose them.

MINE EXPLODED ON WARSHIP.

Two Sailors of a German Vessel Killed, Six Injured.

A despatch from Kiel says: Two seamen of the German battleship Albatros were killed and six others were wounded on Wednesday as the result of the explosion of a mine. A launch had been out from the battleship to experiment in the blowing-up of obstructions in the water. During the manoeuvres one of the mines on board exploded prematurely, with the above result.

GREAT SHIPYARD LOCKOUT.

Every Shipbuilding Yard in Britain to Close To-day.

A despatch from London says: The negotiations for a settlement of the shipbuilding dispute have failed again, and the lockout went into effect on Saturday at all the yards of the United Kingdom.

HEALTH

SICK-HEADACHE.

The sufferer from sick-headaches—migraine and megrim and other names by which the pain is just as bad—has no need for a description of the symptoms of his malady. The racking pain in the head, the nausea, the sensitiveness to noise and to light are all too real to call for mention.

The disease is one in the class of what are called "functional" nervous diseases, that is, those in which there are no "lesions" or visible structural changes in the body by which the symptoms can be explained. The term is really an expression of ignorance, for there must be some abnormality somewhere in the body at the bottom of all diseases that is not imaginary. That there is some real trouble of the nervous system in sufferers from sick-headache is shown by the fact that the disease is often, if not always, hereditary. The trouble may not have existed in the same form in one or more of the parents or grand-parents—that is, there may be no history of headaches of the same character; but in most cases it will be recalled that there was some nervous defect of greater or lesser degree, perhaps a twitching of the face or an arm, or an oddity of speech or manner; or it may be an actual nervous disease such as epilepsy.

The defect in the nervous equilibrium exists as the foundation of the trouble, but this in itself would not cause the attacks of migraine. These are excited by some other abnormality—it may be in the nose or in the ear or in the digestive tract, or, and most commonly, in the eyes. The irritation of these little physical defects reacts upon the nervous system, imperceptibly at first, but in a cumulative way, until finally the irritation becomes so great that there is an explosion, and an attack of sick-headache follows. This, like the discharge from a Leyden jar, removes the tension and restores the equilibrium for a while. Then the irritability is gradually increased until another explosion occurs—and so on.

The treatment consists in removal of the underlying physical defect. The longer the condition lasts the more difficult it becomes to cure, but if taken in youth, before a habit, as it were, has become established, the result of

he from Winnipeg to Prince Rupert was now all under contract, with the exception of about 500 miles on the Mountain section. The whole prairie section from Winnipeg to the Rockies, including about 100 miles west of Edmonton, would be open for business next fall. Rails are now laid from within 30 miles of Winnipeg to Battle River, and from Battle River west to Edmonton much of the grading is now done. The delay until fall in opening the through line from Edmonton to Winnipeg is due, says Mr. Schreiber, to the construction of the immense bridge over the Battle River. The bridge is over one mile long and 180 feet high. No difficulty is being experienced by the contractors in getting labor this year, and the whole situation, so far as the contractors are concerned, has considerably improved since last year.

FELL TWO THOUSAND FEET.

An Aeronaut's Drop. Clinging to Disabled Parachute.

A despatch from Fort Worth, Texas, says: Plunging from a height of 2,000 feet, clinging to a disabled parachute which whipped him about in the air like a top, S. A. McCormick, an aeronaut of Omaha, was dashed to the earth here on Wednesday, but miraculously escaped death. He was picked up unconscious and was seriously injured, but will recover. McCormick had made an ascension before a crowd at White City, and as he cut loose from his balloon a long rip was made in the parachute. He came down almost as fast as if he had no parachute, which at times jerked him clear over the iron ring and ropes. Once he turned a complete revolution, and the spectators expected every moment to see him wrenched from his grip, but he hung on.

NUDE DOUKHOBORS KEPT IN CARS.

Yorkton Aghast at Arrival of the Vagrant Pilgrims.

A despatch from Yorkton, Sask., says: Seventy-one Doukhobors arrived here by special train on Wednesday. Nineteen of them were recently released from Fort William jail, and were shipped here by the Ontario Government in charge of an official of that Government. These people are all destitute and have no homes to go to and a number of them are perfectly nude. There are a few Doukhobors in this vicinity, but they will have nothing to do with the vagrants. The Town Council and Board of Trade have taken the matter up with the Government officials at Regina, and the Doukhobors are being kept in the coaches pending instructions from there. The Mounted Police are guarding the coaches.

BOY SHOTS LITTLE SISTER.

Was Playing With Gun When Weapon Was Discharged.

A despatch from Sackville, N. B., says: News has come here of a tragedy at Upper Rockport on Wednesday afternoon whereby the three-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Tower had the top of her head blown off through the discharge of a gun in the hands of her six-year-old brother. It is understood that in the absence of the parents the boy took the gun from its place and in some way discharged it.

ANOTHER SLIDE OF RIVER BANK.

Further Damage at Quebec Village is Feared.

A despatch from Notre Dame de la Sabelle, Que., says: Another landslide occurred here on Thursday night, when about 20 feet of the west bank slid into the river. It is feared that if the rain does not cease the whole of the western bank within a distance of 100 feet will slide into the river. No more bodies have been reclaimed, and it is now feared that they will not be.

used to a prayer for good luck when they started on their annual buffalo hunt. There are no buffaloes now, but they still dance the old dance.

There are many peculiar figures in the buffalo dance of which no white man understands the exact meaning. Two little boys take a prominent part in it, and one year Juan was highly excited when he was chosen for one of them.

Long before he had learned the Indian dance steps, his father taking him into a quiet corner behind the houses and teaching him with great care. For the first time now he was taken with the men into the secret rooms where they practiced for the dances. And on the great day, when the long lines of dancing men swept down into the plaza, who so proud as Juan?

Indians had come from all the pueblos in that part of the State, and there were crowds of Mexicans besides. The plaza was full of people, and the roofs, first, second and third, were all packed. The sun shone brighter than it ever shines in the East, and the air was full of the beating of the tomtoms, or Indian drums, and of the strange, shrill yelping of the dancers. Every man yelped each time he danced a step, and this yelping sounded more like coyotes barking than anything else. The dancers separated into two lines, leaving a wide space between. In this space were two very tall men, the largest Indians in the pueblo, who were dressed to represent buffaloes, and two little boys, who were supposed to be antelope. One of these boys was our friend Juan. His body was painted black, and he had a long fringe of feathers around his waist, and a feather head-dress on his head. Stuck on behind was a cunning little antelope tail.

The dancing kept up at intervals, all day and almost all night. Juan played his part well, and though he was so tired when the end came that he could hardly walk, he was very happy to hear his father tell his mother that Juan was going to be one of the best dancers in the pueblo. Long afterward when he had become an educated man, Juan always thought of the first time he danced in the buffalo dance as the happiest day of his life.

INDOMITABLE SWIFTEST VESSEL.

New Turbine Cruiser Made Twenty-eight Knots.

A despatch from Glasgow says: It is unofficially reported that the new cruiser Indomitable, which is now undergoing her speed trials, has beaten all records, making 28 knots over a measured mile on the Clyde, and 26½ knots in the continuous steaming trial. The Indomitable is fitted with turbines, and her contract speed is only 25 knots. She is of 17,250 tons displacement, and 530 feet in length. She was launched on March 16 last.

\$73,000 STOLEN FROM TRAIN.

Wells-Fargo Express Car Robbed Near Torreon, Mexico.

A despatch from City of Mexico says: Advice from Torreon say that when the northbound passenger train on the Mexican Railroad reached that place on Friday it was found that a Wells-Fargo express package containing \$73,000 was missing from the express car. There is no clue to the robbery and so far as known no arrest has been made.

VAULT WALL TUNNELED.

Unsuccessful Attempt to Rob Bank of Commerce in Winnipeg Suburb.

A despatch from Winnipeg says: A daring but unsuccessful attempt was made last Sunday night to rob the branch of the Canadian Bank of Commerce at Weston, a suburb of Winnipeg. The fact developed on Wednesday, when a hole six inches square was tunneled through the outer wall of the vault, but the burglars did not succeed in securing entrance or getting away with any booty.

Every Shipbuilding Yard in Britain to Close To-day.

A despatch from London says: The negotiations for a settlement of the shipbuilding dispute have failed again, and the lockout went into effect on Saturday at all the yards of the United Kingdom.

BURIED UNDER MASS OF BRICK.

Two Men Met Death in Mine in British Columbia.

A despatch from Vancouver says: News has reached here of a fatal cave-in at the mine near Phoenix. Christopher Martin, aged forty-five, and Kingsley Smith, a young Englishman, were working on the 300-foot level on Sunday afternoon, when an enormous mass of rock was dislodged, completely burying them.

IMPORTS FALLING OFF.

Dominion Customs Returns for the Month Show Decrease.

A despatch from Ottawa says: The customs revenue of the Dominion for the month of April was \$3,449,947, a decrease of \$1,018,446, as compared with April of last year, due to the continued decrease in imports, consequent upon the caution now being exercised by wholesale merchants and others in the matter of purchases abroad during the period of depression.

CHEESE IN THE CURING ROOM

"A source of trouble to our industry," said Mr. N. J. Kuneman, cheese factory inspector, in speaking at the Manitoba Dairymen's Convention recently, "is the curing rooms." Many are poorly constructed, the temperature cannot be controlled in them. Let a cheese be ever so well made, if it goes into a poor room it will, perhaps, be spoiled there, because when a cheese is placed in the curing room it is only half made, the other half must be done there. On the curing depends the quality and the quantity. This affects it to the extent of about one and a half pounds on an 8½ pound cheese in about one month. If people only realized this fact they would not hesitate to construct good curing rooms. If a reputation is to be built up the product must be improved.

the tension and restores the equilibrium for a while. Then the irritability is gradually increased until another explosion occurs—and so on.

The treatment consists in removal of the underlying physical defect. The longer the condition lasts the more difficult it becomes to cure, but if taken in youth, before a habit, as it were, has become established, the result of treatment is often most happy.

Asigmatism or some other visual defect is often the root of the trouble and the eyes should receive the first attention. If glasses afford no relief, then the nose, the ears and the other organs should be examined in turn.

Older sufferers can be greatly relieved also, even if it is too late for a perfect cure.—Youth's Companion.

HOME CURES.

Spring Tonic.—Halve your food, double your drinking water, treble your consumption of pure air, and quadruple your laughter.

Relief for Hiccough.—A pinch of salt taken on the tongue and swallowed will stop the worst case of hiccoughs. This has been tried with success after all other methods had failed.

Relief for Catarrh.—Use douche with one quart of lukewarm salt water daily for cleanliness. Then apply pure vaseline mixed with a few drops of oil of pine needles three times or more a day.

Cure for Hiccoughs.—A cure for hiccoughs is a lemon cut open and filled with salt and then sucked.

For Inflammatory Rheumatism.—Use one pint tannin/ oil, one pint spirits of turpentine, one ounce of oil of spike, put in a stone jug and shake together; then add one ounce of vitrol one drop at a time and shake between every drop. Rub the inflamed parts at least half an hour. Bandage warmly with flannel.

Cure for Nosebleed.—If tobacco smoke is blown up a child's nose it will cure nosebleed. Have some man who smokes a clay pipe fill his mouth with smoke and blow gently up the nose.

Liniment for Lameness.—Use one ounce of spirits of turpentine, one-half ounce oil of origanum, one ounce oil of spike, one ounce of British oil, one ounce of tincture of myrrh, two ounces tincture of camphor. Have known this liniment to cure chronic cases of lameness, caused by rheumatism and sprains.

THE CHILD WAS SACRIFICED

Uncle Killed Her Because He Had a Command From Heaven to Do So.

A despatch from Easton, Penn., says: A coroner's jury at Nazareth, near here, late on Wednesday returned a verdict charging Robert Bachman with the murder of Irene May Smith, his seven-year-old niece, who, it is alleged, was offered as a sacrifice by her parents and uncle. Members of a fanatic religious sect. The mother, who had been arrested in connection with the child's death, was released from custody. The father remains in jail.

Bachman insists that the child was possessed of the devil and that he killed her by command from heaven. He maintains that he did no wrong and that God will protect him. He cries out from his cell that he is to be crucified, and pleads with the jailer to hurry the execution that he may appear before the throne of God. Who sent him to earth to perform a great mission for the salvation of mankind. Smith is in a pitiable condition both mentally and physically. On Wednesday he was seized with several fits and rolled from

his cot to the floor, where he tossed about, shouting and praying. He appears to know little or nothing of the killing of his daughter, and when the subject is broached to him he insists that nothing wrong has happened and that his brother-in-law was directed by the holy spirit.

Mrs. Smith, on the other hand, is rational and realizes the awful gravity of the situation. She is heart-broken and wails piteously over the tragic fate of her child. She declares the religion she and her husband adopted is a myth, and that they were not acting by direction of God. She never had much faith in the teachings of the sect, but joined them in order to keep peace in the family. Her husband, she says, was good and kind to her, but when she objected to the new religion he would become furious. When she went to Nazareth last Saturday to attend the meeting that ended in the murder of her daughter she says she had no idea of the intentions of the party to kill her child.

We Trust Doctors

If you are suffering from impure blood, thin blood, debility, nervousness, exhaustion, you should begin at once with Ayer's Sarsaparilla, the Sarsaparilla you have known all your life. Your doctor knows it, too. Ask him about it.

Unless there is daily action of the bowels, poisonous products are absorbed, causing headache, biliousness, nausea, dyspepsia, and thus preventing the Sarsaparilla from doing its best work. Ayer's Pills are liver pills. Act gently, all vegetable.

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The Napanee Express

E. J. POLLARD.

EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY.

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TO OUR SUBSCRIBERS.

CHANGE OF CLUB RATES.

On and after 1st December, 1905, the following will be the Club Rates:

THE NAPANEE EXPRESS and the Weekly Globe.....	\$1.50
THE NAPANEE EXPRESS and the Family Herald and Weekly Star.....	\$1.65
THE NAPANEE EXPRESS and the Semi-Weekly Whig.....	\$1.65
THE NAPANEE EXPRESS and the Weekly Witness.....	\$1.50
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Scientific American

attention and money. He was not so much in favor of cutting down expenditure as making it in the right direction. He also thought that the time would come when the government would give consideration to the building of the Georgian Bay canal but in the meantime transportation facilities were being improved by the building of the National Transcontinental Railway.

Mr. MacKenzie, who is chairman of the Agricultural Committee of the House paid a high tribute to the work accomplished by the Minister of Agriculture. Speaking of some of the results of government policy in the interests of the farmer, Mr. MacKenzie said: "In ten years under the Liberal Government, from 1897 to 1906, butter exports amounted to \$46,599,782. The total exports of bacon and hams from 1897 up to 1906, were \$115,000,000.

Agricultural Investments.

Mr. MacKenzie gave some very interesting statistics showing the magnitude of the agricultural industry of Canada. There is invested in agriculture in Canada today \$2,200,000,000. The value of farm products exported and consumed at home last year was \$450,000,000.

Comparing agriculture with manufacturing, in 1906 there was \$600,000,000 invested in manufacturing, a sum far below that invested in agriculture.

Cold Storage.

Speaking of cold storage, Mr. MacKenzie said: "There were in all thirty-one shippers who shipped by cold storage 3,874 barrels of apples, as well as 94 packages of smaller fruit. The fact has been alluded to that a quantity of fruit was sent across the equator to South Africa in cold storage and landed in good condition. We have also the fact that 12,017 packages of California fruit came through Canada, sent through to Canadian cold storage in preference to their own, and this is a tribute to the character of the accommodation which is being furnished by the ships in the Canadian route.

Alluding to the Fruit Marks Act, Mr. MacKenzie thought it had been of benefit to the trade. He spoke of the number of prosecutions this year which afforded evidence of its necessity and that it was being enforced. He favored inspection of fruit at the point of shipment, and for this purpose additional inspectors should be appointed.

Speaking of immigration affairs Mr. MacKenzie paid a high tribute to the Germans in his constituency. He said, no matter from what country they come, if they are of German extraction, and belong to the German race, they are very desirable settlers. He has some in his country a better class of farmers, and no better class of citizens.

Tory Scandals.

Upon the subject of the various scandals with which the Conservatives have been busy, Mr. MacKenzie dissected them until there was nothing left but the skeleton.

Mr. MacKenzie concluded a very comprehensive and instructive speech by expressing in eloquent terms his belief in the future of Canada. He favored bringing in good settlers to the west, in the contention that building up the west meant prosperity for the east. When western Canada has ordinary success and fairly good crops the manufacturing industries of the east will be taxed to their utmost capacity.

Taxes Reduced.

Mr. Laggie alluded to the splendid financial condition of the government, and that the net public debt had been reduced \$3,375,117, and \$19,000,000 of a surplus provided besides. He demonstrated that the average customs duty

900 DROPS

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Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of

INFANTS - CHILDREN

Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. **NOT NARCOTIC.**

Recipe of Old Dr. SAMUEL PITCHER

Pumpkin Seed -
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Warm Seed -
Clarified Sugar -
Mastic Gum -

A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.

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Dr. H. Fletcher
NEW YORK.

At 6 months old
35 DROPS - 35 CENTS

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The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of

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CASTORIA

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The Modesty of Women

Naturally makes them shrink from the delicate questions, the obnoxious examinations, and unpleasant local treatments, which some physicians consider essential in the treatment of diseases of women. Yet, if help can be had, it is better to submit to this ordeal than let the disease grow and spread. The trouble is that so often the woman undergoes all the annoyance and shame for nothing. Thousands of women who have been cured by Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription write in appreciation of the cure which dispenses with the examinations and local treatments. There is no other medicine so sure and safe for delicate women as "Favorite Prescription." It cures debilitating drains, irregularity and female weakness. It always helps. It almost always cures. It is strictly non-alcoholic, non-secret, all its ingredients being printed on its bottle-wrapper; contains no deleterious or habit-forming drugs, and every native medicinal root entering into its composition has the full endorsement of those most eminent in the several schools of medical practice. Some of these numerous and strongest of professional endorsements of its ingredients, will be found in a pamphlet wrapped around the bottle, also in a booklet mailed free on request, by Dr. R. V. Pierce, of Buffalo, N. Y. These professional endorsements should have far more weight than any amount of the ordinary lay, or non-professional testimonials.

The most intelligent women now-a-days insist on knowing what they take as medicine instead of opening their mouths like a lot of young birds and gulping down whatever is offered them. "Favorite Prescription" is of known composition. It makes weak women strong and sick women well.

Dr. Pierce's Medical Adviser is sent free on receipt of stamps to pay expense of

supported by Mr. Laverne and Mr. Verville.

Mr. Oliver's Vigorous Reply.

Mr. Oliver replied vigorously, defending the policy of the department, which he characterized as an aggressive immigration effort on the one hand, and exclusion of undesirable on the other. He combatted the allegation that there had been no supervision, on the contrary there had been the greatest vigilance in enforcing the exclusion act at all the ports in Canada.

Mr. Oliver said that immigration differs at every point of the compass. It was necessary to adopt a restrictive policy on the Pacific coast. Different measures were suggested in regard to that restricted policy, but it was thought well in the interests of the country, in the interests of the empire, that a conciliatory rather than an aggressive policy should be adopted in connection with the immigration from one country at any rate. In pursuance of that idea an amicable arrangement was arrived at with that another country, and it is hoped that a similar arrangement can be arrived at with another country that is in a somewhat similar position, with regard to immigration.

Referring to the latest publication issued by the department of the interior Mr. Oliver said it had in large type on the front page the following:

Important.

"Farmers, farm laborers, railway construction men, and female domestic servants are the only people the Canadian Immigration Department advises

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Will restore gray hair to its natural color. Stops falling hair, causes to grow on bald heads. Cures dandruff, itching, scalp diseases. By its use thin hair grows luxuriantly. Contains no oily or greasy ingredients. Is entirely unlike any other hair preparation ever offered for sale.

A good, reliable Canadian preparation.

Unsolicited Testimonials.
Edith A. Burke, Missionary H. M. Church, Akhimim, Egypt, and friends, greatly pleased with results after two years' using.

L. A. Hopes, Wilner, Montana. My hair and whiskers restored to natural color, dark brown, by using Canadian Hair Restorer.

M. Orum, Burgessville, Ont. Canadian Hair Restorer is the best I have ever used.

John G. Hall, New Aberdeen, Cape Breton. Canadian Hair Restorer has worked wonders. My head is nearly all covered with thick growth black hair, original color.

Sold by all wholesale and retail druggists. Mailed to any address in the civilized world on receipt of price, 50c. Manufactured by **THE MERWIN CO., Windsor, Ont., Canada.**

Sold in Nanpew by F. L. Hooper, T. B. Wallace, T. A. Huffman and J. P. Lawson, Druggists.

POLITICAL NEWS

The debate on the budget was quite unexpectedly resumed last week, and the result was excellent speeches from Mr. Loggie, Mr. Peter MacKenzie, and others. Mr. Miller also made an instructive speech.

Mr. Monk made an onslaught upon the Immigration policy of the Minister of the Interior, but Hon. Mr. Oliver retorted with a very effective reply in which he demonstrated the lack of statesmanship on the part of his critics.

Mr. Sinclair of Guysboro, made a valuable contribution to the debate, during which he expressed the opinion that however desirable rural mail delivery might be, it was too expensive a luxury at this time, as it would cost from \$20,000,000 to \$30,000,000 per annum, far too much for the people to pay at present.

Rural Mail Delivery.

Mr. MacKenzie expressed the opinion that however desirable, rural mail delivery would cost too much, and he doubted whether his constituents would support him in asking for such an expenditure at a time when the government had so many other matters of pressing importance requiring attention.



The effect of malaria lasts a long time.

You catch cold easily or become run-down because of the after effects of malaria.

Strengthen yourself with **Scott's Emulsion.**

It builds new blood and tones up your nervous system.

ALL DRUGGISTS: 50c. AND \$1.00.

Mr. Loggie alluded to the splendid financial condition of the government, and that the net public debt had been reduced \$3,375,117, and \$19,000,000 of a surplus provided besides. He demonstrated that the average customs duty on all imports from 1887 to 1896 the last ten years of the Conservative regime, was 19.64 per cent, and that from 1897 to 1906 the average rate of duty in all imports was 16.88 per cent. The decrease in ten years being 2.76 per cent. During the past ten years the total customs on imports amounted to \$1,932,262,271, which sum applied to the 2.76 shows a reduction in taxation in that period of \$52,330,438, which represents the amount saved to the people under the Liberal policy.

Industrial Growth.

Referring to the industrial life of the country, Mr. Loggie produced figures which prove that since 1900 there had been nearly \$49,000,000 more paid in salaries and over \$225,000,000 in productions during the same period. The output of Canadian industry had increased 50 per cent. from 1901 to 1906.

Mr. Loggie made a close analysis of Mr. Foster's financial figures, and dwelt on the fact, that when Mr. Foster was finance minister he had borrowed during the last five years he was in office the sum of \$5,000,000 to meet ordinary expenditure. They had no money in the treasury, the revenue was unequal to the expenditures, and the Conservative government had recourse to borrowing.

Prosperity Figures.

As an evidence of the prosperity enjoyed by the people, Mr. Loggie quoted the amounts deposited in the chartered banks in 1896 and in 1907, showing enormous increase.

1906 deposits in banks.. \$245,029,114
1907 deposits in banks.. \$679,724,118
or an increase of 117 per cent. during the past ten years.

Mr. Loggie advocated increased and improved transportation facilities throughout the Dominion, and closed a very interesting address by a glowing tribute to the many excellent and statesmanlike qualities of the Prime Minister.

Mr. Sinclair's Strong Plea.

Mr. Sinclair of Guysboro congratulated the country upon the splendid showing made by the finance minister. It was, said he, a story of increasing trade, increasing prosperity, increasing deposits in the savings banks, improved transportation facilities, a sur-

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, ss.
LUCAS COUNTY.

Frank J. Cheney, takes oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of Hall's Catarrh Cure.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1896.
(SEAL) A. W. GLEASON.

HALL'S CATARRH CURE is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials free.

F. J. CHENEY, & CO. Toledo, O.
Sold by all Druggists, 75c.
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

a lot of young birds and gulping down whatever is offered them. "Favorite Prescription" is of KNOWN COMPOSITION. It makes weak women strong and sick women well.

Dr. Pierce's Medical Adviser is sent free on receipt of stamps to pay expense of mailing out. Send to Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y., 31 one-cent stamps for paper-covered, or 50 stamps for cloth-bound. If sick consult the Doctor, free of charge by letter. All such communications are held sacredly confidential.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets invigorate and regulate stomach, liver and bowels.

plus on the Intercolonial railway, a surplus in the post office and a surplus in the general revenue of the country, the largest in the history of Canada.

Speaking of rural mail delivery Mr. Sinclair said: "he did not think the people of Canada were ready for it yet. They have too many other things to do of greater importance." Referring to his own province of Nova Scotia, Mr. Sinclair said there are 96 post offices in the province. "Now in this 20th century I think there should be no people in this country receiving a mail only once a week. There are a good many who receive only two mails a week, and a good many who receive only three mails a week." Mr. Sinclair advocated a better mail service for the country people. His idea was to spend the whole of the surplus of the post office in improving the mail service. That would be doing the greater good to the greatest number. Mr. Sinclair said he hoped the postmaster-general would take the subject into consideration, and instead of piling up a surplus he would provide a larger number of daily mails throughout the country.

Got Postmaster-General's Ear.

At this point in Mr. Sinclair's speech the postmaster-general said "that he was open to conviction."

Poor Man's Champion.

Mr. Sinclair continued by defending the building of wharfs in Nova Scotia for the poor fishermen. He said these works should be encouraged and the fishermen should be given all possible assistance.

He showed how Mr. Foster, when Minister of Finance had spent large sums in Nova Scotia during election years, and other years the expenditure had dropped to a mere nothing, and yet Mr. Foster was the man who lectured public men of Canada upon the iniquity of buying the people. Mr. Sinclair referred to the expenditures made in Nova Scotia by the Conservative government in constituencies which returned Conservatives, but in places like Guysboro, which returned Liberals, nothing was spent for fourteen years. Upon one occasion he was told by a Conservative minister of public works that to get any money spent in the constituency, they must return a Conservative.

Mr. Sinclair presented the claims of his Province for consideration at the hands of the government in very convincing terms, and concluded his remarks by expressing the opinion that Nova Scotia would not return a single Conservative if the elections were to come on now. The present government he said, was good enough for Nova Scotia.

Assisted Immigration.

Mr. Monk addressed the House at great length on the subject of bonuses for immigrants, taking the position that it was unnecessary. He also contended that a very undesirable class of people were coming to Canada under the system in force in the interior department. In his content on he was

the front page the following:

Important.

"Farmers, farm laborers, railway construction men, and female domestic servants are the only people the Canadian Immigration Department advises to immigrate to Canada. All others should get definite assurance of employment in Canada before leaving home and have money enough to support them for a time in case of disappointment."

This is the attitude of the government and demonstrates they are aware of their responsibilities. It is a definite expression of immigration policy, which cannot be misunderstood, while at the same time it is a policy of aggressive immigration with proper safeguards.

Mr. Oliver quoted extensively from speeches made by members of the Opposition in the past, who one and all favored immigration in an unrestricted manner, and he pointed out the inconsistency of the Conservative attitude to-day.

Government's Immigration Policy.

Mr. Oliver concluded by saying that the immigration policy of this government is a policy of going forward. The policy of Conservatives was a policy of going backward. The minister said he had confidence in the intelligence of the Canadian people and their ability to understand the situation. He denied absolutely the accusation that the policy of the government is one of indiscriminate immigration. It is, said he, a policy of discriminating immigration, a policy that only looks to getting the best, and excluding those that are not the best, so far as that is possible. On that line, said he, the government are working and in the results achieved, they deserved to be judged.

Tribute to German Canadians.

Mr. H. H. Miller supported the policy of the government, and expressed the opinion that with hundreds of thousands of fertile acres in the west, uncultivated, unproductive, Canada required a large number of immigrants. These would add to the wealth of Canada. He traced the early history of German settlement in Ontario, and paid a high tribute to the desirability of German-Canadians as settlers. He said they were thrifty, industrious and sober, good farmers, and made excellent citizens. Mr. Miller referred to a number of prosperous manufacturing centres in Ontario, which owed their prominence and prosperity to German, who, from small beginnings had succeeded in establishing large manufac-

9 YEARS BAD LEG.

HEALED BY ZAM-BUK.

Mr. C. Johnson, of Poplar Hill Creek, Athabasca Landing, Alta., says: About nine years ago a running sore commenced on my right leg caused by a ruptured blood vessel. As time went on it got worse and my sufferings were intense. I had a very sore leg indeed, and had very small hopes of ever seeing it healed, in fact I was told by several who had known such sores that I would suffer with it for life. When I was almost in despair I heard of Zam-Buk and commenced using it. Other salves I had used caused me much suffering, but Zam-Buk soothed the pain, and although it appeared for some time to be doing no good yet I persevered and as soon as the wound became clean, it was only a matter of three or four days before it was healed."

Zam-Buk cures cuts, burns, pimples, ulcers, ringworm, itch, piles, running sores, blood poison, and all skin diseases. All stores and druggists, 50c box, or from Zam-Buk Co., Toronto.

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Pritchard*

Heart Strength

Heart Strength, or Heart Weakness, means Nerve Strength, or Nerve Weakness—nothing more. Positively, not one weak heart in a hundred is, in itself, really diseased. It is almost always a hidden tiny little nerve that really is all at fault. This obscure nerve—the Cardiac, or Heart Nerve—simply needs, and must have, more power, more stability, more compelling, more governing strength. Without that the heart must continue to fail, and the stomach and kidneys also have these same controlling nerves.

This clearly explains why, as a medicine, Dr. Shoop's Restorative has in the past done so much for weak and failing hearts. Dr. Shoop first sought the cause of all this painful, palpitating, suffocating heart distress. Dr. Shoop's Restorative—this popular prescription—is alone directed to these weak and wasting nerve centers. It builds; it strengthens; it offers real, genuine heart help. If you would have stronger hearts, strong digestion, strengthen these nerves—re-establish them as needed, with

Dr. Shoop's Restorative

"ALL DEALERS"

turing enterprises, employing much labor and capital. Mr. Miller's address was upon entirely new lines and conveyed much information to the House that was entirely new.

Dredging Contracts.

Mr. Bennet introduced the subject of dredging contracts, and the result was that Mr. Pugsley, Minister of Public Works, was afforded the opportunity of showing the House that the policy he had put in operation made it impossible for the contractors to get a dollar more than they were entitled to. Any inspector who certified to a return had to do so much under oath, and a false return meant instant dismissal. It developed during the discussion that contracts were let at a much lower figure than formerly, and that every dollar of money expended secured an adequate return.

Obstruction the Rule.

The policy of the Opposition seems to be to continue obstruction, although the public interest may suffer. This, however, is a matter of no consequence, so that political capital may be made. The government business is constantly delayed, and the cost to the people owing to Conservative tactics is much greater than all the alleged rake off and graft, about which so much is heard and so little proved. After the holidays it is to be hoped that Conservatives will realize to a greater extent than they appear to do, that they owe a duty to the public other than that of continued obstruction.

Weak women get prompt and lasting help by using Dr. Shoop's Night Care. These soothing, healing, antiseptic suppositories, with full information how to proceed are interestingly told in my book "No 4 for Women." The book is entirely free. Confidential medical advice is entirely free. Study with Dr. Shoop, Remedy for my book No 4. Sold by—ALL DEALERS

THE MAGIC PAINTING

When the Room Was Darkened
the Cow Went to Sleep.

IT WAS A VERY SIMPLE TRICK

How the Transformation Was Effected
and How Some Other Seemingly
Wonderful Effects May Be Produced
by the Aid of Chemicals.

The Chinese Emperor Tai Tsung possessed among other treasures a picture known as a magic painting. It was

the size of a pea in a test tube with a little olive oil. Place the tube in a water bath until the oil becomes heated and the phosphorus liquid. Shake well and pour into a bottle with a glass stopper. Admit air just previous to using it, and the fluid will become luminous tracery in the dark.

Water can be rendered luminous in a very simple manner. Dissolve a small piece of phosphorus in ether for several days in a glass stoppered bottle. In this place a lump of sugar, then drop the sugar in water, which will at once become luminous.

Luminous paints can be made any color—green, yellow, violet or blue—and if applied to various objects make a wonderful display at night.

A CASTELLANE PIRATE.

Took Sultan's Library and Demanded Ransom For Its Return.

In 1611 Jean Philip de Castellane was commander of the French man-of-war Notre Dame de la Garde. Henry IV. sent him to Morocco to demand of the sultan the release of certain French prisoners. De Castellane carried his negotiations to a successful conclusion, and the sultan as a peace offering sent to the French commander twenty Arabian horses for the king. "Just as the Notre Dame was about to weigh anchor the pretender to the Moroccan throne gained a decisive victory, and the sultan decided to flee for his life. He engaged passage for himself and harem on a Dutch merchantman, and to De Castellane he intrusted his library, one of the most extensive collections of Arabic manuscripts and books in existence. The great Muley Ahmed was the founder of the library.

"Arriving at the place of rendezvous, Commander de Castellane sent word to the sultan that he could have his library for 3,000 ducats, the price of transportation.

"The sultan protested that he had made no such agreement and that besides he did not have the money to pay the demand, whereupon De Castellane sailed away.

"He had not gone very far when a great storm overtook the Notre Dame and drove her, a wreck, upon the African coast at Casablanca, then occupied by the king of Spain, who was at war with Morocco. The Spaniards seized the library and shipped it to Spain, where it was placed in a wing of the Escorial. What remains of the library can be seen today in an alcove labeled the Arabian collection."

COVERED WITH ECZEMA.

The good sisters of St. Joseph's Infant Home say of Dr. Agnew's Ointment—"We give it, our highest recommendation. We use it freely and find it a great cure."

St. Joseph's Infant Home, South Troy, N.Y.: "If you sell Dr. Agnew's Ointment in pound boxes we wish you would send us your lowest price for it by buying in large quantities. Many children are brought to our home covered with Eczema, and of all the treatments and ointments we have used we find Dr. Agnew's Ointment the most satisfactory—it has made some great cures for us. We give it our highest recommendation." 35c cents. (17)

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DUELING STORIES.

Girardin's Satisfaction and a Winning Choice of Weapons.

M. de Girardin, the father of the statesman and author, Emile de Girardin, on one occasion entered a place where several men were firing at a target. A gentleman present, whom M. de Girardin did not know, hit the bullseye at every shot. Several by-

Vapo-Cresolene

Established 1879

Whooping Cough, Croup, Bronchitis
Cough, Grip, Asthma, Diphtheria

Cresolene is a boon to Asthmatics

Does it not seem more effective to breathe in a remedy to cure disease of the breathing organs than to take the remedy into the stomach?

It cures because the air rendered strongly antiseptic is carried over the diseased surface with every breath, giving prolonged and constant treatment. It is invaluable to mothers with small children.

Those of a consumptive tendency find immediate relief from coughs or inflamed conditions of the throat.

Sold by druggists.
Send postal for booklet.
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sion of 1,500 ducats a year, to be increased on the execution of further services.

The presidents Guolando Duoda and Pietro Guinari placed this matter before the council on Jan. 4, 1544, and on a division it was resolved to accept this patriotic offer and to experiment first on the Emperor Maximilian. John, who had evidently reduced poisoning to a fine art, submitted afterward a regular graduated tariff to the council. The highest fee was for poisoning the sultan, 500 ducats; for the king of Spain, 150 ducats, including the expenses of the journey; for the Duke of Milan, 60 ducats; for the Marquis of Mantua, 50 ducats; for the pope, 180 ducats.—Health.

New Light on the Zones.

A class of boys averaging about twelve years of age had been examined in geography, which had been preceded the day before by grammar. Among the questions in the geography paper was the following:

"Name the zones."

One promising youth of eleven years wrote this answer:

"There are two zones, masculine and feminine. The masculine is either temperate or intemperate; the feminine is either torrid or frigid."

Then He Subsided.

"I never saw such a woman in all my life," said Bass. "You are never satisfied with anything."

"People who know the man I took for a husband," replied Mrs. B., "think, on the contrary, that I am easily satisfied."—Liverpool Mercury.

Trouble Ahead.

Book Agent—Madam, I was requested to call on you to show you this great work, "How to Cook Properly." Madam—Who sent you here? Book Agent—Your husband.

In Another Voice.

As the pastor of the Zion's Hill church looked down at his parishioners, to whom he had been giving thirty-five minutes of sound doctrine, his face took on a less benignant expression.

"Bredren an' sisters," he said, "I want to warn you against one ting, an' dat is t'inkin' eb'ery man dat don't hab jes' de same views you got is a no-'count religionist."

"I don't want to hear so much talk about 'wolves in sheep's clothing' as I bene hearin'." You don't want to settle it in yo' minds dat a man's a wolf in sheep's clothin' jes' because he don't bi'at exactly like you do."



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Compels everyone when suffering with toothache, etc., etc., to consult a good honest competent Optician or Oculist. Oculist's charges you we do not and promise to tell you if necessary to go to a specialist.

Most Expert Testing Free.

Satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded everytime, bear in mind.

R. CHINNECK, Jeweller

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Office—Warner Block, Opposite Post Office

T. B. GERMAN,

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DR. C. H. WARTMAN
DENTIST.

It will be impossible for me to continue this out of town visits, but if our friends at Yarker and Tamworth will do me the favor of coming to my office in Napanea, I will do my best to please them. All work guaranteed first class.

GET THE BEST



GRAND PRIZE
Highest Award

Wonderful Effects May Be Produced by the Aid of Chemicals.

The Chinese Emperor Tai Tsung possessed among other treasures a picture known as a magic painting. It represented a pastoral scene with a cow standing in a field and mountains beyond. When the picture was shown to strangers or guests and they admired it, the emperor would say:

"Yes, this is a remarkable painting. The cow, as you see, is standing, but if the room was darkened the cow would think it night and would lie down."

Then the emperor would order the room to be darkened, and the cow would be seen to be lying down, apparently asleep.

The picture was a water color, over which was painted in colorless phosphorescent paint a similar picture representing the cow lying down. In the light the standing animal was seen, but at night or in a darkened room only the phosphorescent picture was visible. So the magic picture was, after all, a very simple trick.

A Dresden chemist named Schade discovered a method of imitating it which can be accomplished as follows:

First paint in ordinary colors the picture of the cow standing. Then melt some Zanzibar copal over a charcoal fire and dissolve fifteen parts of it in sixty parts of French oil of turpentine. Filter this and mix with twenty-five parts of pure linseed oil which has been previously heated and cooled.

Now take forty parts of the varnish so obtained and mix with six parts of prepared calcium carbonate, twelve parts of prepared white zinc sulphide and thirty-six parts of luminous calcium sulphide, all of which can be obtained from any chemist.

This emulsion should be ground very fine in a color mill. The result will be white luminous paint, which should be used to paint the cow lying down.

Many seemingly wonderful tricks can be performed with the use of a few simple chemicals. One of them is the ball of fire. Take for this barium sulphate (CP) one part, magnesium carbonate (CP) one part, gum tragacanth q. s. This should be mixed and rolled into marbles and kept at a red heat for about an hour, then allowed to cool slowly and placed in a glass stoppered bottle. A few hours before using place in the sun, and the marbles at once become luminous.

At the entertainment ordinary marbles are passed among the audience, one or more of the luminous marbles being concealed in the hand. The exhibitor then takes a marble from some one in the audience, holds it between his thumb and forefinger, blows upon it and asks to have the lights turned down. As this is done he substitutes the luminous marble, and the mysterious light is seen. This is handed around and changes again as the light is turned on, when the magician presents to the audience several of the ordinary marbles as souvenirs.

Another trick is very effective. Take two similar bunches of artificial flowers. Brush one over with glue or mucilage and powder it with the dust from one of the marbles described. Then place in the sun. When taken into a darkened room, luminous flowers are seen. The magician exhibits the flowers that have not been prepared and shows that there is nothing peculiar about them. Then as the light is turned down he substitutes the concealed bunch, blows upon the flowers and, presto, displays to the astonished observers a luminous bunch, each flower of which stands out as if at white heat.

Luminous letters can be written and exhibited in the dark to the wonder of the audience. Luminous ink is made by placing a piece of phosphorus about

din, on one occasion entered a place where several men were firing at a target. A gentleman present, whom M. de Girardin did not know, hit the bullseye at every shot. Several bystanders expressed themselves in very great admiration of the gentleman's precision.

"Yes," said De Girardin, "he shoots remarkably well, but it's quite a different thing to hit a man in a duel from hitting a piece of pasteboard."

The marksman overheard the remark and was offended.

"I think you are mistaken, sir," he said to De Girardin. "I assure you that if I had you before me I shouldn't miss you."

"You can have me when you like," said De Girardin.

"Let it be immediately, then," said the other.

An attempt was made to patch the matter up, but neither man would agree to an amicable settlement. The seconds were chosen, and the men went to a locality favorable for the duel. It was decided that they should fire separately, and it was left to a decision by lot which fired first.

The lot fell to the mysterious marksman. He fired at M. de Girardin and missed him. De Girardin stood still, making no sign as if to fire at his antagonist.

"Come, why don't you shoot?" asked his seconds.

"Why should I shoot?" asked De Girardin. "There is no reason why I should kill this gentleman. I maintained that even a crack shot could easily miss his man at twenty-five paces. This gentleman maintained the contrary. He must now be convinced that he is wrong. I owe him no ill will for having discovered that."

A better method of meeting a dueling challenge was no doubt one which was employed on a certain occasion by a French statesman against M. Victor Noir, an illiterate bully of the press in the time of the second empire. The statesman received from Noir, for no real reason whatever, a challenge to fight a duel.

Noir was a densely ignorant man, and nearly every word in the challenge was misspelt. The statesman responded with the following letter:

Dear Sir—You have called me out without any good reason. I have therefore the choice of weapons. I choose the spelling book, and you are a dead man.

The duel was never fought.—London Tit-Bits.

POISONING AS A FINE ART.

Scale of Prices Submitted to the Venetian Council of Ten.

Venetian poisoners first came into notoriety in the fifteenth century. At that period the mania for poisoning had risen to such a height that the governments of the states were formally recognizing secret assassination by poison and considering the removal of emperors, princes and powerful nobles by this method.

The notorious council of ten met to consider such plans, and an account and record of their proceedings still exists, giving the number of those who voted for and who voted against the proposed removal, the reasons for the assassination and the sum to be paid for its execution.

Thus these conspirators quietly arranged to take the lives of many prominent individuals, and when the deed was executed it was registered on the margin of their official record by the significant word "factum."

On Dec. 15, 1543, John of Raguba offered the council a selection of poisons and declared himself ready to remove any person whom they deemed objectionable out of the way. He calmly stated his terms, which for the first successful case were to be a pen-

bene hearin'. You don't want to settle it in yo' minds dat a man's a wolf in sheep's clothin' jes' because he don't b'at exactly like you do."

Gout the Foe of Consumption.

Sir Dyce Duckworth in his address to the faculty of medicine said that many persons were constitutionally predisposed to rheumatism and gout, but an important characteristic in such cases was the antagonism of the tissues to the bacilli of tuberculosis. The more rheumatic or gouty a person was the less pronounced was his tendency to consumption.—London Post.

Relic of the Past.

"So, woman, you treasure another man's photograph?"

"Don't be foolish, Henry. This is a portrait of yourself when you had hair."

Powerful Explosives.

"What are the most powerful explosives known?" queried the young man.

"Two prima donnas in one opera company," replied the ex-theatrical manager.

Hope is the bread of the unhappy.—German Proverb.

Not a Miracle But Medical Science

Dr. T. A. Slocum, Limited, Toronto, Ont.

Gentlemen:—

"Some time ago I began to lose flesh and failed every day until I had to quit work. My physicians and all my friends said I had contracted consumption. I failed from 165 pounds down to 119. I was advised to go to the Rockies or to the coast. I went to both places under heavy expense. I continued to fail, and was advised by the doctors to come home as nothing more could be done for me. Hope seemed to have left me.

"I tried *Psychine* and since starting its use I have gained from 119 to 141 pounds. I have used \$10.00 worth of the medicine. I am a well man and I cannot say too much in praise of *Psychine*. The strongest recommendation would be weak in view of the fact that I believe it has saved my life. It is without doubt the best remedy for run-down conditions and weak lungs.

"I sincerely hope and trust that you will continue your good work of saving run down people and consumptive from the grave. Wishing you and *Psychine* continued success, I remain, one of *Psychine*'s best friends."

ALEX. McRAE, Sault Ste. Marie, Ont.

Almost every mail brings us letters like the above. *Psychine* will repeat this record in every case. It is the greatest medicine known. At all druggists, 50c and \$1.00, 6r Dr. T. A. Slocum, Limited, Toronto.

POSITIVELY FREE!

Trial Package Postpaid, "Hennequin's Infant Tablets."

Any Address. Send Post Card. Write your Address plainly.

Hennequin's Infant Tablets

Save Babies' Lives. For Babies and Small Children. (Made in France.)

Dr. Hennequin's Infant Tablets saved our little girl's life. Three doctors said she could not live. The Tablets cured her.—Miss F. R. McBRIDE, Napanee, Ont.

My baby was so weak from sickness that he could hardly walk. We thought he would die. We could find nothing to help him. I was given a sample package of three Hennequin Tablets; we used them; I saw a change at once. We secured the Tablets and our baby proved every day, and is now a bright, fat, good natured boy; you could not believe he was the same child. They certainly cured my baby and saved his life. I believe them to be the best medicine ever sold for babies. Mothers if your babies are not well take my advice and try the Tablets.—Mrs. JAMES RIDDELL, Barrydale, Ont.


We have hundreds of such letters. If the Tablets were not what you need we would not offer to give them away and prove them. If your baby is not well send for trial package.

Hennequin Tablets have the letter "H" stamped upon them—this is your guarantee. All dealers, 25c per package, or 5 for \$1.00 sent postpaid to any address.

DOUGLAS & CO., Wholesale Agents, Napanee, Ont., Can

Mfrs. of DOUGLAS' EGYPTIAN LINIMENT, Coleman's Paste, A. A. A., etc., etc.

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G. & C. MERRIAM CO.,
Publishers, Springfield, Mass.

Shiraz, Xeres and Sherry.

Sir Henry Drummond Wolff's knowledge of Spain and of Persia is shown in the following paragraph taken from his "Rambling Recollections":

"In Persia no wine is manufactured for sale except at Shiraz. When Persia was invaded by the Arabs they took back with them to Morocco the grapes of the district. In Spain they wished to naturalize the new fruit, and this they did at a place called Xeres, intended for Shiraz, there being no sound equivalent to 'sh' in Spanish. There they cultivated the grape and made wine, which now returns to Europe as 'sherry,' that word being a paraphrase of Shiraz. Shiraz wine is very similar in taste to sherry."

Juvenile Logic.

Marie is a very bright kindergarten pupil. She came home to her parents the other day and told them that the kindergarten teacher had said she will grow up to be a very nice looking young lady if she is a good girl, but will grow up to be a very ugly woman if she is a naughty girl. "Is that true mamma?" asked Marie, and she was informed that if the teacher said so it was true. Marie then sat still for a while, pondering seriously. "But mamma," she suddenly burst forth again, "why was the kindergarten teacher so naughty when she was a little girl?"



EAT ORANGES

IF YOU WANT TO KEEP WELL

Careful tests have proved beyond question that orange juice has clearly defined medicinal virtues. Those who suffer with indigestion—are compelled "to diet"—and that after eating oranges regularly for breakfast there is no distress, no palpitation.

Where there was a tendency towards constipation, the eating of oranges regulated the bowels.

In skin troubles, those who began the morning meal with an orange were noticeably improved.

There is, however, a quicker way to get better results. This is to take one or two "Fruit-a-tives" tablets at bedtime in addition to the juice of an orange before breakfast the next morning. "Fruit-a-tives" are the juices of oranges, apples, figs and prunes, in which the medicinal action is many times intensified by the special way of combining them. Valuable tonics are then added.

Take the juice of an orange before breakfast—take "Fruit-a-tives" at night—and you will quickly be rid of indigestion, stomach troubles, constipation and biliousness. "Fruit-a-tives" are sold by all dealers at 50c a box—6 for \$2.50. Sent on receipt of price by "Fruit-a-tives," Limited, Ottawa.

WORKED HIS WAY.

The Job an Energetic Student Took to Cross the Atlantic.

Jack had paid his way always. Out of the poverty of his childhood he had fought his way through the university. After graduation he felt he must see Europe, and with the little accumulation he had he "crossed the pond," trusting to good luck to get home again. But, his trip of sightseeing over, he found himself in Liverpool without money and with no means of getting any.

He thought he would just go down to the steamship, go on board and see how it would seem if only he were going home.

As he wandered over the big liner his attention was attracted by a crying baby. The mother was traveling alone, and while she was attempting to see to all the thousand and one details incident to the beginning of an ocean trip the baby had resented the neglect he felt he had received and was crying. The mother was at her wits' end.

Jack's kind heart prompted him to say: "Let me take the baby, madam. Perhaps I can keep him quiet until your preparations are made."

This request, so unusual from a stranger and especially from a man stranger, naturally filled her with surprise, but she looked Jack squarely in the eye for a second and trusted him. "I wish you would," she said.

Jack's care was extremely satisfactory to his babyship, and when, in a half-hour, the mother was ready to reclaim her child she found a happy baby cooling and trying to devour a bunch of keys at one gulp.

She laughed as she took the youngster and thanked Jack. Then she added, quite in fun, "I wish you were going clear across."

Jack saw his opportunity. He said: "Madam, I'm a college student, out of funds and longing for home. If you will pay my passage to America I will take care of your baby all the way across."

His proposition was accepted, and he kept his word. He is a prominent lawyer now, and he looks back with considerable amusement to his experience in getting home from Europe.

The Art of Saint Gaudens.

His angels and caryatids are not classical goddesses, but modern women, lovely, but with a personal and particular loveliness, not insisted upon, but delicately suggested. And it is not the personality of the model who chanced to pose for them, but an invented personality, the expression of the nobility, the sweetness and the pure mindedness of their creator. And in such a figure as that of the Adams memorial in Rock Creek cemetery in Washington his imaginative power reaches to a degree of impressiveness almost unequaled in modern art. One knows of nothing since the tombs of the Medici that fills one with the same hushed awe as this shrouded, hooded, deeply brooding figure, rigid with contemplation, still with an eternal stillness, her soul rapt from her body on some distant quest. Is she Nirvana? Is she the peace of God? She has been given many names. Her maker would give her none. Her meaning is mystery. She is the everlasting enigma.—Kenyon Cox in Atlantic.

A PAIN CRIPPLE.

Tortured and Tormented with Rheumatism and Sciatica—South American Rheumatic Cure Works the Wonder.

Mrs. John Fisher, Woodstock, N.B., writes: "I had been suffering for over three years from muscular rheumatism and on one occasion I had a very acute attack of sciatica. For several weeks I was unable to walk or attend to my household duties. Tried several remedies, and physicians failed to give me relief. I saw South American Rheumatic Cure advertised and bought a bottle. It did me a wonderful lot of good. Four bottles effected a perfect and permanent cure." (18)

Sold by T. B. Wallace

THE ENCHANTED MESA.

Story of Great Disaster Which Wiped Out the Population.

The story of the enchanted mesa was but a tradition when in 1541 the Spaniards first visited the pueblo of Acoma, in what is now Valencia county, N. M. Powerful tribes inhabited the region. These tribes or nations were constantly at war with each other, which accounts for the fortified character of the villages of the natives. The Queres, whose descendants now occupy Acoma, held this region and dwelt in small fortified towns, the capital of which was Acoma. It was not, however, the Acoma of today, but a city perched upon the top of the great rock now called Mesa Encantada. It was the magnificent city of the nation, and there dwelt the great men of the tribe, together with their families.

The rock then, as now, was unscalable, save at the one point where a narrow and precipitous trail led up to the dizzy height. While not the most convenient dwelling place, for neither water nor vegetation was to be found upon the summit, it was safe from the attacks of foes. One man at the top of the trail could defend the city against the warriors of the entire west. One day, while a large number of the inhabitants were at work in the fields on the plain below or attending to the affairs of the tribe in the various neighboring villages, something within the rock or in the earth beneath it awoke to life and motion. There was a heaving, a squirming and a shivering of the great rock, and, with a mighty noise, it parted in twain, and a portion fell in fragments to the plain below.

Such persons as were carried down in the debris were crushed to death. A worse fate remained for those left prisoners on the top of the mesa, for that which fell carried away the narrow trail, the only means of ascent and descent. The stranded ones perished from thirst and starvation. The present Acoma family are the descendants of disaster. Ethnologists who visited the top of the rock some years ago found unmistakable evidences that it had once been the site of habitation. The story of the disaster had previous to that time been discredited and considered but an idle Indian legend. The discovery of the ancient ruins, however, seemed confirmatory of the tale, and it has since been credited.

HARDNESS OF DIAMONDS.

The Stones Can Be Forced by Pressure Into Steel Blocks.

A word as to the hardness of diamonds. They vary much in this respect. Even different parts of the same crystal differ in their resistance to cutting and grinding. So hard is diamond in comparison to glass that a suitable splinter of diamond will plane curls off a glass plate as a carpenter's tool will plane shavings off a deal board. Another experiment that will illustrate its hardness is to place a diamond on the flattened end of a conical block of steel and upon it bring another similar cone of steel. If I force them together with hydraulic power, I can force the stone into the steel blocks without injuring the diamond in the least. The pressure which I have brought to bear in this experiment has been equal to 170 tons a square inch of diamond.

The only serious rival of the diamond in hardness is the metal tantalum. In an attempt to bore a hole through a plate of this metal a diamond drill was used, revolving at the rate of 5,000 revolutions a minute. This whirling force was continued ceaselessly for three days and nights, when it was



More proof that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound cures female ills.

Mrs. John Scott, 489 Grand Trunk St., Montreal, writes Mrs. Pinkham: "I was very much run down in health from a female trouble, was thin, nervous, and very weak, and suffered from bearing down pains. Indeed I did not care whether I lived or died, I felt so badly sometimes."

"Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound completely cured me of all my troubles. I gained in flesh, and am free from backache, female trouble, sick headaches, and nervousness."

"I heartily recommend Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound for all women's ailments, knowing what it has done for me."

FACTS FOR SICK WOMEN.

For thirty years Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, made from roots and herbs, has been the standard remedy for female ills, and has positively cured thousands of women who have been troubled with displacements, inflammation, ulceration, fibroid tumors, irregularities, periodic pains, backache, that bearing-down feeling, flatulency, indigestion, dizziness or nervous prostration. Why don't you try it?

Mrs. Pinkham invites all sick women to write her for advice. She has guided thousands to health. Address, Lynn, Mass.

EXPLOSIVES.

Dangerous Substances That Are in Almost Constant Use.

Among the many things in almost constant use are some that are more or less dangerous from their explosive properties, properties often entirely unknown to their users.

For examples, chloride of potash lozenges if accidentally brought in contact with an unlighted phosphorus match are dangerous. Bicarbonate of potash if mixed with subnitrate of bismuth, the latter a remedy for indigestion, will explode.

Iodide of nitrogen is highly explosive and is often combined with other drugs. Its use by those ignorant of its danger is a menace.

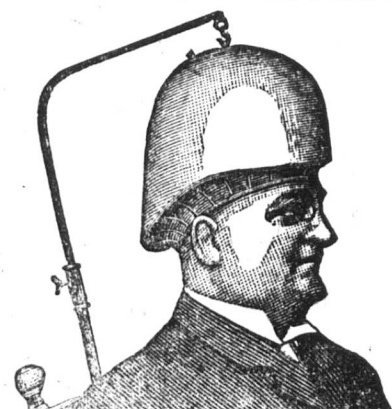
Sul volatile and chloral hydrate are, under certain conditions, as dangerous as dynamite.

Tincture of iron and dilute aqua regia when mixed, as they often are in medicine, throw off a highly explosive gas, which has frequently shattered the bottle in which the mixture was kept.

One often finds bottles of medicine in which the cork has not been tightly pushed minus the latter or has had a cork pop out of a bottle while held in one's hands without any attempt to remove it on the part of the holder. This always shows that gas is forcing the cork out.

Danger in combs.

Every now and then one reads of celluloid articles, from fancy hair coiffure combs down, catching fire and serious burns or accidents resulting.



A
**REMARKABLE
INVENTION**
FOR THE
**CULTURE
OF HAIR**



CULTURE OF HAIR

THE EVANS VACUUM CAP is a practical invention constructed on scientific and hygienic principles by the simple means of which a free and normal circulation is restored throughout the scalp. The minute blood vessels are gently stimulated to activity, thus allowing the food supply which can only be derived from the blood, to be carried to the hair roots, the effects of which are quickly seen in a healthy, vigorous growth of hair. There is no rubbing, and no drugs or chemicals of whatever kind are employed there is nothing to cause irritation. It is only necessary to wear the Cap three or four minutes daily.

60 DAYS' FREE TRIAL!

The Company's Guarantee.

An EVANS VACUUM CAP will be sent you for sixty days' free trial. I do not see a gradual development of a new growth of hair, and are not convinced that the Cap will completely restore your hair, you are at liberty to return the Cap with no expense whatever to yourself. It is requested, as an evidence of good faith, that the price of the Cap be deposited with the Chancery Lane Safe Deposit Company of London, the largest financial and business institution of the kind in the world, who will issue a receipt guaranteeing that the money will be returned in full, on demand without questions or comment, at any time during the trial period.

The eminent Dr. I. N. LOVE, in his address to the Medical Board on the subject of Alopexia (loss of hair) stated that if the means could be found to bring nutrition to the hair follicles, that not only would the hair return to its normal state, but the problem of baldness would be solved. Later on, when the EVANS VACUUM CAP was submitted to him for inspection, he remarked that the Cap would fulfill and confirm in practice the observations he had previously made before the Medical Board.

Dr. W. MOORE, referring to the invention, says that the principle upon which the Evans Vacuum Cap is founded is absolutely correct and indisputable.

An illustrated and descriptive book of the Evans Vacuum Cap will be sent, post free, on application.

THE SECRETARY, EVANS VACUUM CAP CO.,

Regent House, Regent Street, London, W.

Bay of Quinte Railway and Navigation Company

GENERAL PASSENGER TIME TABLE.

Eastern Standard Time. No. 28 Taking effect Jan 1st, 1906.

Salem, Oregon, and Tamworth to Nanapoe and Deseronto.						Deseronto and Nanapoe to Tamworth and Bannockburn.					
	Stations	Miles	No. 1	No. 4	No. 6		Stations	Miles	No. 1	No. 4	No. 6
		A.M.	A.M.	P.M.	P.M.			A.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.
yo	Bannockburn	0	6.00	1.40	1.40	Le Deseronto	0	7.00	12.55	1.45	1.45
	Allans	5	6.15	1.50	1.50	Arr Nanapoe	5	7.20	1.15	1.50	1.50
	Queensboro	8	6.25	2.05	1.55	Le Nanapoe	8	7.30	1.25	1.55	1.55
	Bridgewater	9	6.25	2.05	1.55	Arr Deseronto	15	8.05	1.40	12.25	4.40
rr	Tweed	20	6.55	2.45	2.45	Le Deseronto	15	8.15	1.50	12.25	4.50
ve	Tweed	20	7.00	7.20	2.55	Newburgh	17	8.15	1.50	12.25	4.50
	Stoco	24	7.10	7.35	3.05	Thomson's Mills	18	8.30	2.00	12.45	5.00
	Larkins	27	7.25	7.55	3.20	Camden East	19	8.30	2.00	12.45	5.00
	Marlbank	32	7.40	8.15	3.35	Arr Yarker	23	8.40	2.10	1.00	6.25
	Erinsville	37	7.55	8.35	3.55	Le Yarker	23	8.40	2.10	1.00	6.25
	Tamworth	43	8.10	9.10	4.15	Galbraith	25	8.40	2.10	1.00	6.25
	Wilson	44	8.15	9.15	4.20	Moscow	27	8.50	2.20	1.15	6.40
	Enterprise	46	8.25	9.35	4.35	Mudlake Bridge	30	9.00	2.30	1.30	6.50
	Mudlake Bridge	48	8.35	9.50	4.45	Enterprise	32	9.10	2.40	1.30	6.50
	Newburgh	51	8.47	9.50	4.57	Le Yarker	34	9.20	2.50	1.40	7.00
	Galbraith	53	8.48	10.00	5.00	Tamworth	38	9.30	3.10	1.48	7.10
rr	Yarker	56	8.48	10.00	5.00	Erinsville	41	9.40	3.25	1.50	7.20
ve	Yarker	56	8.48	10.00	5.00	Marlbank	45	10.20	3.40	1.55	7.30
	Camden East	55	8.48	10.00	5.00	Larkins	51	10.40	3.55	1.55	7.40
	Thomson's Mills	58	8.50	10.25	5.38	Le Yarker	55	10.50	4.00	2.00	7.50
	Newburgh	61	8.50	10.35	5.40	Arr Tweed	58	11.15	4.35	2.05	7.55
	Stratcona	63	8.50	10.45	5.50	Le Tweed	61	11.31	4.50	2.10	7.55
rr	Nanapoe	69	8.50	11.00	6.05	Bridgewater	64	11.50	5.10	2.15	7.55
ve	Nanapoe	69	8.50	11.00	6.05	Queensboro	70	12.05	5.30	2.20	7.55
	Deseronto	73	8.50	11.15	6.15	Allans	73	12.10	5.35	2.25	7.55
	Bannockburn	78	8.50	11.20	6.20	Arr Bannockburn	78	12.40	6.00	2.30	7.55

Ingaton and Sydenham to Napanee and Deseronto.					Deseronto and Napanee to Sydenham and Kingston.						
Stations.		Miles	No.1.	No.4.	No.5.	Stations		Miles	No.1.	No.3.	No.5.
			A.M.	P.M.	P.M.				A.M.	P.M.	P.M.
VE	Kingston	0	.....	.....	.....	Lve	Deseronto	.....	7 00	.....	.....
	G. T. R. Junction	3	.....	3 35	.....	Arr	Napanee	.....	7 20	.....	.....
	Glenvale*	9	.....	3 54	.....	Lve	Napanee	.....	7 50	12 15	4 25
	Murvale*	14	.....	4 04	.....		Strathcona	15	8 05	12 16	4 40
VE	Harrowmuth	19	.....	4 20	.....		Newburgh	17	8 15	12 40	4 50
VE	Sydenham	23	8 40	.....	.....		Thomson's Mills*	18	.....	.....	.....
	Harrowmuth	19	5 10	.....	4 20		Camden East	19	8 30	12 50	5 00
	Frontenac*	23	.....	.....	.....	Arr	Yarker	23	8 45	1 05	5 13
VE	Yarker	26	8 35	.....	4 50	Lve	Yarker	.....	8 55	.....	5 21
VE	Yarker	26	9 05	3 05	5 25		Frontenac	23	.....	.....	.....
	Camden East	30	9 15	3 15	5 38	Arr	Harrowmuth	27	9 10	.....	5 43
	Thomson's Mills*	31	.....	.....	.....	Lve	Sydenham	34	.....	.....	6 10
	Newburgh	34	9 20	3 25	5 48		Harrowmuth	30	9 10	.....	.....
	Strathcona	34	9 45	3 35	5 58		Murvale*	35	9 22	.....	.....
VE	Napanee	40	10 00	3 50	6 15		Glenvale*	39	9 32	.....	.....
VE	Napanee, West End	40	.....	.....	6 35		G. T. R. Junction	47	9 50	.....	.....
VE	Deseronto	49	.....	.....	6 55	Arr	Kingston	49	10 00	.....	.....

LOCAL WORKING TIME TABLE.

NAPANEE to DESERONTO and PICTON.				PICTON to DESERONTO and NAPANEE.			
TRAINS		STEAMERS		STEAMERS		TRAINS.	
Leave Napanee	Arrive Deseronto	Leave Deseronto	Arrive Picton	Leave Picton	Arrive Deseronto	Leave Deseronto	Arrive Napanee
20 a.m.	2 10 a.m.			6 00 a.m.	7 25 a.m.	9 50 a.m.	10 10 a.m.
30 "	3 50 "					11 30 a.m.	11 50 a.m.
60 "	6 50 "	7 00 a.m.	8 30 a.m.	9 50 a.m.	11 20 a.m.	12 40 p.m.	1 00 p.m.
85 "	8 15 "					12 55 p.m.	1 15 p.m.
30 "	10 50 "					3 45 p.m.	4 10 "
00 "	11 25 "	1 40 p.m.	3 03 p.m.			6 10 "	6 30 "
05 p.m.	12 23 p.m.					7 40 "	8 00 "
20 "	1 40 "	5 30 p.m.	7 00 p.m.	4 p.m.	5 30 p.m.	1 00 "	1 20 "
33 "	4 50 "					5 55 "	6 15 "
35 "	6 55 "					7 00 "	7 20 "
50 "	7 10 "	7 00 a.m.	8 30 a.m.			7 30 "	7 40 "
15 "	8 35 "						

WALTER RATHBUN
President.

H. B. SHERWOOD
Superintendent.

D. A. VALLEAU
Asst. Superintendent.

The only serious rival of the diamond in hardness is the metal tantalum. In an attempt to bore a hole through a plate of this metal a diamond drill was used, revolving at the rate of 5,000 revolutions a minute. This whirling force was continued ceaselessly for three days and nights, when it was found that only a small point one-fourth of a millimeter deep had been drilled, and it was a moot point which had suffered most damage, the diamond or the tantalum.

After exposure for some time to the sun many diamonds glow in a dark room. One beautiful green diamond in my collection when phosphorescing in a vacuum gives almost as much light as a candle, and you can easily read by its rays. But the time has hardly come when we can use diamonds as domestic illuminants.—SIR, William Crookes in *North American Review*.

Good Reasoning.

"I don't see, madam, how you can expect us to pay any claim under your husband's accident policy."

"Well, you see it was this way: When he asks which it was, a boy or a girl, and the nurse said that he was the father of triplets, he dropped. Now, his death was due to an accident."

"How do you make that out?"

"It was an accident of birth."

Stropping a Razor.

In stropping a razor the blade should be drawn across the strop from the heel to the point, at the same time going the full length of the strop. In shaving this motion should be reversed, the blade traveling from point to heel. The reason of this is that the edge of the blade has tiny, sawlike teeth, and the opposite movements use these to the best advantage.

Fishing With Forty Foot Rods.

In sea fishing at Biarritz, France, some remarkably long and heavy rods are employed. We think a twenty foot salmon rod or roach pole is a pretty good length, but our friends at Biarritz use rods over forty feet in length. In fishing from the walk at the Lighthouse the rods are balanced on the railing by means of a wood rest fitting the iron bars. A line about the length of the rod is used, three or four hooks and a light sinker. At La Pointe Plate rods of lesser length and weight are used, but even these are not featherweights by any means. Reels, according to Vicomte Henri de France, are known to these sea anglers, but are seldom used.—*London Fishing Gazette*.

WIGS IN COURT.

Bench and Bar In England Stick to the Traditional Headgear.

American visitors to English court-rooms have been struck by the strange appearance—strange to their eyes, at least—of judges and lawyers in wigs.

Times and customs change, but the judicial wig of England remains unchanged. Bench and bar hold faithfully to the traditional headgear.

Until 1827 human hair was used in making the wigs, which were heavily powdered when worn, but since then white horsehair has been used. While English horsehair is considered the best, the wigmakers buy supplies in France, Russia and even China and South America.

Every operation in the manufacture of wigs is by hand except the curling, and this is done on a small hand curling machine. Most of the wigs run from twenty-one to twenty-four and a half inches in circumference.

The wig of the average member of the bar costs \$80. Full bottomed wigs, such as are worn occasionally by judges and the king's counsel and always by the speaker of the house of commons, cost about \$60.

Few lawyers buy more than one wig in the course of their career at the bar. Some of the most famous advocates of England may be seen in court with dilapidated wig and rusty gown.

Valuable Samples Free

"I have used your Coltsfoote **Expectorant** and find it satisfactory in cases of croup, colds or coughs. I have used it ever since I got a trial bottle, and have recommended it to everyone in need of it. You may use my name and address for testimonials if you wish. Hoping it will benefit others as it has done my children, I remain,

MRS. AGNES COMBER.

1069 Frances St., London, Ont.

(Coltsfoot) **Expectorant** is the greatest cough and throat cure in the world. It is the prescription of a renowned specialist. In order that every family may prove its unparalleled merits we will send a sample bottle free to everyone who sends us their name and address and mentions this paper. Can be had at all druggists at 25c. Send your name to-day to Dr. T. A. Slocum, Ltd., Toronto.

Send for Free Sample To-day.

Cord wood and Block wood
for sale. Robt. Light

A PRONOUN WE LACK

One of the Grammatical Difficulties of Our Language.

A RATHER PRETTY PROBLEM.

And One, by the Way, Whose Satisfactory Solution Probably Never Will Be Found—Phrases That Illustrate the Difficult Point at Issue.

We have a number of words and phrases in our tongue which require the employment of a pronoun that does not exist. As representatives of this class can be taken each and every, with the combination into which they enter. The peculiarity about them is that as regards form they are singular, as regards meaning they are plural. Consequently the construction, according to sense, is always coming into conflict with the construction according to strict grammar. One of these expressions—everybody, for instance—may be used to bring out the point distinctly. It is desired, for example, to make a statement to the effect that at some specific gathering all persons present had seen those whom they knew well. With the employment of the word just selected grammatical difficulties at once arise and the troubles of the writer begin.

Three ways are open to him in which he can overcome them after a fashion. But not one of them answers fully all the conditions existing. In the first the masculine form can be made to represent both itself and the feminine. Consequently such a sentence as the following could be framed: There everybody met his friends. Women as well as men would be included under his. Though never really satisfactory, this was once the preferred usage. For a time it served the purpose fairly well, and it still does so occasionally and perhaps frequently. But there has been for a good while past a distinct dislike to this construction. One result of the increasingly important part that the female sex plays in life and literature is the growth of repugnance on the part of the feminine element to have its identity merged in the masculine. Subconsciousness of the injustice of it has now passed over into full consciousness that under this form of expression its claims are not really recognized; hence, while women may use it, they do not like it, and men have come to share largely in the same feeling.

Another way out of the difficulty was devised. To satisfy the claims of both sexes resort was had to two representative pronouns. The sentence previously given would accordingly appear in the following shape: There everybody met his or her friends. But such a form of expression pleased no one. It was felt to be formal, to suffer from that stiffness which is always sure to manifest itself when naturalness of expression is sacrificed to mere precision of statement. Besides being objectionable on the score of clumsiness it was subject to exception on other grounds. In words with feminine terminations, like heiress or heroine, the fact of sex is indicated, indeed, but it is not made obtrusive. When, however, we have distinct contrasted forms, as in "his or her," it is lifted into an undue and almost aggressive prominence, where there is neither desire nor occasion to make it prominent; hence this particular usage, while serviceable in certain documents and acceptable always to the devotees

DENBIGH.

Confirmation services were held last Sunday in the Lutheran Church, and six young members added to the congregation.

Mrs. (Rev.) G. Daedisel presented her husband with another little son. She was for quite a while in very poor health and as our local M. D., Dr. Tennent, was temporarily away on an extended visit, the services of Dr. Adams, of Plevna, and Dr. Reeves, of Eganville, had to be requested. Mrs. Daedisel is now out of danger, and is likely to recover her usual state of health.

Miss Magda Daedisel enjoyed the Easter vacations at home with her parents but will return to Eganville next Monday to continue her studies at the High School there.

Mr. E. Wagar, Principal of our village school spent the holidays with his family at Deseronto, but on his return he was accompanied by his family and engaged lodgings for them at the Chatson House.

Miss M. Saul, teacher in the adjoining School Section No 7, spent most of her vacation visiting friends in this village.

Gustav John, of Sault Ste. Marie, arrived home on a visit to his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. John, and intends to remain a couple of weeks.

Mrs. Emil Fritsch last week followed her husband to their new home in Saskatchewan, and arrived there safely.

Mr. Hugo Schweneich who sold his farm here last fall, has also now disposed of his live stock, machinery and farming implements, and left Denbigh for Berlin, Ont., where he intends to reside in the future. Mrs. Schweneich and family will be the guest of her mother, Mrs. P. Stein, at the Denbigh House for a couple of weeks, and then follow her husband to enjoy city life for a change.

The Gillies Brothers Co., had their settling up day last Wednesday, at their office at the Chatson House, with their local jobbers and employees in their lumbering operations in this vicinity during last winter. Wm. Chatson is taking their timber drive down Snake Creek to the Madawaska River this spring, while James McDonald is engaged in taking their drive down on Hydes Creek.

About 12 inches of snow fell here last week, which made the feed problem, which was difficult enough before very much worse. Not only feed of all kinds but also seed grain is very scarce and hard to get here this spring.

FAIR VIEW.

For last week

Mrs. Frederick File and little daughter, Heler, have returned home after spending the past month visiting friends.

Mrs. McTaggart, who had her ankle broken in the winter, is able to be around with the aid of crutches.

Mrs. Thompson, who has been the guest of her daughter, Mrs. S. Loucks, for a few weeks has gone home.

Miss Vandervoort spent Sunday at C. Lowry's.

Mrs. Long is in Napanee for a few days.

John Bennett is drawing milk this year.

Mrs. John Schermahorn, of Odessa, was at her father's, Robert Madden, on Thursday.

Robert Lund, of the North-West was expected home this week.

Bertram Vanalstine spent his holidays under the parental roof.

Mrs. George Bell and son, Carl, have returned to their home in Kingston, after spending Easter week with Mrs. Bell's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Robert

GRIP VICTIMS RELIEVED

PE-RU-NA is a Reliable Remedy for the After-Effects of Grip, Such as Indigestion, Prostration and Poor Circulation.

La Grippe Leaves Systemic Catarrh.

Judge Horatio J. Goss, Hartwell, Ga., writes:

"Some five or six years ago I had a very severe spell of grip which left me with systemic catarrh.

"A friend advised me to try your Peruna, which I did, and was immediately benefited.

"The third bottle completed the cure."

The Right Medicine.

Mrs. Henrietta A. S. Marsh, 2123 Reservoir St., Los Angeles, Cal., President Woman's Benevolent Ass'n, writes:

"I suffered with la grippe for seven weeks, and nothing I could do or take helped me until I tried Peruna.

"I felt at once that I had at last secured the right medicine and I kept steadily improving. Within three weeks I was fully restored, and I am glad that I gave that truly great remedy a trial I will never be without it again."

In a letter dated August 31, 1904, Mrs. Marsh says: "I have never yet heard the efficacy of Peruna questioned. We still use it."

Pe-ru-na Recommended by Friends.

Mr. N. Beauchamp, 126 rue Notre Dame, Lachine, P. Q., writes:

"I tried the famous remedy, Peruna, which was recommended to me by one of my friends, R. Pilon.

"I have not been without this valuable remedy for seven months, and now I see that I am entirely cured.

"Formerly on lying down I was unable to breathe through my nose and I never passed a day without headache.

"To-day I experience none of these symptoms and this is due to Peruna."

Head and Stomach Were Affected

Miss Olivine Perrault, 235 Davidson St., Montreal, Can., writes:

"I write you a word to congratulate you on your famous remedy, Peruna. I tried other remedies, but my cold did not get any better, and I feared I was becoming consumptive.

"The condition of my head and stomach was very annoying. I had coughed day and night for three months as the result of a cold which I had contracted from sudden change of temperature.

"My brother advised me to try Peruna and I did so, for he was cured by Peruna. I took it regularly and improved steadily. I have now taken three bottles of it and am completely cured."

Mr. J. A. Goyer, president La Pharmacie Latonius, 1069 Berri St., Montreal, Can., writes:

"I can highly recommend your valuable preparation, Peruna, to all those who suffer from the bad after-effects of la grippe.

"Two bottles of Peruna have brought to me a complete cure of that sickness, and it has acted as the best tonic for the system that I have ever experienced."



MR. J. A. GOYER.

PERUNA is a remedy for the after-effects of la grippe.

Nearly every person who has had the grip during the past winter finds himself left with some chronic catarrhal condition more or less intolerable.

It may be a hacking cough, or a tired, all-worn-out feeling.

Sometimes indigestion appears and hangs on in spite of all remedies.

A short course of Peruna removes all these symptoms and puts the patient right again. We have a multitude of testimonials along this line.

Mr. Frank H. Fielder, 213 Pleasant Ave., Montgomery, Ala., formerly principal of Haynesville High School, writes:

"I can truthfully say that Peruna is a splendid remedy for la grippe, and a good tonic for building up the system."

HE DIDN'T GO HUNGRY.

Neither Did His Partner After Their Scheme Succeeded.

The man who once was down and out, but is so no longer, was telling the other day of one of his poverty time devices.

He was traveling with another chap just as much down and out as he, and both were hungry. Their capital was insignificant, and they didn't intend to spend any of it. But they had a revolver, which suggested to the first man a scheme. It worked out something like this:

"I went into a pretty good looking restaurant," said the prosperous one, taking a long draw at his cigar, "and as my clothes looked pretty good I wasn't an object of suspicion. I had an overcoat which belonged to my partner

the coat, and the proprietor finally came up with the money for a new one, say about \$30. Well, did that meal pay me? What?"

Exploding a Mine In Granite.

One of the methods of quarrying granite is to dislodge a huge sheet from the surface of the formation through the medium of a powder mine. A large perpendicular shaft is first blasted to a depth of about thirty feet. At the bottom of this and radiating in all directions horizontally, like the spokes of a huge wheel, long holes are drilled. The extremities of these holes are then shot with light charges of dynamite in order to create chambers large enough to receive large quantities of black powder. This takes weeks of ever increasing charges. Then the final charge is loaded. The now huge chambers at the extremities

an undue and almost aggressive prominence, where there is neither desire nor occasion to make it prominent; hence this particular usage, while serviceable in certain documents and acceptable always to the devotees of strict grammar, is usually detested by everybody else.

A third way out of the difficulty there is, and it was long ago taken by the bolder spirits. This was the construction according to the sense. The plural pronominal forms were used to correspond to the idea of plurality existing in the singular subject; hence men said in the sentence quoted: There everybody met their friends. Examples of this usage can be found abundantly in works of high reputation, but those given here for the purpose of illustrating it will be taken from a single one. This writer is Jane Austen. She is chosen not for her eminence, but for her sex, for as a general rule highly cultivated women speak and write the language not only with more naturalness, but with greater scrupulousness and purity, than the corresponding class of men. Examples from their works are in consequence more convincing. Here are two or three taken out of many. "It is very unfair," says Miss Austen in "Emma," "to judge of anybody's conduct without an intimate knowledge of their character." Again in the same work the remark is made that "they say everybody is in love once in their lives." In "Mansfield Park" she observes that "nobody could command attention when they spoke." These examples, which might be multiplied from numerous other authors, are sufficient to indicate the attitude of those who adopt the third course. Every one can see that the problem is a very pretty one as it stands and that the interest in it will never die because no satisfactory solution of it will ever be found.—Thomas R. Lounsbury, Professor of English, Yale University, in Harper's Magazine.

Difficult Things.

To supply clean aprons for the lapse of time.
To pick the teeth of the wind.
To cure blisters on the heels of misfortune.
To wipe the mouth of a tunnel.
To pull the leg of a yachting course.
To break an arm of the sea.
To comb the head of a river.
To feed the hounds of a wagon.
To fit braces on the shoulder of a mountain.

A Fraudulent Tax.

A well to do German farmer in a western state came into the town of which he was accounted a resident to pay his taxes. The bill was handed to him, itemized as follows:

State tax.....	\$15.00
County tax.....	8.50
School tax.....	5.00
Total	\$28.50

After the German had carefully scrutinized the bill he set his lips tightly and in a very determined manner said: "I pays de state tax, I pays de county tax and I pays de school tax, but I be doggoned if I pays dat total tax. I never had no total tax! I think he is a fraud!"

Missed the Mark.

A north of England clergyman recently preached against ill natured gossiping and spoke pretty plainly to his congregation on the subject. One of the members of the congregation to whom he was especially alluding came up to him after the service. The vicar thought he had touched her and that she was about to express contrition, but she said, "Ah, vicar, I am so glad you spoke out, and what a good thing it was the Misses — were there to hear you."—Church Family Newspaper.

Bertam vanastine spent his non-days under the parental roof.

Mrs. George Bell and son, Carl, have returned to their home in Kingston, after spending Easter week with Mrs. Bell's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Robert Bartley.

There is good fishing in the creek now.

Joseph Marsh was at his mother's recently.

Mr. Vandervoort had the misfortune to lose a horse this week.

We are glad to see Frederick and Alvin McTaggart out again after their recent illness.

TRAVELERS ABROAD.

A Document That Should Be Carried In One's Pocketbook.

Replying to an inquiry about the disposition of the body of an American dying in London, our consul general offers some advice to citizens of this country traveling abroad. He says: "If a citizen of the United States be traveling abroad unaccompanied it would be well for him to carry in his satchel or pocketbook written instructions as to what he desires should be done in the event of anything happening to him. The envelope containing such instructions should be headed, 'Instructions in the event of my death.' Inclosed he should give his home address or the address of a friend in the United States, so that communication could be made, or the address of any friend or business connection on this side could be mentioned with the same object and for the purpose of obtaining necessary funds. I have been informed on credible authority that a person has no legal right to control the disposition of his remains, although I have no doubt relatives or friends would respect the wishes of the deceased. In the event of the death in this country of a person domiciled in the United States at any of the hotels an undertaker is at once called in and the remains removed therefrom, provided always the deceased has had proper medical attendance and that the doctor attending gives a certificate of death. If the death is sudden, the coroner of the district is at once notified and an inquest is held, the body in the meantime being removed to a public mortuary pending result of the inquest. If the verdict of death from natural causes be rendered, the coroner signs an order and gives it to the representative of the deceased, who instructs the undertaker what to do. The transportation of the remains is in the hands of the friends or the representative of the deceased and is not controlled by any local or government authority."

Another Kind of Guest.

"Won't you please write in my guest book?" said a woman to the friends she had entertained at dinner. And she brought out the treasured volume, with its record of hospitality. The names were inscribed.

"Why, what's this?" said the modern Eve as the pages were fluttered before the book was returned to its owner. "There are lots and lots of names in the back and all in your handwriting too."

The hostess laughed. "Do you want to know what these names are?" she asked. "Well, I suppose I might make a confession. They are names of guests, all right, but of another kind. It's the list of the servants I have had since my housekeeping experiences began."

CASTORIA.

Bears the
Signature
of
Chas. H. Fletcher

"restaurant," said the prosperous one, taking a long draw at his cigar, "and as my clothes looked pretty good I wasn't an object of suspicion. I had an overcoat which belonged to my partner."

"As the overcoat and the revolver were chief characters in the ensuing drama, they have to be mentioned prominently. I got a seat right near the door and hung up my coat so that it was only a step away from the door."

"Then I sat down and ordered a square one, a meal that it would be impossible to describe it was so good. It was flavored with the sauce of abstinence—from food."

"I ate and ate and ate, and by and by my partner came along. Without his overcoat—and it was a cold day—he didn't look good. He hung around the door for a long while, looking like a hobo getting up his nerve to come in and beg."

"Just about the time he made a signal to me that showed he was about to enter I got up to go to the cigar counter to pick out a nice after dinner smoke. In came my partner and slunk up to the desk to ask for a bit of food."

"Nothing doing. He was turned down cold. Then to make the thing work better he came up to me and asked: 'Say, boss, won't you give me a lift? I'm down and out.' I repulsed him sternly, and after looking around he started out."

"I said to the proprietor in a virtuous way, 'I don't believe in helping those bums,' to which he answered with a smug shake of the head, when my partner grabbed the overcoat. I knew what he was doing, but I pretended to be very much interested in the cigar until the proprietor yelled out, 'Hey, he's stealing your coat!'"

"I held on to the cigar, wheeled around and started for my partner. He was half out of the door. I yelled, 'Drop that!' and for answer he drew the revolver and flourished it."

"The proprietor dropped behind the counter, and the waiters fled to the kitchen. From his place the proprietor called out: 'Look out! He'll shoot you!'"

And, taking my cue, I let him run out.

"Then when the excitement cleared off I raised an awful row about losing

of dynamite in order to create chambers large enough to receive large quantities of black powder. This takes weeks of ever increasing charges. Then the final charge is loaded. The now huge chambers at the extremities of the spokes are packed with hundreds of pounds of powder, numerous electric wires attached and the whole mine tamped with fine material. A mighty roar and rumble in the bowels of the earth and the huge sheet is detached from the ledge.—Popular Mechanics.

SHOPPING IN CAIRO.

Where Bargaining Is the Perfume, the Poetry of Trade.

"I entered Sidi Okba's shop in Cairo," said the man with the oriental labels on his luggage, "and a handsome carpet caught my eye. 'What is the price of that?' I asked."

"That carpet is not for sale," Sidi Okba answered. 'I bought it at great cost for my own delectation only. How beautiful it is! But will not monsieur partake with me of coffee and cigarettes?'"

"I partook. The next morning I was in that neighborhood again, and Sidi came forth and saluted me. He had changed his mind about retaining the carpet. Allah forbade selfishness among the true believers, and since I desired the thing he'd let me have it for \$1,000."

"I'll give you \$10," said I.

"He fell back, almost fainting; then in a weak, pained voice he offered me coffee again."

"Next day when I turned up he came down to \$900, and I went up to \$15, and we drank more coffee and smoked. Next day he dropped to \$800, and I rose to \$17.50. We were very cheerful over the coffee and tobacco that day. We had the carpet spread before us to admire. It was evident that we would strike a bargain yet, and just before I left Cairo we did strike a bargain. The carpet became mine for \$50. It would have cost \$250 at home. As we shook hands in farewell Sidi Okba said:

"I love a good bargainer like yourself. Bargaining is the bloom, the perfume, the poetry of trade. I adore it!"

DRS. KENNEDY & KENNEDY

SUCCESSORS TO

DRS. KENNEDY & KERGAN

SPECIAL NOTICE.

Cwing to Dr. Kergan being deceased, Dr. J. D. Kennedy, Medical Director, has associated with him Dr. Kennedy Jr., who has been with the firm for several years, so hereafter business will be conducted under the name of

DRS. KENNEDY & KENNEDY

NERVOUS DEBILITY

Thousands of young and middle aged men are annually swept to a premature grave through EARLY INDISCRETIONS, EXCESSES AND BLOOD DISEASES. If you have any of the following symptoms consult us before it is too late. Are you nervous and weak, despondent and gloomy, spectral before the eyes, with dark circles under them, weak back, kidneys irritable, palpitation of the heart, hiccups, dreams and noises, sediment in urine, pimples on the face, eyes sunken, hollow cheeks, careworn expression, poor memory, lifeless, distrustful, lack energy and strength, tired mornings, restless nights, changeable moods, weak manhood, premature decay, bone pains, hair loose, sore throat etc.

BLOOD POISONS

Blood Poisons are the most prevalent and most serious diseases. They sap the very life blood of the victim, and unless entirely eradicated from the system may affect the future generation. Beware of Mercury. It only suppresses the symptoms—OUR NEW METHOD cures them.

OUR NEW METHOD TREATMENT alone can cure you, and make a man of you. Under its influence the brain becomes active, the blood purified so that all pimples, blotches, and ulcers disappear, the nerves become strong as steel, so that nervousness, bashfulness and despondency vanish; the eye becomes bright, the face full and clear, energy returns to the body, and the moral, physical, and vital systems are invigorated; all drains cease—no more vital waste from the system. Don't let quacks and fakirs rob you of your hard earned dollars. We will cure you or we pay.

No matter who has treated you, write for an honest opinion Free of Charge. BOOKS FREE—"The Golden Monitor" (illustrated)

Question List for Home Treatment Sent on Request.

DRS. KENNEDY & KENNEDY

Cor. Michigan Ave. and Griswold St.

DETROIT, MICH.

THE BACK YARD KITCHEN GARDEN



The Trowel Is an Invaluable Implement.

ONE of the most serviceable tablets of proverbial philosophy transmitted to us by an anonymous benefactor is: "if the mountain will not come to Mahomet, Mahomet must go to the mountain." It is the quintessence of common sense. Put into general practice, it would lengthen the average of human longevity more effectually than all the discoveries of remedial science have succeeded in doing during the last century.

Translated into non-figurative language, it directs that when you cannot get the thing you would, do what you can, and be convinced that you have done your best.

The foregoing didacticism had its origin in a conversation overheard in a street car one morning last week, when the smell of the spring that had come in was dead was in the air—the smell of budding leaves and bursting blossoms joying in deliverance from winter bondage, the indefinable delicious essence of new life informing the no longer stagnant earth. We all know it by the feel-

ing. Grass is better than bricks and mortar or asphalt in the back yard. Rows of thrifty "garden truck" are better than turf, which feeds nothing and offers a monotone of verdure from month to month. Bestir yourself to make the parallelogram or square blossom and bear for the service of man and the delectation of woman. Have every available foot of tillable soil spaded up, manured and raked smooth. It is getting late to raise certain vegetables from the seeds. You may buy young plants from market-gardeners or seed shops at astonishingly low rates. Two dozen tomato vines planted against the sunniest wall, and, as they grow, trained upon a low barricade of sticks, will bear all summer long. Choose a cool, shaded corner for lettuce. If you have none such, make a retreat for the succulent delicacy. Have a movable screen of reeds or woven twigs with which to protect the lettuce bed from the noonday sun. Take it down at night and do not put it up on cloudy days. By a little care in this respect you will secure sweet salad. As the first supply of plants shows a ten-

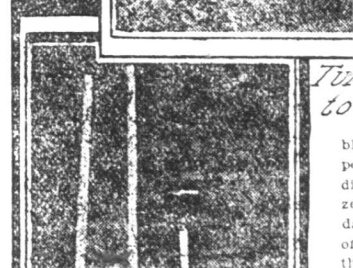


Smoothing the Soil.

ness depart with handling and transportation.

Cucumbers take kindly to back-yard culture. They flourish under direct and radiating sunshine, being of tropical origin. They, too, should be eaten soon after they are gathered. Horticulturists hold that, if plucked while the dew is on them in the early morning, they are more wholesome and have a better flavor than if one waits until the sun has warmed them. Keep on ice until you are ready to prepare them for the table.

Plant peas against the wall and set a row of string beans in the outer-edge of the same bed. They require similar conditions of exposure and culture



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gle in a conversation overheard in a street car one morning last week, when the smell of the spring that had come in very deed was in the air—the smell of budding leaves and bursting blossoms joying in deliverance from winter bondage—the indefinable delicious essence of new life informing the no longer stagnant earth. We all know it by the feeling thereof, and not one of us can account for it any more than he can deny it. It had penetrated to the heart of the city, and the women opposite me in the car were—as an old writer has it—"wondrously commoved thereby."

YEARNING FOR COUNTRY

"I declare, when I went into my back yard this morning and smelled the dew on the grass, I could have cried with homesickness for the country," said one of them. "I was brought up in a little village where we had our own vegetables. It is hard to get used to the withered, stale stuff sold as 'garden truck' in the markets. That's what they called it in the old time. I get tired of potatoes, turnips and carrots by the time spring is here, and we won't eat canned goods."

"Right you are!" struck in her companion. "Nasty, doctored trash, that is like nothing the Lord of the earth ever made! I often tell my husband that I wouldn't mind staying in town all summer, as we expect to do this year, if I had a bit of something juicy and green once in a while. There's a taste of the ground, so to speak, about freshly picked lettuce, tomatoes and radishes—not to mention the corn and peas—that money can't buy. There's life for the blood, too. I feel as if I could live and die happy if John's business would allow us to have a little place in the country. We have a back yard, where there are lilacs and a few old rose trees, but, as you say, it just makes me homesick to look at them. I think, sometimes, I'll have them dug up and thrown into the garbage wagon. They are worse than tomatoes."

Oh, the Mahomet and the mountain people, how they get together with this kind of yearnings. Yet each knew what was wanted, and their needs were the same. I came here to find in the back yard, I thought I shall soon print, I found a man in a station who has winded away the long wintry days by raising butter and tomatoes in window boxes. I never comprehended world the prophet and the mountain have met.

for lettuce. If you have none such, make a retreat for the succulent delicacy. Have a movable screen of reeds or woven twigs with which to protect the lettuce bed from the noonday sun. Take it down at night and do not put it up on cloudy days. By a little care in this respect you will secure sweet salad. As the first supply of plants shows a tendency to run to seed, have a second and a third instalment ready to take its place. Lettuce that grows in the sun gets bitter, and when the head elongates into a stem, it is pastworthy.

Radishes also thrive into juicy mildness in the shade, although they will bear more sunshine than lettuce. If set so near a brick wall as to feel the radiated heat as well as the direct rays of the sun, they will develop too fast and become pithy and pungent. Here, too, it is wise to have a succession of crops. Manage this by judicious renewal of young plants or by sowing seeds at different times.

Green peas should be planted early in the season. Give them rich earth, plenty of light and heat, and water often should the season be dry. Train upon sticks against the wall. If you have room for two crops, plant a second three weeks after you put the first into the ground. This will insure a succession of "messes" of the incomparable vegetable, which is never eaten in perfection unless it has been gathered on the same day it is cooked and served. We never buy market peas nor green corn in city shops. Flavor and sweet-

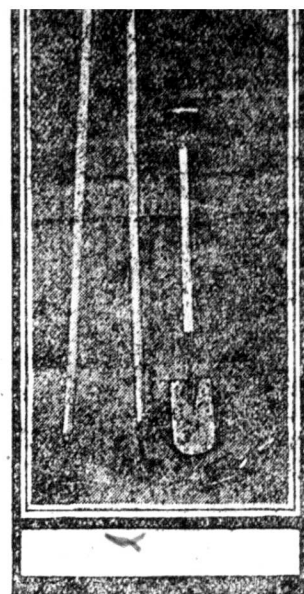
ness on them in the early morning, they are more wholesome and have a better flavor than if one waits until the sun has warmed them. Keep on ice until you are ready to prepare them for the table.

Plant peas against the wall and set a row of string beans in the outer-edge of the same bed. They require similar conditions of exposure and culture, and in growing do not interfere with each other.

PLANT SWEET HERBS

Do not fail to have a bed of sweet herbs in a sheltered corner of the miniature kitchen-garden. Parsley, sage, mint, sweet marjoram and thyme come up year after year from the roots. They are hardy and thrifty, needing no care beyond weeding and occasional pruning. The same may be said of chives, justly prized by the skillful salad maker as imparting a delicious finishing touch to the odor and taste of lettuce, tomatoes, etc.

For tools, provide yourself with a spade, a rake, a small hoe—that will go easily between stems and leaves where a larger utensil would bruise and break—two trowels, one larger than the other, and a pair of pruning scissors. Of this outfit the trowels are the most valuable to the woman who farms her own back yard. I speak with authority, having been a diligent flower-gardener since my childhood. With the large trowel dig deeply to turn up the soil to the air and sunshine, especially in dry weather. With the small, work more gingerly



Implements for Backyard Farming

among delicate fibers and tender leaves, smoothing and patting gently when the weeds are extracted and the soil loosened. This process of breaking and crum-

....FAMILY MEALS FOR A WEEK

SUNDAY

BREAKFAST.

Oranges, cereal and cream, ham omelet, rice muffins, toast, tea and coffee.

LUNCHEON.

Beef loaf, grapefruit salad, peanut butter sandwiches, Saratoga chips, sugar gingerbread and canned pears (home-made), tea.

DINNER.

Lettuce cream soup, braised fresh beef's tongue with sauce tartare, spinach, young beets, rhubarb tart, black coffee.

MONDAY

BREAKFAST.

Oranges, hominy and cream, fried calf's brains, French rolls (baked), toast, tea and coffee.

LUNCHEON.

Cold tongue (a left-over), baked cream toast, best and lettuce salad (a left-over), crackers and cheese, baked custards and cookies.

DINNER.

Veal and sage soup, mutton chops en casserole, spinach soufflé (a left-over), stuffed potatoes, baked apple dumplings with wine sauce, black coffee.

TUESDAY

BREAKFAST.

Bananas and cream, butter fish, stewed potatoes, muffins, toast, tea and coffee.

LUNCHEON.

Eggs and tomatoes (cooked in chafing dish), potatoes à la Lyonnaise, baked Welsh rabbit, watercress salad, bread pudding, tea.

DINNER.

Potato soup, veal cutlets, green peas, stewed tomatoes, charlotte russe, black coffee.

WEDNESDAY

BREAKFAST.

Grapefruit, cereal and cream, bacon and fried hominy, quick biscuits, toast, tea and coffee.

LUNCHEON.

Mince of veal on tomato toast (a left-over), fried French potatoes, lettuce salad, crackers and cheese, bananas and cream, cake, cocoa.

DINNER.

Glasgow broth, beefsteak, asparagus, sweet potatoes, tapioca pudding, black coffee.

THURSDAY

BREAKFAST.

Berries, rice and cream, Philadelphia scrapple, rolls, toast, tea and coffee.

LUNCHEON.

Savory beef stew (a left-over), sweet potatoes (a left-over), asparagus à la vinaigrette (a left-over), rice custard pudding (a left-over), tea.

DINNER.

Yesterday's soup (a left-over), lamb's liver en casserole, string beans, mashed potatoes, lemon jelly and sponge cake, black coffee.

EXPRESSION OF RELIGION

No Healthy Being Can Be Content to Sit and Listen to Sermons Forever.

"Mabel, never shall give drink unto the thirsty. He who gives a cup of cold water in the name of a disciple, My Father will reward him."—Matt. X, 42.

There is no need of an expression of religion in the use of adequate religious expression of our religious emotions. There are more than a hundred forms and means of religious expression; we need to know how to use them to work and service the religious emotions, passions, convictions and emotions that make our religion.

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the damage to the life. This life of ours needs fine feelings deeply stirred, but only that we may be moved to do the things of which we dream and fight the wrongs over which we weep.

A man feels this strongly in religion. He is conscious of the world's sin and sorrow; he knows its imperfections and his own; he is moved to

RIGHTEOUS INDIGNATION

against social abuses and enormities; he is stirred to longing after lofty, spiritual ideals; but unless he is already attuned by emotions unexpressed, he is crying, What can we do about these things?

It often seems that all that is being done, as definite expression of religious ideals, to bring about better conditions for individuals and for society is being done outside the church. The churches furnish the stimulus and leave to juvenile courts, mothers' congresses, child labor leagues, to the many organizations that care for the helpless and defenceless these things

that the great master himself began to do amongst men.

All these movements for the betterment of our neighbors and our race are good and it is not much use our talking about our religion unless we are doing our part along with all those who seek to wipe away needless tears and redeem humanity from darkness, who feed the hungry and clothe the destitute. No man needs to worry over his spiritual life if he is moved by the spirit of sacrificing love for his fellows, if he is giving himself thus to them.

Yet sometimes we feel that such means are too formal for the full, free living out of the religious life. We can only touch these great problems occasionally and in spots; whatever we may do through organizations, there still remains much of our faith

WITHOUT ADEQUATE EXPRESSION.

Do we not here need to learn of him who taught men so well the religious life?

The best way to put our religion into our lives is to live his kind of a life, to be just what the man of Nazareth was to men, a friend to every one whom he met. Full, free, living friendship is the best avenue for the expression of the best in any of us, and the faith that does not make a man a friend amongst men is not the faith of the great friend of sinners.

Our world needs friends. Folks need more than movements, organizations, and impersonal machinery for their relief; they need folks, eyes that look into theirs, lips that frame simple words of kindness, hearts that go out to their

own and, fusing in the fire of sympathy, lift their hearts and raise their eyes to better things, to hope and cheer and happiness.

How simple it all is, how sufficient, just to be a true, helpful friend to every other man, to look on him, not with the critic's eye, but with friendship's eye of faith to lift him, not officially, but with a brother's tenderness and strength, just to go about amongst men with the strength, cheer, sympathy, and helpfulness of the friendship that lifts and ennobles.

HENRY F. COPE.

COULD LIVE WITHOUT IT.

They were alone. With a "now-or-never" feeling, he began desperately: "Mabel, darling, I—er—your love would shed—would shed—er—I mean, would shed—" Then he stopped, utterly flabbergasted.

Without a moment's hesitation, the fair girl answered:

"Yes, George, dear, I know. But don't you think that the first year we could live without a word shed?"

He got the ring next day.

COMPLIMENTARY TO HIM.

"Really," said Cholly Sappey. "I can't understand Miss Rood at all. She actually called me a crank."

"The idea!" exclaimed Miss Cutting, "how flattering!"

"Flattering?"

"Yes; a crank, you know, is a man with a ring."



Turning up the Soil to the Sun.

bling the earth fine, that moisture may penetrate it, is an important matter, but discretion should be observed here. The zealous and unpracticed gardener is in danger of digging too much and too often. Do your weeding by hand until



Protecting Lettuce from the Sun

Housemothers' Exchange

PLEASE tell me how to prepare crystallized violets?

2. We used to have the most delicious vol-au-vents in Italy. I should like to have a recipe for the same. The filling was of a rich, greenish brown, the only recognizable ingredient being mushrooms and stoned olives.

3. Do you know of an Italian method of cooking chicken (braised, I imagine) which looks like our smothered chicken, but the fowl is disjointed before it is cooked, and the flavor is different. It was always served with salad.

Let me offer in part payment for the information I hope to receive a proved recipe for beautiful and delicious marmalade: Eight oranges, 5 pounds of granulated sugar, 2 lemons, 12 pints of water.

First morning—Wash the fruit thoroughly and, with a sharp knife, cut it into thin slices without peeling. Remove the seeds and the small end slices and put into a bowl with the water. Leave thus for twenty-four hours.

Second morning—Put the fruit and water on the stove and bring to a boil. Keep this up for an hour. Remove from fire and add the sugar to the contents of kettle while hot.

Third morning—Put the fruit back upon the stove and cook steadily for two hours. Fill jars with the hot marmalade, and seal.

I feel like a thief and a robber in accepting your "beautiful" recipe when I cannot return, as a partial equivalent, the recipes you wish to get. I have kept house in Italy for two years at a time, and visited the fairest land upon the globe at several other times. Yet I do not recognize the vol-au-vent or the smothered chicken. Chicken is invariably accompanied by salad there, and I recollect that the fowl is dismembered before it comes to table. I do not recall that the flavor was unlike that of roast chicken. In the hope that

lately, "Will you have an egg?" They as politely declined. Afterward five recalled that they "would like to have one."

It is a farce enacted daily in some homes. It is a sham only second, if at all, to the sin of overeating and overdrinking on the part of those who care nothing for the happiness of others so long as they may idle and feast.

The Father has provided abundantly for us all, and means that we shall live and let live.

Please give us truthful weekly accounts.

Help From a Masculine Member

Still another masculine member takes pen in hand to help the sisterhood. He is not a stranger to the Exchange, and is welcome whenever he steps upon our stage.

From "Mrs. S. L.'s" ill-starred venture in soap-making I infer that she used the wrong alkali in saponifying her fat. If she used potash instead of soda, the result would be soft soap, or, if the proportions were not well adjusted, the result might be what she describes. A potash soft soap may be changed into hard by boiling it in a kettle and adding gradually common table salt in small quantities until a drop of the boiling mass, taken out with a stick, yields, when pressed between the fingers, firm white flakes.

A good way of making soap at home is this: Make a strong lye with one dram of commercial caustic soda and one ounce of water, and then a weak lye with one dram of caustic soda and two ounces of water. Boil the weaker lye solution with one and a half ounces of beef tallow for half an hour in a vessel but half filled with the mixture, and then add the strong lye gradually while the boiling continues.

When, after a while, the mass becomes thick and frothy, test it by taking out a drop on a stick, which, at this stage, should, if pressed between the fingers, solidify into firm, white flakes. At this juncture add half an ounce of common salt; boil for about five minutes longer, and let the mass quietly cool. When the soap has

THE S. S. LESSON

INTERNATIONAL LESSON, MAY 10.

Lesson VI. The Mission of the Holy Spirit. Golden Text, John 14. 16.

THE LESSON WORD STUDIES.

(Based on the text of the Revised Version.)

Farewell Discourses Concluded. — It was nearly midnight when the little company left the upper chamber and proceeded slowly through the streets of the city to the eastern gate, and out across the Kidron to a secluded garden on the slope of Olivet. On the way, Jesus continues the discourse begun before leaving the supper chamber. The prospect of soon being separated from his disciples leads him to call their attention in a still more impressive and memorable way to the necessity of their being intimately united with him in a spiritual sense. This he chooses to illustrate by the use of the beautiful figure of the vine and its branches. In subsequent verses of this chapter he points out that the disciples' bond of union both with Jesus and with one another is the bond of love, and near the end of his prolonged discourse he again calls attention to the coming of the promised Comforter and of his function as one who will reveal to them more fully the things of Christ. The discourse closes with a reference to the great joy which is to follow the sorrow to which for a little while they are to be subjected, and with an added final warning and promise. The high-priestly prayer contained in chapter 17 belongs with this closing discourse of Jesus, a continuation of which forms the text of our present lesson.

Verse 26. Comforter—Or, "advocate"; or, "helper," as in the preceding lesson.

Whom I will send—The pronoun "I" is emphatic, and strikingly emphasizes the divine consciousness of Jesus.

Proceedeth from—Or, "goeth forth from."

27. Ye also bear witness—Or, "bear ye also witness." The verb in the original may be translated either as the indicative or the imperative. The testimony of the disciples is placed with that of the "Spirit of truth," who in reality often witnesses through them, inspiring their testimony.

From the beginning—The beginning of Christ's ministry.

1. That ye should not be caused to stumble—In the coming days of persecution, when called upon to bear testimony to Christ under trying circumstances.

2. They shall put you out of the synagogues—An act of ecclesiastical disfranchisement, which barred from participation in the rites and ceremonies of the established Jewish sanctuaries.

Think that he offereth service unto God—As in the case of Paul, whose persecution of the Christians was prompted by his zeal for the Jewish faith.

4. May remember them, how that I told you—The recollection that Jesus himself had foretold the things which were to come upon them would sustain them in the time of great trial and persecution.

These things I said not unto you from the beginning—He had foretold coming persecutions earlier in his association with them (compare Matt. 10. 16-39; Luke 6. 22), but now he adds to this prediction of persecution the promise of the Comforter, whom he himself will send to them from the Father.

5. Whither goest thou—Peter had, it is true, asked this very question, but not in the sense or spirit in which Jesus had spoken of his going away.

bling the earth fine, that moisture may penetrate it, is an important matter, but discretion should be observed here. The zealous and unpracticed gardener is in danger of digging too much and too often. Do your weeding by hand until the seeds are fairly up and the stems have gained wood or fiber. Nature may be trusted to take care of them thus far. Do not stir the soil about a transplanted herb or slip or root until it has taken firm hold of the new ground. Let it send out roots below and healthy shoots above before you ply the trowel in its immediate neighborhood.

In giving this advice to those who must make their summer "change" without leaving town or village or suburban quarters, yet who hunger and thirst for fresh esculents, and, what is almost as wholesome, the smell of up-turned earth and the sight of green and growing things, I do not assert that you will be able to furnish your table all summer long with salads and roots and legumes. I do affirm that you may introduce agreeable variety into your family bill of fare and get diversion and outdoor life for your fagged and harassed self if you are the owner or lessee of a thirty-five-foot square of arable soil, and have a genuine desire to get near to Nature's heart.

Alison Harlan

E K

FRIDAY

BREAKFAST.

Stewed rhubarb and cream, dried rusk soaked in milk, fritters with the rhubarb, boiled eggs, toast, tea and coffee.

LUNCHEON.

Fricassee eggs with drawn butter, tomato toast, string bean and lettuce salad (a left-over), crackers and cheese, chocolate eclairs, tea.

DINNER.

Chowder, salmon steaks, potato puff (a left-over), salad, fritters, strawberries and cream, macaroni, black coffee.

SATURDAY

BREAKFAST.

Oranges, cereal and cream, bacon and eggs, corn bread, toast, tea and coffee.

LUNCHEON.

Creamed salmon (a left-over), potatoes boiled whole with parsley sauce, fried mush, Swiss fritters with lemon sauce, tea.

DINNER.

Macaroni soup with Parmesan cheese, roast lamb, green peas, creamed carrots, orange pie, black coffee.

FROM BONNIE SCOTLAND

NOTES OF INTEREST FROM HER BANKS AND BRAES.

What is Going On in the Highlands and Lowlands of Auld Scotia.

Eight vessels were launched from Scottish shipyards during the last week of March.

Burglars have entered a stationer's shop in Johnstone and succeeded in carrying away a quantity of goods.

Glasgow is the only town which has asked Edinburgh to insure its exhibits during the coming exhibition.

Sir Hugh Shaw-Stewart, Bart., has sent a second donation of \$250 to the Port Glasgow Unemployed Relief Fund.

Mr. Alexander R. F. Whitelaw, Neilston, has been appointed superintendent of Neilston water and drainage districts.

Mr. William Crawford, Whiteside, Kirkcunzton, Dumfries, has purchased the estate of Broadchapel, Lochmaben, for \$35,000.

Trade in Dumbarton has touched such an acute stage of dulness as has not been experienced for the last twenty years.

The Government grant to County Education Committees in Scotland is being

increased this year from \$200,000 to \$300,000.

A 16-year-old lad named Robert Gemmell, was arrested in Glasgow on a charge of having kept a house for betting purposes.

Burglars are said to be still strong on the wing out Kelvinside way. One of them left a pair of boots in Hyndland Station the other night.

The brothers Nicolson, the well-known Kyles of Bute athletes, require a room in their house for nothing else but trophies they have won at athletic gatherings.

As a result of what is known as a "ship" at No. 11 furnace in the Coltness Iron Works, Newmains, five men were injured—one of them fatally—by burning.

Mr. Boslock, who has acquired the theatre at Kirkcaldy, and is to run it as a variety hall, handed over half of the first night's proceeds, \$100, to the Kirkcaldy hospital.

At the age of 84, there died recently in Aberdeen, Peter Milne, a veteran northern violinist, who was immensely popular with Aberdeen theatre-goers in the early fifties.

Some one who has been studying the Edinburgh Museum statistics mentions that the average number of visitors per hour on Sundays is four times that of the average on week days.

Charles Gowans, a well-known northern farmer of Newton of Budgate, Cawdor, was killed recently, near the railway bridge that spans the Cawdor road, by being thrown from his waggon.

Two Protests

As I foretold, the economical menu sent in by a member of the Exchange has been fallen upon vigorously by other housemanagers. I have room for but two protests today:

Though "a mere man," I venture to say a word respecting the \$3.80-per-week menu printed by you as a communication from a practical housekeeper.

In her expense account she makes no allowance for potatoes, rice, tea, salt or spices. Add these to the total, and you would have at least \$4.

With all due respect to "One Housemother," I should not care to be her "John" if I were to be limited to that menu. I could, unaided, eat all she has provided for \$3.80, and would be hungry at the end of the week.

We are two in our home, and here is an approximate estimate of our weekly expenses: Milk, 52 cents; meat, \$1; eggs, \$1.30; and other provisions in like ratio. If we could manage on \$6 per week we would think ourselves fortunate.

Our second protest is from a woman and a housemother. Before getting to her, let me thank "A. W." for the sound sense of justice displayed in his letter. Of his wife it may evidently be said that "the heart of her husband doth safely trust in her." He is not afraid to let her know the truth, lest she might be tempted to extravagance. If all men would exhibit the same spirit, we should have fewer petitions that we "would not publish these dreadful \$4-a-week lies! Men are unreasonable enough already." Thus writes one poor woman, and fifty more say the same in effect.

With two people every day in the week and nine meals for her "friends," "One Housemother" got in forty-five meals for \$3.80, or 84 cents per meal.

Where, oh, where does she buy fruit, cereals, eggs, tea, milk, potatoes, cabbage, pie, bread and butter to last six days and forty-five meals, for \$3.80? Tell us, so we may start a "get-rich-quick" boarding house. "What does her John do to be able to exist on this fare?" "Bread, 25 cents!" she dreamt out the whole list? Is the pleasant fiction designed to cheer up the hungry who fill our streets in these hard times? have been in her mind when she first wrote this prevailing prices in that great town. Yet I know one woman who cooked five soft-boiled eggs for a breakfast for nine people. All were asked po-

luta venices ovel, marrow for half an hour in a vessel, but he flung with the mixture, and then add the strong lye gradually while the boiling continues.

When, after a while, the mass becomes thick and frothy, test it by taking out a drape on a stick, which, at this stage, should, if pressed between the fingers, solidify into firm, white flakes. At this juncture add half an ounce of common salt; boil for about five minutes longer, and let the mass quietly cool. When the soap has cooled, test it again by boiling a small section of it with water, and if it form a turbid solution, it still contains some unsaponified tallow.

In which case add to it weak lye and continue boiling until the sample gives a clear solution in water. Add, again, table salt, and let it cool. If it is desirable that the soap should have the property of forming a strong lather, use half the quantity of beef tallow and substitute for the other half coconut oil.

Any quantity of soap may be boiled in this manner by observing the above proportions.

The above is worthy of respect. I at tention, since "Rosticrucian" is a practical chemist.

A Hard Problem

I was delighted with your reply to "H. Buffalo," N. Y. My life experience has been a parallel with hers. I tried to support myself and a dear old mother by taking boarders, and made a comfortable home for her for a while. When she was disabled by sickness and age my time was divided between her and the house, and I did justice to neither. At the ripe age of 52 my mother died, and I was a nervous wreck.

Tell me, please, of a good old ladies' home. Some day I shall need one. And how should I go to work to get a position as housekeeper or companion to an elderly lady? I am a skilled housekeeper and can give excellent references. Can you suggest a path for me to take?

Advertise in a daily paper, and likewise in some excellent family weekly or religious paper. Your case is not singular. I wish it were less sad. Parents should shrink from burdening dutiful children with the care of the helpless and infirm. Frankly, I do not think that they owe it to those whose duty it is to care for the offspring, who are here without their own will and consent. For my own part, I should prefer to go to a "home" rather than tie a clog about the neck of a child of mine.

Removing Spots From Silk

Will you tell me how to remove spots from a brown silk dress without discoloring it? It has been lying for years unused. I fear the spots are mildeu.

Try sponging the spots with a mixture of alcohol and ether in equal parts. Should this fail, resort to pure chloroform. If the mildeu has changed the original color, touch with alcohol. I hope you may not be forced, as a last resort, to have the gown dyed.

The death is announced at Nairn of Sir Herbert Maxwell's youngest sister, Eleanora Louisa, who was married on February 4, 1885, to Mr. Henry Macdewall of Gartland, Renfrewshire.

In addition to the usual soup kitchen rations at Johnstone, the committee two weeks since gave sanction for sixty-three services of bread, tea, sugar, butter and sausages to unemployed people in Johnstone.

The new Royal yacht Alexandra, built by Messrs. A. and J. Inglis, Limited, Pointhouse, has now completed her speed trials, with most satisfactory results. On a full-speed trial a week ago she did 19.15 knots.

Foula is to get a pier constructed, provided it raises \$1,000 for the purpose. It has already \$850, and only wants \$150 to set in motion the machinery of the Government, which is to bear the remainder of the cost.

HER KIND DEED.

At a meeting of a Band of Mercy class in a small town near Denver each child relates the kind deed he or she has recently done. One day the teacher asked little Emily to relate the kind deed she had done. She quickly rose and said:—

"I took off a tin can tied to a little dog's tail."

The teacher asked, "Did you know who tied it on?"

"Yes," replied Emily, with hesitation. "I didn't know any kind deed to report, and tied it on so that I could take it off."

(Luke 6. 22). But now he adds to this prediction of persecution the promise of the Comforter, whom he himself will send to them from the Father.

5. Whither goest thou—Peter had. It is true, asked this very question, but not in the sense or spirit in which Jesus had spoken of his going away. Now that that sense he had been made clear to them by the Master's reference to the higher and more glorious state of being on which he was about to enter, the great sorrow that had at first filled their hearts at the thought of his parting from them is somewhat lightened.

7. It is expedient for you—To your best interests and for your highest well-being.

8. Convict the world—Convince men by vindicating Christ's cause to their conscience. This conviction of the truth, however, does not necessarily imply obedience on the part of those who shall be thus convinced.

In respect of sin, and of righteousness and of judgment—By bringing these into sharper contrast with each other, and thus revealing their deeper reality and significance.

10. Of righteousness, because I go to the Father—The completed work of redemption wrought by Jesus would after his death and resurrection under the teaching of the Spirit reveal his obedience and self-sacrifice to have been an example of perfect righteousness.

11. Of judgment, because the prince of this world hath been judged—The victory of faith in Christ was to prove to be the overthrow of Satan's kingdom in the world.

12. Yet many things—Concerning both the difficulties and the glorious achievements in the work soon to be intrusted to their hands, neither of which they could at this time have understood or appreciated.

13. Into all the truth—Or, "wholly into the truth." The great mission of the Holy Spirit to the individual heart and life is to interpret the deeper meaning of Christian discipleship, and to make possible a fuller appreciation of spiritual realities.

Declare unto you the things that are to come—Not in the sense of prophetic illumination of future events, but in the sense of enabling them, to rightly understand the purpose and meaning of successive present experiences, as these shall come to them.

15. Whatsoever the Father hath—The relation between the Father, the Son, and the Holy Spirit is set forth by Jesus as being a constant and present relation of equality and co-operation.

19. Perceived that they were desirous to ask him—Rightly interpreting their look of questioning and expectation.

20. Your sorrow shall be turned into joy—The substance of his message at this point in his conversation.

22. Ye therefore now have sorrow—Because of the impending separation and loss.

23. In that day ye shall ask me no question—Or, "ask me nothing." Their future communion with their Lord is to be a spiritual communion, yet their petitions in prayer are not to be made to him directly, but of the Father, in his name.

24. Hitherto have ye asked nothing in my name—As devout believers in Jehovah they had led a life of prayer, Jesus himself having by his teaching enlarged their conception of prayer; but up to this time it was his personal teaching and example, rather than the thought of his infinite divine power and association with the Father, which had influenced their prayer life. From this time forth, after he has departed from them, they are to think of him always as their representative with the Father, in whose name their petitions are henceforth to be offered.

That your joy may be made full—The purpose in all of God's plans for his children.

Many a thoughtful toper is fuller than he thinks.

LOST FOR HALF CENTURY

VESSEL SENT IN SEARCH FOR SIR JOHN FRANKLIN.

Strange Story of the Investigator — She Has Been Found and is Seaworthy.

A story of the greatest interest is told by The London Daily Telegraph concerning the reappearance of the long-lost H. M. S. Investigator. "In the autumn of 1851 her Majesty's ship 'Investigator' was frozen in the ice in 'The Bay of God's Mercy,' in the far north, while endeavoring to find traces of Sir John Franklin and his courageous companions," says The Telegraph. "Now all the memories of those anxious, heroic times have been once more revived by the report that whalers have found the abandoned ship, and hope it may be possible to free her from the ice-grip after the lapse of fifty-six years. Our New York correspondent has suggested that the old man-of-war may even be sufficiently sound to be navigated across the Atlantic to her old home country."

PACKED IN THE FROZEN NORTH.

"Packed away in the frozen north, she has been practically in a refrigerator, maintaining her youth and the stout heart of her venerable timbers, while in less frigid zones the world has been getting older and older; sails have been superseded by steam; wood has been replaced by steel; the old salt of Captain Marryat's novels has had to make way for the modern sailor-mechanic. In the lore of the sea everything has changed since her Majesty's ship Investigator began her long rest in the ice. If she is really rescued she will be the Rip Van Winkle of the world's fleets. She will need to be refitted, of course, at some Canadian or other British port on the other side of the Atlantic, and then, under sail, with the White Ensign and the Union Jack battling with the breeze, she should make her furrow once more across the water to her long-lost home."

"Practically all who sailed in her have gone, though Admiral Sir Vesey Hamilton, who was the mate of the companion ship Assistance, is still alive to tell the story of the struggle with the elements over fifty years ago. The Investigator was commanded by one of the heroes of Arctic exploration — the late Vice-Admiral Sir Robert John Le Mesurier McClure, who was born at Wexford fifteen months after the battle of Trafalgar."

IN SEARCH OF FRANKLIN.

"In 1848 he was offered and accepted an appointment as first lieutenant in her Majesty's ship Investigator — the Rip Van Winkle of the British fleet. She had been purchased from the merchant service, and was about to leave England to make the first of many efforts to pierce the veil which hid from the world's view all traces of Sir John Franklin and his companions. England at the moment was in a fever of nervous excitement; all eyes were on the pathetic but courageous figure of Lady Franklin, hoping against hope and prepared to risk her all on the faint chance of rescuing her husband and his daring party from death, or at least finding some traces of them. Sir James Clark Ross was the captain of her Majesty's ship Investigator. This officer, his first lieutenant and Admiral Sir Leopold McClintock, one of his most daring assistants, all have passed away. The Investigator, in company with the Enterprise, went out by way of Lancaster Sound, and wintered at Leopold Island, near the northeast point of North Devon. The two ships made a fruitless search, and in the following year came back."

MAGNIFICENT BEQUESTS

TOWNS WHICH HAVE BEEN LEFT MONEY BY WEALTHY MEN.

Mr. Carnegie's Magnificent Gift to His Native Town, Dunfermline, Scotland.

It is no unusual thing for a wealthy man to make large gifts to a town during his life-time. Mr. Carnegie, for instance, has put \$2,500,000 in trust for Dunfermline, besides giving the town Pitrengren Park. But the fashion of leaving legacies to one's native place has largely gone out—at least, in England.

It was common enough in bygone days. John Thake, who died in 1537, bequeathed to Clavering, in Essex, England, a sum sufficient to give the poor of the place two barrels of herrings yearly. George Staverton, who died 240 years ago, left \$30 a year to Wokingham for the purpose of purchasing a bull, which was to be baited in the public square, and its carcass sold for the benefit of the poor.

The baiting ceased in 1823, but a fat beast is butchered on the usual date, and its flesh distributed.

At the Cornish St. Ives they still keep green the memory of John Knill, who was mayor of the borough nearly a century ago. This worthy gentleman left a considerable sum to the town, the interest of which is annually distributed between two widows, ten young girls, and a fiddler. These have to walk in procession to John Knill's tomb, around which they dance seven times, and then make merry on ginger beer and buns.

A legacy of \$1,000 left to Wednesday in the sixteenth century for the purpose of providing three gowns and three coats to poor members of the community, was invested in land, and its value now exceeds \$30,000. To-day the Charity Commissioners are able to present two hundred gowns and sixty coats out of the income.

Leighton Buzzard is one of the most fortunate towns in respect of the amount of money left to it. A seventeenth-century resident, Mr. G. Wilkes, bequeathed a sum large enough to keep no fewer than ten almshouses going, besides conferring other benefits on the poor. In memory of this charitable citizen, the boundaries of his various properties are still beaten annually and the will is read. The trustees are accompanied by the town crier and a number of boys, one of whom has to stand on his head while the will is being read. ANNOYED THE OLD MAN GREATLY.

The Swiss city of Bern has been considerably enriched by the will of Herr Feller, a wealthy brewer, who died some ten years ago. He was a citizen of Thun, and, having no near relatives, resolved to leave his money to that town, and by a first will actually did so. But a year or two before his death the people of Thun failed to elect him to the municipal council. This annoyed the old man so greatly that he made a new will.

Part of his property went to the Museum of Bern, and most of the remainder to charitable institutions in that town. The rest he left in trust to provide a yearly banquet at which the guests should be the officials of the Bern Museum, the members of the Society of Fine Arts, and the teachers at the School of Arts. The banquets are enjoined to use his plate, linen, and silver and to leave a place for him, in front of which his pet silver goblet is to stand, wreathed in flowers.

What is probably the best-endowed place in the world is Chamaret, a French village of only 600 people. In 1892 an old miser died, and left the place three-quarters of a million francs. The yearly revenue is now over \$6,000 a year, and the money not only defrays all paro-

IN MERRY OLD ENGLAND

NEWS BY MAIL ABOUT JOHN BULL AND HIS PEOPLE.

Occurrences in the Land That Reigns Supreme in the Commercial World.

Not since 1884 has there been such a decrease in British shipbuilding as within the past year.

The King has granted the Imperial Service medal to 102 retired members of the Home Civil Service.

Two masters of French trawlers were fined \$25 and \$5 at Dover for poaching in British waters.

Lord Gwydyr, father of the House of Lords, recently celebrated the ninety-eighth anniversary of his birthday.

The Bishop of Kingston has just confirmed at Richmond an old man of eighty and a woman of about the same age.

Earl Cawdor has resigned the chairmanship of the Carmarthenshire Quarter Sessions, which he has held for 23 years.

Mrs. Priscilla Crees, aged eighty-five, who has been employed as letter carrier at Blandford for thirty years, has just retired.

A woman named Carter, who had been an inmate of the local workhouse for some years, died recently at Weymouth in her 101st year.

Mr. Andrew Carnegie has promised to give \$300 towards a scheme to form small libraries for the elementary schools and villages of Dorset.

William Smith Sloper, on whose body an inquest was held recently at Liverpool, died from blood poisoning caused by sitting on a needle.

Tiny, soft-coated dogs, not much larger than kittens, at the dog show recently held in London were valued in several instances at \$1,000 each.

Upwards of a million people—1,041,083 to be exact—visited the National Gallery and the National Gallery of British Art at Millbank during last year.

A syndicate, it is said, proposes to establish a shipbuilding yard on the Wyre at Fleetwood, a growing Lancashire port much frequented by trawlers.

A Birmingham laborer named Richard Cleal, who lost the power of speech six weeks ago in consequence of a fit, had it restored again recently after another fit.

A loaf of bread, a brick, fried herrings, poker, and a frying-pan were the weapons mentioned at West Ham recently as having been used in a family squabble.

Lady tourists arriving in London this season will find near the Haymarket a travel bureau and couriers' association organized and staffed entirely by gentlemen.

Liver disease, caused by the wet weather, has broken out among flocks of sheep on the north of the Gower Peninsula, near Swansea. Several hundred animals have died.

At the old city church of St. Mildred, Bread street, in which the poet Shelley was married to Mary Godwin, the Earl of Kinnoull gave an organ recital the other day for business men.

The Admiralty announces that Admiral S. E. Holland has been placed on the retired list at his own request, and that Vice-Admiral Sir C. Drury has been promoted to the rank of admiral. Chased by the Mid-Kent Stag Hunt, a deer ran into an inn at Charing Heath. About a month ago the same deer finished up a run by entering a public house in a neighboring village.

Of \$350,000,000, the total amount of bequests to religion, charity, hospitals, and education, said Sir William Preece before the Royal Society of Arts, probably only 1 per cent. was devoted to education.

RULERS WHO COURT DEATH.

Assassinated After Being Advised of

QUEER FACTS OF HISTORY

LITTLE INCIDENTS THAT ARE NOT IN THE SCHOOL BOOK.

An Assault on Mr. Speaker—A Brave Drummer Boy—Window Which Caused a War.

The sanctity of the Speaker is an inviolable law of Parliamentary England, yet once the necessities of the nation were so great that an "assault and battery" had to be made upon his sacred person.

It was in the third Parliament of Charles I. that the angry Commons framed their Petition of Rights. This cut at the very root of the King's prerogative, and among those in the House who opposed it was Mr. Speaker.

Upon Sir John Elliott moving its acceptance the Speaker essayed to leave the chair, which would, of course, have proved fatal to the Bill. But they were ready for him, and Hollis and Valentine seized him, one on each side, and literally held him in the chair until the formality of the reading was over.

So vital was the petition considered that Cromwell said in the Lobby afterwards, "Had we been defeated I should have left England to-night."

WHAT NAPOLEON OWED A DRUMMER BOY.

To Andre Etienne, Napoleon owed a debt he could never repay.

Andre was a drummer-boy at the battle of Arcola. The canal at Arcola was Napoleon's Rubicon, for there it was decided that he and he alone should rise to unparalleled power, the phoenix-bird from the ashes of the terrible Revolution. But he would not have won without Andre.

His troops were ragged, footsore, and half starved. The battle was going against them: All seemed lost. Suddenly Andre leapt into the canal, and holding his drum above his head, swam across, and on the other bank beat an irresistible charge.

The French soldiers rallied, and in a few moments Napoleon's great victory was assured. Thus by this lad's heroism were the fruits of his genius brought within reach of the World's Conqueror, for Arcola proved the turning point in his glittering career.

LADS WHO CONVERTED THE WORLD

The Mission of St. Augustine is one of the most striking instances of vast results coming from trifles. Nothing in itself could be more trivial than the meeting of Gregory with the three Yorkshire boys in the slave market at Rome. Yet this sight roused in his mind a feeling which he never lost.

Unable himself to carry Christianity westward, he inspired the journey of St. Augustine. From Canterbury, the first English Christian city, from Kent, the first English Christian kingdom, arose the whole constitution of Church and State in England. As a direct consequence came the Christianity of Germany, then after a long interval, of North America.

And now the effect of those laddies' faces is reflected over the whole habitable globe.

A WINDOW WHICH CAUSED A WAR.

A terrible war was once caused by a window.

It was in the days when Louis XIV., "Le Grand Monarque," was dazzling Europe. His Minister, Louvois, was superintending on the King's behalf the building of the Palace of the Trianon in the park at Versailles. Louis inspected the buildings one afternoon and declared one of the windows to be out of shape and smaller than the rest. This Louvois denied, and the King had the window measured, with the result that he was proved to be right, and he openly, before all the Court, ridiculed Louvois.

But the Minister had his revenge: for

daring assistants, have all passed away. The Investigator, in company with the Enterprise, went out by way of Lancaster Sound, and wintered at Leopold Island, near the northeast point of North Devon. The two ships made a fruitless search, and in the following year came back.

LAST VOYAGE TO THE NORTH.

"By this time the Government and the whole nation were in a condition of reckless determination to solve the mystery; it had to be solved. Plans for a renewed effort were immediately settled. Captain Collinson was given the command, with the Enterprise as the senior officer's ship, and McClure, who had shown himself well fitted for the post by his resourcefulness and energy, was given the command of the companion vessel, the old Investigator. The expedition also included the Assistance, in which Admiral Hamilton served, and the Resolute; but the latter ships had a more or less independent commission, under Captain Austin; they were to search the Barrow Strait. Our concern is with McClure, and the Investigator and Enterprise. The vessels sailed from Plymouth on January 20, 1850, and since that eventful day no one in England has cast eyes on the former little man-of-war—she is only of 500 or 600 tons displacement.

BAY OF GOD'S MERCY.

"Ultimately the Investigator was forced into what proved to be half a century's banishment in an inlet on the northern shore of Banks' Land. McClure had been so baffled about that he accepted this fate with some amount of satisfaction, because his lot might have been worse. In the feeling of relief he named the inlet 'The Bay of God's Mercy,' and there the Investigator has lain, absolutely frozen up, undergoing a process of refrigeration for upwards of half a century.

"From September, 1851, until the following summer the frozen-up ship was McClure's headquarters. At last the situation began to assume a grave aspect. Food was running short, and the crew were suffering from illness. There was no prospect of relief. McClure at length decided that he had no course but to abandon the little vessel to her fate, and seek safety for himself and his companions, if such were to be found anywhere in these silent walls.

THE CREW RESCUED.

"He had come to this determination when Lieutenant Bedford Pim appeared on the scene by chance. He had come across from the Resolute, which by this time had got into Melville Sound. McClure found all his doubts come to life once more. His hopes were centered on waiting to save the Investigator, and he thought of getting stores from the Resolute, and seeing the incident out to a finish. Before coming to a final decision, he went across to the Resolute, where he conferred with Captain Kellett. By this time the illness among his men had increased, and he had no alternative but to leave the Investigator to her fate, and convey his men across the ice to the Resolute.

"Thus it came about that the Investigator was left in the ice pack, while her captain and crew took passage in the Resolute. They were afterwards transferred to the North Star, and reached England on September 28, 1854, after an absence of four years and eight months. It was an eventful voyage, and now the home-coming of the Investigator, after half a century, will prove an appropriate sequel to the discovery of the Northwest Passage."

to stand, wreathed in flowers. What is probably the best-endowed place in the world is Chamarel, a French village of only 600 people. In 1892 an old miser died, and left the place three-quarters of a million francs. The yearly revenue is now over \$6,000 a year, and the money not only defrays all parochial expenses, but provides a Christmas box of about five dollars apiece for the heads of the various families. La Haye, in Normandy, is almost equally well off. Twenty years ago a M. Fortier, a prosperous resident, left his whole fortune to the place, and as the income is \$4,250 a year, and there are only eighty families in the village, the result is very pleasant for them. One-third of the money is devoted to provide bread, boots, and medicines at reduced prices for the inhabitants, another third makes a savings bank nucleus for young couples about to marry, while the remainder is distributed in cash among the conscripts who have been called to the colors from La Haye.—Pearson's Weekly.

STRAW FOR HATS.

How the Wheat is Planted and Garnered—Bleaching the Stalks.

Few people know where the straw for making summer hats comes from. A great part of it is grown in Italy. To make suitable straw the wheat is sown as thickly as possible, in order that the growth of the plant may be impoverished, as well as to produce a thin stalk having toward the end from the last knot the lightest and longest straw.

The wheat blooms at the beginning of June, and is pulled up by the roots by hand when the grain is half developed. It is allowed to remain in the ground a longer time the straw would become brittle.

About five dozen uprooted branches, the size of the compass of two hands, are firmly tied together into little sheaves and stowed away in barns. Then the straw is again spread out to catch the heavy summer dews and to bleach in the sun. After additional bleaching the straw is put into small bundles and classified.

Finally it is cut close above the first joint from the top and again tied up in small bundles containing about sixty stalks each.

MEDICINE FROM SEAWEED.

Horsehair Combs for Upholstery—Soap Made From Banana Skin.

In the South of Norway farmers are now making a far better living by gathering seaweed than from their farming operations. This seaweed is dried and burned, and from the resulting ashes which are sold to manufacturing chemists, iodine, a valuable medicine, is obtained.

Horse-hair combs are valuable, being worth twenty-five cents per pound. After being cleaned and graded the hair is used for upholstery.

The innocent banana skin has its uses also. It is rich in alkali and in the West Coast of Africa; the skins are hoarded, dried and afterwards burnt to ashes. This ash mixed with water and palm oil goes to make a soap ball which is seen on every village market stall.

If you were told that you had combed your hair with an old boot, or buttoned your dress with an old pair of slippers, you might resent such a statement. It is quite possible, however. Old shoes are cut up by machinery into small pieces and soaked for a few days in chloride of sulphur, which makes the leather hard and brittle. It is then dried and ground to powder, after which it is mixed with some material of the nature of glue or gum, and compressed into the required shape for buttons, combs, knife-handles, and such things.

and education, said to be the best before the Royal Society of Arts, probably only 1 per cent. was devoted to education.

RULERS WHO COURT DEATH.

Assassinated After Being Advised of Danger.

That some twenty rulers, elective as well as hereditary, have been assassinated within the past forty years, is largely due to a bravery which in some instances has closely approached foolhardiness.

The late King Carlos of Portugal, for example, knew perfectly well that a plot against his dynasty had been hatched by desperate men, who would stick at nothing to accomplish their ends. Yet he drove through the capital to his death in an open carriage, taking scarcely even the most ordinary precautions.

The unhappy Tsar Alexander of Russia, again, was warned, urged, implored even, not to venture forth on the day he was blown to pieces by a bomb. But he refused to listen; and even after the first explosion, insisted on quitting his sleigh to see to the wounded, instead of driving straight home, with the result that he met the death he might almost be said to have voluntarily sought.

Then there was the case of President McKinley, who could not be dissuaded from shaking hands with all the rag, tag, and bobtail of Buffalo, although warned by his secret police that he was risking his life in so doing. Similarly, President Carnot might be alive to-day had he followed the advice of M. Casimir-Perier, and refrained from going to Lyons on that fatal day in June, 1894.

King Humbert was warned, not once but many times, of the imminent danger he was in after the political crisis of June 18th, 1900. Yet we find him, only six weeks later, driving unescorted amongst the fanatical and turbulent populace of Monza, where he was fatally shot.

Of course, there are exceptions. King Alfonso, for instance, chose to drive to church to get married in a steel-clad bomb-proof coach. To which wise precaution is due the fact that he and his queen are alive to-day.

THE MASTER BURGLAR.

Man Who Employed Eight Assistants Convicted in an English Court.

Three and a half years' penal servitude and two years police supervision was the sentence passed at Newington Sessions on Joseph Hebburn, aged 25, known among thieves as "Manuel," who was convicted of burglary at 167 High Street, Putney, England.

Detective-Sergeant Davies said Hebburn was a notorious criminal, who had eight burglars working for him. Two of his assistants were at the sessions last December sentenced to eighteen and fifteen months' respectively, and two others were before the court on Wednesday and were also sent to prison for long periods.

According to the detective, Hebburn and his gang had been a source of great trouble, and recently there had been no fewer than sixteen serious burglaries in Clapham, Wandsworth and Battersea of which they were suspected. Hebburn was an expert burglar, his slimmest and short stature being very useful, enabling him to wriggle through small openings. He was known to be a good trainer of burglars.

LIKE TO BE COAXED.

Some days I sit and wish that I were rated as a millionaire. For then I would have coin to buy My wife the clothes she wants to wear.

But other days I'm very glad I have no ready coin to blow; For every new thing she has had She's had to love and coax me so.

to select the buildings one afternoon and declared one of the windows to be out of shape and smaller than the rest. This Louvois denied, and the King had the window measured, with the result that he was proved to be right, and he openly, before all the Court, ridiculed Louvois.

But the Minister had his revenge; for with the angry ejaculation that "he would find better employment for a monarch than that of insulting his favorites," he embroiled France by his intolerance in a quarrel with the Powers, which only ended years later in the Peace of Ryswick after a war which entailed the loss of many lives and the expenditure of large sums of money.—Pearson's Weekly.

CURE OF TUBERCULOSIS.

Experiments Demonstrate the Value of Mercury.

That mercury can be used as an effective weapon against the ravages of tuberculosis is asserted by Naval Surgeon Barton Lisle Wright in the last issue of the United States Naval Bulletin.

Administered by deep muscular injections, the mercurial treatment undertaken by Dr. Wright has thus far been so successful that general attention has been directed to the results, and Medical Inspector C. T. Hibbert, with other authorities, is convinced that science should look more deeply into the value of mercury as a specific for the dreaded disease.

Dr. Wright first observed the effects of mercury on tubercular patients in the spring of 1905, during the latter part of his four of duty at the United States Naval Hospital, Pensacola, Fla., where the Bureau of Medicine and Surgery had established a temporary camp for the treatment of tuberculosis. He had under his care patients infected with the disease and found that the pulmonary lesions of these patients improved rapidly under the influence of mercury. He was at the same time administering other remedies, but it became evident to him that the mercury was the agent most effective in combating the disease.

Last September, Dr. Wright had an opportunity to again practise the treatment in California. The first results there were not satisfactory, but when the quantities of mercury injected were increased immediately and decided improvement took place.

Several practically hopeless cases have been given the treatment, and it is asserted, steady improvement, with gain of strength and weight, has resulted.

DEATH IN THE CAMERA.

Remarkable Story of a Snap-Shot in Ausiria.

A remarkable love tragedy occurred at Sereinja, Austria, recently, as the sequel of a snapshot.

Peter Begesh, a military inspector, had been out in the country taking photographs, and on his return called on his fiancée and gratefully told her he had discovered another romance in the village. He had seen a friend of his walking with his arm around the waist of a girl, and had snapped them as they went by. He explained that he did not identify the girl, but that when he had developed the plate he would send it to her.

His fiancée asked him to destroy the plate, as it might cause trouble, but Begesh replied that he could not miss such an excellent joke, and went home.

Later in the day he rushed back with a revolver in one hand and a photograph in the other. Before his fiancée could say a word he shot her through the heart. He then turned the weapon against himself and committed suicide.

The photograph showed that his fiancée had taken advantage of his absence in the country to go out with a male friend.

FROM BONNIE SCOTLAND

NOTES OF INTEREST FROM HER BANKS AND BRAES.

What is Going On in the Highlands and Lowlands of Auld Scotia.

Elgin Smallpox Hospital has now been completed. It has cost \$7,250. During the past month the customs revenue at Aberdeen amounted to \$111,905.

The \$10,000 necessary to establish a mining school in Cowdenheath has been secured.

Forfar Town Council, with a view to popularizing the town, have appointed a Sports Committee.

A clerk in Dundee Shore Dues Office has absconded. His defalcations are estimated at \$10,000.

The Lyceum Theatre, Govan, was recently entered by burglars and about \$200 in money was stolen.

Mr. J. Matheson, teacher, Claddach, Kirkcubbin, has been presented with a purse of sovereigns on his retirement.

About fifty men are employed doubling the North British Railway between Inverkeilor and Lunan Bay.

The Scottish Coast Mission continues to do splendid work amongst the fishing communities in Arbroath and neighborhood.

The late Dr. McBain's Inverness Gaelic Dictionary has been out of print for some time, and a new edition is to be published.

Clydebank enjoyed the sensation the other day of seeing a real live Russian baron, driving a motor car, pound into a plebeian sweeping machine.

It is stated that the late Marquis of Eute offered to restore Holyrood Chapel, but Queen Victoria disapproved of the proposed restoration.

Major Mowbray, of Otterston, has given an abatement of rent amounting from 10 to 25 per cent., to his farm tenants because of the bad harvest.

One of the licenses applied for in Glasgow this year is to empower a shop to be opened in the Gorbals for the sale of Jewish wines under Jewish laws.

Mr. W. D. Wilkinson, licensed grocer, Crossgate, Cupar, who is a deacon in St. John's U. F. Church, has surrendered his license to sell intoxicating liquors.

Sir Henry Littlejohn has been appointed consulting medical officer of health and surgeon of police in Edinburgh at his former salary of \$3,750 per annum as chief.

The parish church of Eskdalemuir was recently re-opened after extensive renovation and alteration of the interior. A pipe organ was used in the service for the first time.

The sanitary inspector at Patrick has taken exception to the floors of the city's new slaughter-houses at Merklands being washed out with polluted water drawn from the Clyde.

The death at Stonehaven is announced of Captain Wm. Stephen, late of the merchant service, whose grandfather, Alex. Stephen, fought under Nelson at the battles of the Nile and Trafalgar.

Dr. Alex. Crum Brown, who is retiring from the chair of chemistry in Edinburgh, after having occupied it for 40 years, is a half-brother of the late Dr. John Brown, author of "Rab and His Friends."

The Carnegie University Trust proposes making the following grants this year: Edinburgh University, £11,000; Glasgow University, £11,100; Aberdeen University, £8,600, and St. Andrews University, £7,500.

A steamer ran ashore in Aberdeen Bay, near the mouth of the Don, the other day, and public interest was so great that the shops in the neighborhood of Doormouth were quite emptied of provisions on the Sunday by visitors to the scene.

For the third year in succession a blackbird has built its nest in a chan-delier in the centre of the North Berwick Parish Church Hall. The bird came in and out at one of the windows.

THE CITY OF KHARTUM

CAPITAL OF THE SOUDAN IS A WIDE AWAKE TOWN.

London Journalist Describes the Great City of Central Africa—Grave of Gordon.

Sidney Low, writing in the London Standard, gave the following account of the city of Khartum—the grave of Gordon—now capital of the Soudan:

Your first emotion over Khartum yields to a sentiment of surprise as you begin to look around you, a surprise abundantly justified when you recall the recent history of the place. Nine years ago, when it fell into the hands of the victors of Kereri, Khartum was a heap of ruin and rubbish. Founded by Mehmet Ali in 1834, it had been a town of some importance and pretension as the centre of Egyptian rule in the Soudan.

UTTERLY DESTROYED.

For that reason, as soon as Mohammed Amhed, the Mahdi, got possession of the town he set about to destroy it utterly. The public buildings were burned, the private dwellings, mostly of mud, were dismantled, the inhabitants, or such of them as had escaped massacre, were commanded to transfer themselves to Omdurman, some three miles away on the opposite bank of the Nile.

This village became an immense human warren, and, under the Khalifa, it was probably the largest town, measured by population, in all Africa. Within sight of its festering alleys Khartum crumbled to dust in the sun. When Kitchener entered it, on September 3, 1898, to hold the funeral service over Gordon and hoist the Two Flags on a wrecked battlement of Gordon's palace, it was lifeless and vacant. An entirely new city had to be created.

A FAIR START.

So far this was an advantage. The builders had no hampering vestige of the past to deal with. They were not encumbered by the hopeless ground-plan of an Eastern town, nor were their efforts after light and sanitation thwarted by the existence of a nest of twisting lanes and interlocking courts.

They would start fair and lay out their streets and open spaces with a mathematical symmetry for which municipal reformers at home sigh in vain. This is typical of much else in the Soudan.

Its administrators are more fortunate than those who are concerned with countries thickly grown over with the tradition and inheritance of the past, such, for instance, as India and Egypt.

War and revolution had cleared the ground for them, and they could lay their own foundation and work from them.

A GROWN-UP TOWN.

Khartum reveals the results of a bold and far-sighted action. Its second founders were convinced from the outset that they were the holders of a new city. Though it is so new and young, it bears the aspect of a capital; it seems to be preparing itself for a great future.

I confess that when I considered the situation of Khartum and the swiftness with which it had sprung up out of the dust of its own decay, I expected to find it makeshift and provisional. I figured it to myself as a sort of frontier camp, or, at the best, like some of the civil stations in India, where everything has a hasty appearance, as if prepared for people who were not life-long residents, but only temporary sojourners under alien stars.

But there is nothing of that transient feeling about Khartum; it has no rawness, despite its youth, and, though still unfinished, it has a settled air, as if it were the work of men who realized that they were planning for the future.

LIES IN DESERT.

ELEPHANTS OF LOMAGUNDI.

Protected Beasts That are Destroying Property and Killing People.

The Rev. Mr. Grantham, who is in charge of the Wesleyan Mission at Lomagundi, has again had occasion to complain of the destructiveness and viciousness of the elephants that ravage that district. A few years ago there was only one small herd of about a dozen, but to-day Mr Grantham places their number at over 100.

This has been corroborated by other gentlemen, who have placed boys at various points of the country for the special purpose of ascertaining the numerical strength of the brutes. They go about the district in small herds of about fifteen, and have for the last nine months been a source of terror.

Nothing is safe from them, and they are apparently fearless. They raid the kraals at night, scattering the fires in the lands, and what they do not eat of the crops they destroy in pure wantonness. Already three kraals have been deserted owing to their frequent visitations. The whole of the Umvokwe Range, which extends for a good many miles, bears traces of their depredations.

Trees are rooted up and broken down all over the hills and the vleis are covered with the pits made by the animals wallowing. Almost every herd contains a number of calves, and the older elephants are vicious in the extreme, and woe betide any unsuspecting native who happens to come upon a herd. Their agility and the rapidity with which they travel is wonderful, and they can glide through the veldt almost noiselessly.

The natives that have already been injured were usually unaware of the presence of the brutes until they came charging down upon them. Vicious and destructive, they are a source of danger to life. Representations are being made to the Government and it is possible that special steps will be taken to rid the district of the pest.

HOW KINK-KILLERS ARE KILLED.

The Dreadful Fate Which Some of Them Undergo.

These amongst the assassins of the late King of Portugal and his son who fell victims to the sabres and bullets of the soldiery and police were lucky. For even in these humanitarian days the lot of the regicide, when caught, is not usually a very enviable one. To be hanged is the least he can expect.

Perpetual solitary imprisonment is a far more dreadful fate. It drove Bresci, the assassin of King Humbert of Italy, to suicide; and it has transformed Lucchini, who murdered the Empress of Austria, into a hopeless imbecile.

Amongst the plotters implicated in the murder of the late Shah of Persia, one was tortured to death in prison, while another was incased in wet plaster-of-paris, which, on setting, slowly crushed the life out of him. Three of the assassins of a previous Shah were boiled alive in huge copper cauldrons.

So late as the year 1831, the two Mavromichalis, who slew Count Capo d'Istria, the first president of Greece, were immured with close brick walls, built round them up to their chins, and supplied with salted food but no drink until they died.

Damens, who attempted the life of King Louis XV., was first barbarously tortured, and then torn to pieces by wild horses. This awful punishment was publicly carried out in one of the principal squares of Paris no longer ago than March 28th, 1757. Ravallac, who assassinated Henry IV. of France, suffered a similar fate.

The murder of Selim III. of Turkey was publicly impaled, hanging five and a half days in dreadful torment. Those who did to death his immediate successor, Mustapha IV., were tortured and starved on alternate days, and deprived of sleep by night, until death came to their relief.

NEWS FROM THE MINES

REPORTED SALE OF KEELEY PROPERTY FOR QUARTER MILLION.

Montreal River Section—Road Badly Wanted From Charlton to Elk Lake.

Alex. Dube, who is associated with Mr. J. B. Moynere, general merchant of Cobalt, returned on Wednesday from Larder Lake and reports that considerable preparation is being made for the summer. The 20-stamp mill at Br. Beddicks should be in operation by May 1st. On the Harris-Maxwell a 10 stamp mill is running and good reports have been forthcoming. The Barabara Point Company are also reported to be putting in machinery over the winter roads, writes a Cobalt correspondent.

A few prospectors are still leaving for Lower Lorrain and staking is still in progress. The much-talked-of sale of the Keeley property at a price said to be a quarter of a million dollars has apparently gone through at last and the Nipissing Company are believed to be the purchasers, having paid a cash deposit of \$50,000 on the property. Some additional new finds have been reported in the new belt, but no confirmation has as yet been made.

ELK LAKE ROAD WANTED.

The completion of the T. & N. O. Railroad from Charlton to Elk Lake would meet with the greatest possible praise from the residents of Elk district. This road would be the means of cutting off a great deal of expense in connection with getting in supplies, which at the present time are taken in at considerable expense, with the result of big prices to the consumer. Including the Earleton road, Charlton and Liskeard roads cut into the new mining district, it is estimated that the Government has spent more money already that would have completed the road some ten miles into Elk Lake, and one of these roads at least has never been used, so it is hoped that the railroad into Elk Lake will be completed at an early date. It would seem that, with the vast mineralized area now being proven and developed, with good substantial towns springing up, the Government will see its way clear to begin the work of completion of the most necessary road at the earliest possible moment.

A NEEDED LUMBER MILL.

The new district is particularly fortunate in having a first-class sawmill on Elk Lake, on the Tudhope side, about five miles south of Elk Lake City. This plant consists of a 40-horsepower boiler, and with a daily capacity of 10,000 feet of lumber per day. The mill belongs to the St. Lawrence Lumber and Mining Company, situated on a veteran claim. The company has good accommodation for its men, a force of 12 being employed at present, and this force will be increased to 25 very shortly. A new and up-to-date boarding house is being built; there are about 25 mines and prospects close to this mill to which lumber can be delivered on scows on the lake. The company has the mining rights on several veteran claims, two of which have passed inspection, and are very promising. The company is increasing its capacity to 20,000 feet of lumber per day.

As regards the riches of the Montreal River section, a visit to the district is all that is necessary to convince any far-seeing person.

WENT OUT ON STRIKE.

The Beaver mine last practically all its force on account of the strike. But for this No. 1 and No. 2 shafts would have been connected before now, as the distance to make the connection was only ten feet. No. 2 shaft is now down 180 feet, and No. 1 100 feet. No. 2 shaft will be sunk to greater depth, and in all probability 200 feet further, and

Bay, near the mouth of the Don, the other day, and public interest was so great that the shops in the neighborhood of Doimouth were quite emptied of provisions on the Sunday by visitors to the scene.

For the third year in succession a blackbird has built its nest in a chandelier in the centre of the North Berwick Parish Church Hall. The bird flies in and out at one of the windows, and is quite undisturbed by the presence of people in the building.

FAREWELL, CARRIER PIGEON.

Wireless Telegraphy Has Almost Done Away With These Birds.

One result of the general introduction of wireless telegraphy, that appears to have been overlooked up till now, is the threatened uselessness of the carrier pigeon.

Just as the introduction of the railway, combined with the advent of the electric telegraph, sealed the fate of the post-horse and his rider, so has Marconi's wonderful invention largely rendered useless for most practical purposes the retention of these swiftly-flying birds, once considered so indispensable in military and naval operations especially.

The German authorities were the first to move in the matter. Then the French Government decreed that "pigeongrams" should cease henceforth to be officially recognized, both as regards the Army and the Navy. And now comes the news that the British Admiralty has decided to do away with its carrier pigeon service, so far as home stations are concerned, and that the pigeon lofts at Devonport, Portsmouth, Sheerness, and elsewhere, are to be abolished.

And this, it is to be feared, is but the beginning of the inevitable end. Even the various commercial pigeon postal services existing in various parts of the world, have been, or are being, discontinued, including the famous one established between Auckland, New Zealand, and the isolated Great Barrier Island, in the summer of 1899.

In short, the bird, considered simply as a news carrier, has had its day. It has been a long "day," however, dating back at least as far as the siege of Modena, 43 B. C., when Hirtius and Brutus kept up a regular correspondence by their aid.

RUSSIAN RAILROAD STORY.

How a Student Thought to Relieve the Tedium of Travel.

The tedium of railway travelling in Russia was relieved the other day in an unexpected manner. In a compartment of the train going from Kursk to Kief sat a beautiful young lady next to a chatty priest, with whom she held an animated conversation. Opposite sat a student who envied the priest the causerie which he was enjoying, writes the St. Petersburg correspondent of the London Globe.

As the evening came on the girl fell asleep and the priest nodded his head in slumber. That was an opportunity which no self-respecting practical joker could afford to let slip. Bending forward, the student kissed the sleeping damsel and sprang back into his seat.

The salute awakened the girl, who, thinking that it was her neighbor, the priest, who had dared to kiss her, jumped up and gave him a sounding box on the ears. The student rejoiced greatly. There was a commotion, the policeman accompanying the train was summoned, and he at once drew up a "protocol" against the wronged priest, while the student offered to appear as a witness in the law court at Kief.

But at the last moment a young Jewess who had been sitting in a dark corner unobserved by anybody stepped forward, denounced the poor priest from the terrible accusation, and then it was the student's turn to feel miserable.

prepared for people who were not like long residents, but only temporary sojourners under alien stars.

But there is nothing that transient feeling about Khartum; it has no rawness, despite its youth, and, though still unfinished, it has a settled air, as if it were the work of men who realized that they were planning for the future.

LIES IN DESERT.

It lies in the midst of a brown and yellow wilderness, which we do wrong to call desert, since it needs but water to redden it with a garment of verdure. The water is there, in the two mighty rivers—blue with the silt from the Abyssinian hills and white with the flood from the lakes of the Equator—that mingle their streams at this point.

The water is there, but it is not easy, for political and other reasons, to filter it over this thirsty land. The city of Khartum, however, is allowed to take its toll, and it shows the result in a wealth of greenery, of bloom and foliage and rustling branch, which delight the tired senses after the glare and barrenness of the long, hot journey from the north.

BEAUTIFUL PICTURE.

All along the river front and in the gardens behind it, and especially in those of the palace, the slender, willow-like palms bow their stately heads like tall young princesses, as if in acknowledgement of the nosegays of red and yellow blossoms, which the Parkinsonia, the poinsettia, the mustard tree, the sisilian—the flowering thorn of the Sudan—and other lesser shrubs toss to their knees.

The streets have been planted, as I have said, with a generous amplitude, and, though there are many vacant spaces in them still, they give promise of becoming handsome boulevards with time. Already enterprising Greeks and venturesome Italians have established thriving shops, which gave to the main thoroughfares a busy and mercantile appearance.

THE FIRST RADIUM ROBBERY.

The Thief Has Possessed Himself of a Dangerous Substance.

It was bound to come sooner or later. And, now behold, it has come. For the first time in the world's history there has been chronicled the theft of a quantity of radium.

It was not a large quantity. Indeed, it could not very well be so, considering that the sum total of the radium stock of the whole of Europe is only about forty grams, or, say, one-twelfth of an ounce Troy.

But as radium is worth just now, at current market rates, \$480,000 an ounce, the individual, whoever he was, who walked off at Glasgow University with Professor Soddy's one-fourth of a gram, has illicitly acquired possession of property worth \$250.

The difficulty for him, however, will be to realize. He can hardly advertise it in the "For Sale" columns of a daily paper. He cannot raise money on it at a pawnshop, for not even the most enterprising and up-to-date of "uncles" would lend anything on a microscopic fragment of dirty dust that a pins point would more than cover.

Neither can he keep it in his pocket—with safety to himself. For the tiny speck of seemingly harmless stuff would burn through clothing, and flesh, and muscle, and bone, more surely than vitriol, and would beside give rise to an ulcerous sore that would take years to heal, if ever it did.

Even for the thief to examine his stolen booty would mean blindness, unless he exercised extraordinary and elaborate precautions. For the radio-activity of the pure mineral is such that it destroys the optic nerve as surely as it eats up gold or carbonises a diamond, only more quickly.

So that, on the whole, it would seem that the wisest course for the man who stole that tube of radium would be to seek out Mr. Soddy and beg of him, on his knees, if need be, to retake possession of it.

suffered a similar fate.

The murder of Selim III. of Turkey was publicly impaled, lingering five and a half days in dreadful torment. Those who did to death his immediate successor, Mustapha IV., were tortured and starved on alternate days, and deprived of sleep by night, until death came to their relief.

THIEF WAS REPENTANT.

Stole \$20 from Purse near Coffin—Wrote to Mourning Husband.

While the body of Mrs. W. W. Macfarlane, of Chester, Penn., was lying in the house, cold in death, a sneak thief entered the house and stole a \$20 bill from a purse which was lying near the casket. The money was not missed until Mr. Macfarlane, who is general manager of the Sharpless Dyewood Extract Company, received the following letter:

"Mr. Macfarlane:—I am sorry for you, but I need the money. I walked in your side door and took 20 dollars out of the purse on your sofa. I am a thief, but I will pay you back some time. I seen a woman coming out of a house and asked her who was dead & that is how I know who you are. I can't get no work, so I am most crazy.

"Al, Muddy."

The supposition is that the thief came to the rear of the house for the purpose of asking for food, and, finding no one about the house, passed to the side door, saw the purse through the entrance, took the money and departed, and after he saw the crepe on the front door he found out who lived in the house and wrote the note because he was conscience-stricken. The woman whom the man met when he left the house was Miss Annie de Lannoy.

DANISH GIRL GOT CARDS.

Australian School Girls All Claimed Title of Cleverest.

A Danish girl, living in her father's house in Denmark, having probably heard something about Sydney, Australia, and anxious to add to her collection of postcard views from Australia, hit upon a plan, the success of which will probably astonish her. Having selected a card with a very pretty rural scene of the home in which she lived, the little maiden addressed the card in English. "To the cleverest girl in the biggest school in Sydney, and would she please send a card in return?" The card was delivered by the postman to the girls' high school in Elizabeth street. The pupils, numbering some 500, are going to forward each a card to their unknown Danish friend. She will, therefore, receive 500 post-cards.

DENE-HOLES IN ENGLAND.

A large group of the singular excavations known as dene-holes was recently discovered in the forest between Woolwich and Erith. Their positions were indicated by cup-like depressions in the ground. Two of the holes have been explored. Each possess a circular shaft about three feet in diameter, with holes in the sides, apparently intended for the support of ladders. The holes run down about 50 feet through earth, then pass through 4 or 5 feet of chalk, and expand into caverns 18 feet in height. Each cavern has 6 chambers, grouped radially round the bottom of the central shaft. This is the ordinary arrangement found in dene-holes, which have been thought by archeologists to be secret receptacles for the storage of grain used about the time of the Roman occupation of Britain, or earlier.

AN HEIRLOOM.

Father—"Now, what did the teacher say when you showed him the translation I helped you with last night?" Son—"He said that I was getting more and more stupid every day."

WENT OUT ON STRIKE.

The Beaver mine last practically all its force on account of the strike. But for this No. 1 and No. 2 shafts would have been connected before now, as the distance to make the connection was only ten feet. No. 2 shaft is now down 180 feet, and No. 1 100 feet. No. 2 shaft will be sunk to greater depth, in all probability 200 feet further, and No. 1 will be sunk an equal depth, when another connection will be made. The recent development work on the Beaver property has given most encouraging results, and it is calculated that with greater depth large quantities of high-grade ore will be mined.

Last Saturday a new find was made in No. 4 tunnel on the Colonial property, and has increased in width, and now shows about six inches. The vein is of calcite, and said to contain rich silver values. The Colonial property is well situated and will undoubtedly become one of the big producers of the camp in time.

Capt. Jeffrey is preparing for extensive development work during the summer on the Chambers-Ferland property. It is rumored that the greater portion of the work will be let by contract.

The most encouraging feature in connection with the camp in general is the increased production, and it is estimated that the output for the first three months of the year aggregated \$2,000,000. Machinery continues to be installed. From recent computation it would appear we have in the camp 80 steam plants, 147 boilers and 54 compressors, a total horsepower of 8,408.

SLICING UP MONSTER DIAMONDS.

Famous Gems Have Been Greatly Reduced in Size.

It is to be hoped that in the case of the great Cullinan diamond, now being cut for the King at Amsterdam, there may be no repetition of the blundering which has so seriously reduced the value of that other British Royal gem, the world-famous Koh-i-noor.

This latter, which was originally known as the Great Mogul, weighed in its rough state nearly 800 carats. When, however, it came into the possession of Shah Jehan, it was entrusted by that monarch to one Hortensio Burghese, a Venetian lapidary, to be cut.

So unskillfully was the operation performed that the huge diamond was reduced to a mere fragment, weighing only 186 carats. Jehan was so enraged that he not only refused to pay the lapidary, but he also fined him one thousand rupees.

The diamond was again cut, by order of Queen Victoria, in 1852, an operation which resulted in its weight being still further reduced, this time to 102½ carats. In other words, nearly seven-eighths of the original stone has been ground and sliced away, in order to add to the symmetry and appearance of the remaining one-eighth.

Nor is the Koh-i-noor the only famous gem to have been thus mutilated. Indeed, there seems to be a peculiar fatality attaching to the cutting and polishing of big diamonds.

Thus, the magnificent Star of the South, a pure white Brazilian stone of the first water, discovered in 1855, weighed originally 255 carats, exactly half of which was lost through clumsy cutting. The beautiful Rajah of Malacca diamond was reduced from 787 carats to 367, the Pitt or Regent diamond from 410 to 136, and the Tavernier from 213 to 68.

Having regard to these figures, it would seem as if successive kings of Portugal have been well advised in refusing to have cut their huge Braganza diamond, which weighs 1,680 carats and has been valued at \$200,000,000.



FREE

Send us your name and address for 12 pieces of jewelry to select from. We will send you three TWO SOLID GOLD RINGS. We trust you with the jewelry and will send it all charges paid. Send us your name.

STAR MFG. CO., 44 E. 6th St., PITTSBURGH, U.S.A.



EXTRA SPECIAL UNDERWEAR

—FOR—
Saturday Morning

9 o'clock sharp,

\$1.10 Per Pair.

We place on sale 60 pair of Regular \$2.00 Oxfords all at one price **\$1.10** to clear. The style is a new one made on a medium narrow toe last with hand turned soles, vamps of fine Vici Kid with dull Mat Kid Tops and fancy diamond pattern inlaying around tops.

Come at 9 o'clock a. m., only 60 pair in the lot.

See Window Display.

THE **J. J. HAINES** SHOE HOUSES, Napanee, Belleville, and Trenton.
Largest Dealers in this section of Canada.

THE BEST FLOUR. DAFOE'S NONESUCH DAFOE'S MANITOBA PATENT

By numerous tests by the best Bakers the above mentioned grades have been proven to be the best Flours in the market. When buying Flour ask for Dafoe's, and patronize your home mill, thereby producing Bran and Shorts that you can purchase cheaper than the product of the Western mills, which has to be transported thousands of miles at great expense, and usually, when it reaches you, of inferior quality. The grocer complains if the farmer or the mechanic sends to Toronto or to outside points for an article he can get at the home store just as good, but he does not hesitate to buy Flour from mills hundreds of miles away, and sell you an inferior Flour for more money than you can purchase the home product for, every bag of which is guaranteed. CHOICE CORN MEAL and BUCK WHEAT FLOUR always on hand. FEED GRINDING a specialty, with the best feed mills known to the trade. A full stock of the best ANTHRACITE COAL. Also in the market for the purchase of all kinds of Grain. Ask for prices at the big Mill before purchasing your Flour, Feed or Coal.

CAMBRIDGE'S Supperb Confectionery.

Just arrived, a fresh supply of Lowrey's High Class Chocolates
All kinds of Cake and Pastry.
Ice Cream and Ice Cream Soda.
Lunches at all hours.
Cambridge's Bakery & Confectionery Store
Next A. E. Paul's, and The Robinson Company, Limited.

COAL! OUR CELEBRATED

SEEDS GARDEN SEEDS FLOWER SEEDS Large Stock NEW SEEDS FRANK H. PERRY.

JOHN T. GRANGE
ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES
Grange Block, John Street,
Strictly Private and Confidential.

FRED CHINNECK
ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES
Chinneck's Jewellery Store
Near Royal Hotel
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Strictly Private and Confidential. 39

F. W. SMITH,
ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES.
Strictly Private and Confidential.
Smith's Jewellery Store,
Napanee.
30-3-m

THE PLAZA BARBER SHOP and TOBACCO STORE.
We think we can please you.
TRY US.
Cigars, Tobaccos, Pipes, Etc.
PAUL KILLORIN, - Proprietor.

SCREEN DOOR SEASON.
A full stock of Screen Doors, in styles that will please you.
Floor Glaze Enamel for the floors, a paint which wears on the floor, not off.
Milk Cans that give satisfaction, with the 1903 Bottom—strongest

Penman's and Mauchauffee's
BALBRIGGAN,
AERTEX CELLULAR,
NATURAL WOOL,
COTTON.

We carry the best stock of Underwear in Napanee.

A.E. Lazier.

ROYAL HOTEL BARBER SHOP
F. S. SCOTT, Proprietor.

First-Class Workmen.
Lightest and Brightest Shop in Napanee.
GIVE US A CALL.

Wire Fencing for towns, flower beds, field and poultry. We have a large assortment of good fencing.
BOYLE & SON.

A mail bag was either lost or stolen from the train which arrived at Belleville from the west at midnight on Friday evening last.

James Alexander, traveller for the Dominion Drug Co., of Hamilton, and well known in Napanee was found dead in bed in the Grand View Hotel, Winnipeg, on Wednesday morning.

At the Belleville cheese board on Saturday there were boarded 1004 white and 95 colored. Sales, 800 white at 11c; balance white refused 11c; colored refused at 11c.

Up north the people want to know what information the La Rose syndicate gave the government that they should get \$130,000 from the government. One of the syndicate is David Dunlop, a brother-in-law of the minister of mines. Evidently Mr. Cochrane is good to his own.

Mr. O. M. Alger, who has for some years published The Embro Courier and The Thamesville Star, twelve Oxford county weeklies, has purchased The Tweed Weekly News from Mr. J. T. Taylor of Woodstock, publisher of The Sentinel-Review. Mr. Alger took possession of The Tweed News May 1st and will personally manage the business.

As well abandon the telegraph and go back to the mail; as well abandon the ticker and go back to carrying quotations by hand from office to office; as well abandon the telephone and return to personal interviews; as well abandon the typewriter and go back to writing all their own letters, as to refuse to take advantage of the tremendous opportunities of advertising.

Covering the present Provincial election campaign, The Globe, daily, may be had at the remarkably low rate of 25c. Everywhere The Globe is recognized as Canada's National Newspaper. Always clean, fair and accurate, The Globe is pre-eminently the paper for the home. As a news-gatherer and exponent of public opinion The Globe stands unrivalled. The best interests of the people has been its guide for sixty-four years.

The adoption of a child is an absolute duty by childless people who wish to make themselves happy. They will thus avoid a selfish, useless, old

J. N. Osborne's Barber Shop is on the north side of Dundas street near Steacy's. Call and see how well he can suit you.

Remember.
Next visit of Dr. Alex. Ray, eyesight specialist of Belleville, at Campbell House, Napanee, on Monday evening, May 11th, and Tuesday, 12th, until 6 p. m. See his advertisement page 1.

Lawn Grass Seed.
We have the very best mixture also White Dutch Clover Seed and a special mixture of grass seed that will grow in any shady nook—Wallace's Red Cross Drug Store.

Lawn Mower Sharpener.
Mr. W. J. Normile has added to the equipment of his works a new machine for sharpening lawn mowers. This machine will fill a long felt want as it sharpens the mowers absolutely true and saves wear and tear on the mower.

Fredericksburgh Grist Mill.
The undersigned wishes to notify the public that Fredericksburgh grist mill will be open for grinding every day until further notice. I will be pleased to meet the many customers of the mill, who have patronized it in the past. Satisfaction guaranteed.
WM. WOODBUFF.

Cheese Board.
Napanee Cheese Board met for the first time this season in the Council Chamber, Napanee, on Friday afternoon last, at 2 p.m. Mr. Robert Metzler was elected President, and Mr. E. Long, Vice-President, Mr. W. R. Smith, Secretary, and Mr. A. Alexander, Treasurer, for 1908. Mr. A. G. Hewitt was elected Marker, and Messrs. E. Long and S. Shirey, Auditors. 571 white and 75 colored cheese were boarded. Bidding opened at 11c with no sales. All the cheese was sold after the Board closed at 11c.

Church of St. Mary Magdalene.
The W. A. will make their annual Corporate Communion at the early celebration next Sunday, May 10th, at 8 a. m. The Rural Deanery of Lennox and Addington and the Bay of Quinte Clerical Union, will meet on Tuesday and Wednesday, May 12th and 13th. The meetings during the day will be for the Clergy only, but there will be a public service on Tuesday evening at 7.30 with sermon by the very Rev. the Dean of Ontario, to which all are cordially invited.

The New Shoe Store.
The Regal Shoe for Men.
The Boston Shoe for Women.
Hawley & Maybee,
Opposite Royal Hotel.

Yachting.
At a meeting of the Napanee Yacht Club held on April 27th, in the Public Library, it was decided to hold the Club regatta on July 8th, at Foresters' Island. Fuller notice will be given later. The long distance race from Hamilton to Chaumont Bay, a distance of one hundred and sixty miles, starts on August 10th, at 10 a. m. The Club expects to have two entries in this race. Races will also be held on Friday and Saturday, Aug. 14th and 15th at Chaumont to points in St. Lawrence, Thursday, Aug. 20th races will be held at Gananoque.

Insurance.
I have been appointed agent of the Equity Fire Insurance Company of Toronto Insuring Town and Village property, am also agent of the Lennox and Addington mutual Fire Insurance Company which issues the broadest Farmers Policy of any Company doing business in these Counties. Any business entrusted to my care in either of the above lines will receive my prompt attention.
MANLY JONES,
Napanee.
Box 526.

COAL!

PLYMOUTH COAL!

OUR CELEBRATED

We also carry in stock Steam Coal, Blacksmithing Coal

—and—
Blue Grass Cannel Coal
for a bright grate fire.

All at close prices FOR CASH.

Office, West Side Market Square, Phone 104
Yard: Foot of West Street. 1-11

CHAS. STEVENS,



SEE THE NEW

RAIN COATS

\$7.00 to \$15.00.

Graham & VanaIstyne.

C. W. Bruton has closed up his business at the corner of Dundas and Richard streets.

ENGLISH SPAVIN LINIMENT removes all hard, soft or calloused lumps and blemishes from horses, blood spavin, curbs, splints, ringbone, sweeney, stifles, grains, sore and swollen throat, coughs, etc. Save \$50 by use of one bottle. Warranted the most wonderful Blemish Cure ever known. Sold by—T. B. Wallace.

SCREEN DOOR SEASON.

A full stock of Screen Doors, in styles that will please you.

Floor Glaze Enamel for the floors, a paint which wears on the floor, not off.

Milk Cans that give satisfaction, with the 1903 Bottom—strongest bottom made.

Barbed and Coil Spring Wire which will not rust.

The Peerless Woven Wire Fence—none better. It is used exclusively by the British Government in Africa

M. S. MADOLE.

If You Wish to be Successful

ATTEND THE

KINGSTON BUSINESS COLLEGE Limited.

head of Queen Street, CANADA'S HIGHEST GRADE business school Book-keeping, Shorthand, Typewriting, Telegraphy and all commercial subjects thoroughly taught by competent, experienced teachers. Enter at any time Rates very moderate—Send for Catalogue.

H. E. METCALFE, J. E. CUNNINGHAM,
President. Secretary.

Flint Rote and Ruberoid Roofing, cheaper than shingles, and fire proof. BOYLE & SON.

M. B. Mills expects to launch his new sailing yacht about the end of this month.

The local Court of the Canadian Order of Foresters are making arrangements for their annual excursion to Pictou on May 24th.

P. Bergin is opening a gravel pit on the hill side near Craig's mill. A couple of teams have been working this week building a roadway to the pit.

Croup positively checked in 20 minutes. Dr. Shoop's 20 minute Croup Remedy acts like Magic. No vomiting, nothing harsh. A simple, safe, pleasant dependable croup remedy. Sold by—ALL DEALERS.

The "Orientals" held forth in the club rooms of Argyle Lodge, No. 212, E. O. P., on Monday evening and afterwards participated in a "Moon Feast" at Cambridge's restaurant.

At a meeting of the quarterly Board of the Western Methodist Church on Tuesday evening it was unanimously decided to change the name of its church from the W. M. church to Central Methodist Church, so that the Church will be known hereafter as the Central Methodist Church.

The harbor during the early part of the week presented a very busy appearance. The steam barge Water Lily unloaded soft coal at the Reindeer dock, and the Katie Eccles, Winnie Wing, and a three master schooner unloaded at the Rathbun dock. The steam barge, Navajo, unloaded coal at J. R. Dufour's on Tuesday.

"Life in Every Dose"

"I cannot speak too highly of Psychine, for it is the greatest medicine I ever used. I was just about 'all in' when I began the treatment, and in 3 months I was as well as ever. It is a great tonic for weak and run down people. There is new life in every dose."

JAS. STOLIKER.

Ridgetown, Ont., Dec. 19, 1906.

It is a sin not to tell your sick friends about this wonderful prescription. Throat, lung and stomach troubles, and all run down conditions quickly cured by its use. At all druggists, 50c and \$1.00, or Dr. T. A. Sloan, Ltd., Toronto

Always clean, fair and accurate, the Globe is pre-eminently the paper for the home. As a news-gatherer and exponent of public opinion The Globe stands unrivalled. The best interests of the people have been its guide for sixty-four years.

The adoption of a child is an absolute duty by childless people who wish to make themselves happy. They will thus avoid a selfish, useless, old age. George Eliot, in one of her books, beautifully portrays the need of a woman's heart. "Janet had no children, and in this lay the secret of half her misery. If she had had babies to rock to sleep—little ones to kneel in their night dresses and say their prayers at her knee—sweet boys and girls to put their arms around her neck and kiss away her tears, her poor hungry heart would have been fed with strong love and would have needed no other element to satisfy its cravings."

Paints and Oils.

A few dollars worth of paint will improve and preserve your property 100%. For good goods in this line try BOYLE & SON.

Flower Garden and Lawn Seed.

Evelsourt Prize Mixed Sweet Pea Nasturtium. A choice variety of flower and garden seeds, also best mixture in lawn grass seed. All new this year at the Medical Hall—Fred L. Hooper.

Lost.

Tuesday night, between eight and nine somewhere between Scrimshaw's grocery, Dundas St., and P. Gould's grocery, Centre street, \$10, one five, one two, and three ones were in the roll. Finder will please leave same at the Express Printing Office. The reward is \$2.

Hay Bay Ferry.

The Boat is now in first class running order and the public can depend upon getting first class service in any and all kinds of weather. They will find in Mr. Thos Evans an obliging and efficient Captain, one who will at all times give special attention to his customers. Although there is a little water on the road, that was unforeseen, not being there in forty years before, but the Committee are now arranging for having this put in good shape for the accommodation of the public. Give Tommy a trial.

Yes.

We want you to come and see us and bring along your cash, and we think we can show you that you can save money by buying from us. We are offering a big discount off all lines of crockery and glassware in order to reduce our stock, which is far too large for this season of the year. You will find as good value with us in all lines of groceries etc., as any where in town. Our tea at 25c. has them all whipped in the cup. Will pay highest price for eggs

THE COXALL CO.

A Decided Success.

A series of Lime Light views showing 120 incidents in the life of Christ shown on canvas in natural colors and size. These views have drawn crowded houses on the continent and in the United States. Mr. Wm. E. Dyer, of Toronto, an extensive traveller and lecturer will describe these pictures in a way, the knowledge which if acquired otherwise would take years of travel and research. No one can afford to miss this great treat. For old and young best, Western Methodist Church, May 13th. Children 10c, adults 15c.

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of The Kind You Have Always Bought

Chas. H. Fletcher

A. S. Kimmerly sells Wampoles Cod Liver Oil, 80c. a bottle, Lydia Pinkham's Vegetable Compound 80c, Fellows Syrup \$1.10 per bottle. Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil 17c, Carters Little Liver Pills 15c, Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery or Favorite Prescription 85c. per bottle.

property, and also agent of the Lennox and Addington mutual Fire Insurance Company which issues the broadest Farmers Policy of any Company doing business in these Counties. Any business entrusted to my care in either of the above lines will receive my prompt attention.

MANLY JONES,
Napanee.

Box 526.

P. S. Collection of rents, settling of accounts &c a specialty. 10 tf.

Worthy Recommendation.

At a meeting of the quarterly board of the Western Methodist Church the following resolution which was unanimously carried was presented to Mr. and Mrs. Real:

Moved by W. T. Gibbard, seconded by H. VanaIstyne that we wish to place on record our appreciation of the relationship that has existed between the W. M. Church congregation and Rev. Real and wife, during the four years of his ministry in the church. The church has prospered in an exceptionally satisfactory manner, spiritually, financially and numerically. The Sabbath school, Junior and Senior Leagues, Woman's Missionary Society, Mission Band, and Mission Circle, all show marked success, and no better evidence of this could have been shown than the very interesting and successful quarterly services held last Sunday, as manifested by the large number present and the very great spiritual interest manifested. We hope for him, as a board and church, great success in the future.

M. S. MADOLE,
R. S.

BASE-BALL.

Executive meeting of E. O. B. B. League held in Napanee May 14th, 1908. Representatives from Belleville, Napanee, Kingston, and Gananoque present. In absence of Mr. Ilsey, Sec-Treas., Mr. Allison was elected to act pro-tem.

Moved by Mr. Millan, seconded by Mr. J. Daly that each home team furnish their own umpire. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Trimble, seconded by Mr. Wilson, (Belleville) that this League play National League Rules. Carried.

Moved by Dr. Sills, seconded by Mr. Millan, that the visiting team be entitled to free admission not to exceed fifteen persons. Carried.

SCHEDULE.

WEDNESDAY.

June 17.....Napanee at Belleville
" 24.....Gananoque at Napanee
July 8.....Belleville at Napanee
" 15.....Kingston at Belleville
" 22.....Kingston at Napanee
" 29.....Gananoque at Belleville
Aug 5.....Belleville at Napanee
" 12.....Kingston at Belleville
" 19.....Napanee at Belleville
" 26.....Gananoque at Napanee
Sept 2.....Gananoque at Belleville
" 9.....Kingston at Napanee

SATURDAY.

June 20.....Kingston at Gananoque
" 27.....Belleville at Kingston
July 11.....Gananoque at Kingston
" 18.....Napanee at Gananoque
" 25.....Belleville at Gananoque
Aug 1.....Napanee at Kingston
" 8.....Gananoque at Kingston
" 15.....Napanee at Gananoque
" 22.....Kingston at Gananoque
" 29.....Belleville at Kingston
Sept 5.....Napanee at Kingston
" 12.....Belleville at Gananoque

"AS GOOD AS DEAD."

Heart Disease that Baffled the Cleverest Physicians Gives Up the Fight—Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart Wins Again.

It isn't a bit of boast to say that Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart works miracles every day. A Toronto lady, living on Queen street west, was given by her doctor "till morning at most to live," and when the life cord seemed just about to snap this great remedy was suggested as a last resort—and it saved the life—stopped the pain inside of 30 minutes, and today she is enjoying excellent health, free from all heart suffering. (19)

Sold by T. B. Wallace

Clerical Clothing



Clergymen as a rule are particular about their Clothing. Following the same rule, we are particular about our Clothing for Clergy

Clerical Suits of appropriate fabrics correctly fashioned in a diversity of styles.

JAMES WALTERS,

Merchant Tailor, Napanee.

Home Seekers Excursions

—TO—

Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta.

APRIL.....14th and 28th
MAY.....12th and 26th
JUNE.....9th and 23rd
JULY.....7th and 21st
AUGUST.....4th and 18th
SEPTEMBER.....1st, 15th and 29th

For full particulars apply to

E. McLAUGHLIN

17-3m Agent C. P. R.

Bed-Bug Poison and Buffalo moth Killer.

House cleaning time is here. We have a sure cure for Bed Bugs and a large supply of Moth liquids etc. at Wallace's Drug Store, Napanee.

Died at the Hotel Dieu.

Mr. Allan M. Fraser, one of Napanee's well known citizens passed away on Tuesday at the Hotel Dieu, Kingston, aged 80 years. Deceased was for many years a farmer at Morven, until ill health forced him to secure a less arduous occupation. Deceased had been ill for some time and had been in the Hotel Dieu for six months. His daughter, Mrs. A. E. Bennett, died in British Columbia a few months ago. The funeral took place on Wednesday afternoon and the remains taken to Morven cemetery for interment.

Fine Lecture

Owing to the very bad weather on Wednesday evening, Prof. Hutt was met by but a small contingent from the Horticultural Society, but those who braved the pouring rain were well repaid by the entertaining and instructive talk given them by the Professor, whose remarks were illustrated by lantern pictures of various scenes of lawns, shrubbery and flowers. The Professor advocated as nearly as possible an imitation of nature in the beautifying of landscape, and deplored the unsightly placards and advertisements which so frequently mar the outskirts of our towns and villages, and thought a commission might be formed to look after our river approaches and make and keep them beautiful. In the absence of the President of the Society Mr. C. M. Warner very ably filled the chair and voiced the sentiments of the audience by expressing the hope that it might not be

PERSONALS

Miss Tressa Lasher spent Sunday in Deseronto visiting friends.

Mrs. John English returned last week from a three month's stay in Bermuda.

Mr. David Winter left last week for Vancouver and California.

Mr. Milton Jackson, of Pittsburgh, P. A., spent a few days in town last week.

Mr. John T. Grange and Mr. W. A. Grange were in Newburgh Wednesday.

Mr. John English and Mr. W. A. Grange attended Court in Odessa Tuesday.

Mr. G. A. Blewitt left last week on a trip through the Maritime Provinces.

Mr. C. D. Wagar, Enterprise, was in Napanee last Saturday and is looking well after his recent illness.

Mr. W. A. Shaw, of Toronto, was in town on Tuesday.

Miss Nora Wakeford, Portsmouth, spent a few days this week visiting friends here.

Mr. Robert Lund, Winnipeg, is visiting friends in Napanee and vicinity.

Mr. C. M. Warner made a trip to Syracuse last Friday returning on Monday.

Mr. A. T. Harshaw and Mr. W. S. Herrington left for Bracebridge Monday to attend court.

Mr. Aylsworth H. Bell, of Napanee, has been appointed pastor of the M. E. Church at Richville, N. Y.

Mrs. T. F. Dowdell, Selby, is being congratulated upon winning a town lot in the town naming competition held recently. The name sent in was for a townsite on the C. P. R.

Dr. David J. Smith, of Napanee, came home last Friday from Florida, via Chicago, and from Toronto brought his mother, Mrs. Hiram Smith, who spent the winter with her daughter in that city.

Mr. J. McGillivray, Kingston, is the guest of his sister, Mrs. W. J. Jewell.

Mr. Fred Hesey left last week for Cobalt.

Mr. Clint Ross, Tamworth, was in town on Monday.

Mrs. Wilson and son, of Glenora, were guests of her mother, Mrs. W. A. Ross, last week, returning home on Monday.

Miss Mary Beeman, Newburgh, left for Toronto last week.

Mrs. Thos Jamieson, who has been very ill is improving a little.

Mr. Geo. Perry expects to leave next week for the upper lakes.

Mrs. W. Cambridge, of Napanee, spent Sunday at Yarker with her mother who is ill.

Messrs J. R. Dafoe and W. T. Waller are taking a holiday roaming around the north country.

Mrs. Harry Bott, of Chicago, is visiting her parents here.

Mr. Robt Light and the Misses Light left on Thursday for Bristol, England. They will be away until September.

Miss Pearl VanAlstyne has returned home after spending the past two weeks in Brockville the guest of the Misses Barnhart and attending the Trammens Ball on Monday, April 27th.

Mr. Albert Lloyd, Watertown, Mr. Wm. Francisco, Kingston, and Messrs William and John Lloyd Belleville, were in town on Thursday attending the burial of their father, which took place at the Eastern Cemetery.

BIRTHS.

GRAHAM—At Napanee, on Thursday, May 7th, 1908, to Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Graham, a daughter.

For Painting Floors

There is nothing better than Prisen Brand Floor Enamel. It dries quickly, has a good gloss, and is mixed in the best colors. One gallon covers 300 sq. ft. two coats. Fred L. Hooper, sole agent for Napanee.

Economizes the use of flour; butter and eggs; makes the biscuit, cake and pastry more appetizing, nutritious and wholesome.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

This is the only baking powder made from Royal Grape Cream of Tartar.

It Has No Substitute

There are Alum and Phosphate of Lime mixtures sold at a lower price, but no housekeeper regarding the health of her family can afford to use them.

REPORT FOR S NO 1 SOUTH FREDERICKSBURG.

Honor roll April.

Class IV SR.—Annie Cooper 932, Willie Withers 884

Class IV JR.—Helen Smith 612, Reade Robin 526, Alphaeus Moon 140.

Class III—Ruth Cooper 700, Pearl Rutten 567, May Smith 516, Charlie Moon 536, Harold Sills 497, Gertie Wilson 284, Robert Neilson 217, Minnie Wilson 188.

Class II—Grace VanDyck 420, Edith Tibbitt 415, Ross VanDyck 368, Harry Webb 180, George Wilson 145, (Katie Morrow, Percy Metcalfe, Robert Wilson and Harry Wilson, absent)

Class Part II—Clara VanDyck 241, Margorie Smith 221, Harvard Moon 180, Eleanor Neilson 94, Gordon Tibbitt 75.

Class I SR.—Fred Wilson.

Primary Class—Archie Rutten, Stewart Rutten, Meggie Morrow, Herbert Wilson, George Tibbitt, Eleanor Cooper, Pauline Bell.

L. CHALMERS,
Teacher.

Opened by Mistake.

Absentmindedly the young woman yawned.

"Pardon me," she said. "I didn't mean to do that."

"I see," responded Mr. Lingerlong. "Opened by mistake."

A Vast Difference.

"Don't I give you all the money you need?" her husband complained.

"Yes," she replied, "but you told me before we were married that you would give me all I wanted."—London Tatler.

Odd Names of Maryland Farms.

The curious names given to tracts of land by the owners in olden times are illustrated in a conveyance recorded in Liber W. G., No. 60, folio 57. It was executed in 1790 and conveyed from

MARLBANK.

Morris Madeca, of Napanee, has secured a position with the Cement Co. for the summer.

Mr. and Mrs. D. N. Armstrong were each presented with a fine sterling travelling bag before taking their departure for Port Colborne, where Mr. Armstrong is appointed as superintendent of the Canadian Portland Cement company.

Miss Luella Garrison, of Colebrook is the guest of Mrs. E. D. Shangraw for a few days.

Thomas Taylor died May 3rd, of appendicitis, after a week's illness.

John Baker an old resident of Marlbank, is disposing of his property by public auction and intends to leave for the North-West in the near future.

John M. Leostic and Frank Ulliac will leave for Port Colborne to take important positions at the Cement company's new plant.



THREE W. W. W.
WALTHAM. WISDOM.
WORLD.

First, it requires Wisdom to discern the fact that the Waltham movement represents the very highest mark of accuracy.

Secondly, the World, not one small province or town, has by a general consensus of opinion declared the

the unsightly placards and advertisements which so frequently mar the outskirts of our towns and villages, and thought a commission might be formed to look after our river approaches and make and keep them beautiful. In the absence of the President of the Society Mr. C. M. Warner very ably filled the chair and voiced the sentiments of the audience by expressing the hope that it might not be long before we might have the pleasure of hearing the Professor again, and that on the next occasion the elements might be more propitious and the audience larger. A vote of thanks to the Professor was moved in some well chosen and appreciative remarks by Mr. Crookery and seconded by Rev. Mr. Conn.

HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

The next or on meeting of the Society will be held on Friday evening, May 15th, 1908, at 8 o'clock. Every one will be welcomed.

At this meeting Miss Janet Carnochan, President of the Niagara Historical Society of Niagara will read a paper. Miss Carnochan is the head of the most successful Historical Society affiliated with the Ontario Historical Society, and has an extensive knowledge of Canadian History.

W. S. Herrington K. C., will read a paper on "Champlain" giving the tercentenary celebration of the founding of Quebec by Champlain, which is to be held in July, a special notice.

This meeting should be very interesting and it is hoped that a large audience will be present. For those who have been unable to attend any of the previous meetings it might be well to state that the display of Historical relics already in the Hall is worthy of inspection.

Piles are easily and quickly checked with Dr. Shoop's Magic Ointment. To prove it I will mail a small trial box as a convincing test. Simply address Dr. Shoop, Racine, Wis. I surely would not send it free unless I was certain that Dr. Shoop's Magic Ointment would stand the test. Remember it is made expressly and alone for swollen painful, bleeding or itching piles, either external or internal. Large jar 50c. Sold by ALL DEALERS.

TALK ABOUT GROCERIES

If you want good Groceries and the best, no cheap trash, you want to go to

H. W. KELLY,
Campbell House Corner.

and you can get the best Rolled Oats in town, also

Headlight Coal Oil	13c a gallon
Water White Oil the best	14c a gallon
3 Tins Gillet's Lye	25 cents
1 lb Laundry Starch	6c per lb.
Canada Corn Starch	7c per box
Canada Laundry Starch	7c per box
Benson's Corn Starch No. 1	3 for 25c.
6 bars Surprise Soap	25 cents
10 bars Judd Soap	25 cents
6 Green Castile	25 cents
1 lb French Castile (Toilet)	10 cents
Maple Leaf Baking Powder	15c a tin
Royal Baking Powder	40c a lb, tin
Pure Cream Tartar	30c a lb
Grappinuts	2 for 25c.
3 Boxes Silver Gloss Starch	25 cents
New Mixed Peel	18c a lb
3 Corn Flakes	25 cents
0-Wee Kay-No Salmon	15c a tin
2 lb Paris Lump Sugar	15 cents

The best 25c Green Tea in town.

If you want good Breakfast Bacon try our PEA MEAL,

H. W. KELLY

ham, a daughter.

For Painting Floors

There is nothing better than Prissen Brand Floor Enamel. It dries quickly, has a good gloss, and is mixed in the best colors. One gallon covers 360 sq. ft. two coats. Fred L. Hooper, sole agent for Napanee.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*
The Kind You Have Always Bought

PARISH OF SELBY.

On Sunday, May 10th, the Rev. T. F. Dowdell will hold his last services as incumbent to the Parish of Selby. The services will be as follows: Selby 10.30 a.m., Kingsford 3 p. m., Strathcona, 7.30 p. m.

MAY "BUSY MAN'S MAGAZINE"

The merry month of May brings joy and gladness, sunshine and flowers. The issue of the Busy Man's Magazine for the current month also brings pleasure and profit for its ever widening circle of enthusiastic readers. "Canadians Who Are Doing Things, and How" forms an important and highly edifying feature in the May number which is generously illustrated and presents a most artistic appearance. "The book with the red cover," as Busy Man's is frequently and familiarly called, also has numerous other admirable adjuncts which will prove particularly welcome. It not only gives several of the best selections from the magazines of the world, but contains such instructive, timely, and popular articles as "The Principle of Profit in Shaving in Business," "Some Deductions on the Average Man," "How Those Who Fall Are Given Another Chance," "Canadians Should Indulge in More Boating," "A Greater Sense of Our Responsibilities," "The World's Greatest Plow Manufacturer," "Youth Should be Taught the Habit of Saving," "The Adoption of Automobiles in Business," "Canadian Banking System the Best in the World," and "A Police Force that is a Credit to Canada." Other attractions of the magazine might be dwelt upon, but in the words of an old saw, "enough is as good as a feast."

Pain, anywhere, can be quickly stopped by one of Dr. Shoop's Pink Pain Tablets. Pain always means congestion—unnatural blood pressure. Dr. Shoop's Pink Pain Tablets simply coax congested blood away from pain centers. These Tablets—known by druggists as Dr. Shoop's Headache Tablets—simply equalize the blood circulation and then pain always departs in 20 minutes. 20 Tablets 25 cents. Write Dr. Shoop, Racine, Wis. for free package. Sold by—ALL DEALERS.

Lax-ets 5 C Sweet to Eat

A Candy Bowel Laxative.

STR. REINDEER,

LOCAL TIME TABLE.
Daily, Sundays Excepted. Effective Wednesday, April 22nd, 1908. Subject to change without notice.

	A. M.	P. M.
Napanee	Leave 6 00	
Deseronto	7 00	
—Hough's	7 20	
—Thompson's Point	7 40	
8 Glen Island	8 00	
Glenora	8 10	
Pictou	Arrive 8 30	
Pictou	Leave 9 30	
—Thompson's Point	10 00	
—Hough's	10 20	
Deseronto	Arrive 11 00	
		P. M.
Deseronto	Leave 1 15	
—Hough's	2 00	
—Thompson's Point	2 35	
Pictou	Arrive 3 00	
Pictou	Leave 4 00	
Glenora	4 20	
Glen Island	4 25	
—Thompson's Point	4 45	
—Hough's	5 15	
Deseronto	5 30	
Napanee	Arrive 6 30	

—Stop on signal

CONNECTIONS.

At Deseronto with Bay of Quinte and Grand Trunk Railway Trains for all points East, West and North; with Steamer Ella Ross for Upper Bay Ports. At Pictou with Central Ontario Railway.

JAS. COLLIER, Captain.

"Give me all I wanted."—London Tatler.

Odd Names of Maryland Farms.

The curious names given to tracts of land by the owners in olden times are illustrated in a conveyance recorded in Liber W. G., No. 60, folio 57. It was executed in 1790 and conveyed from Joshua Stevenson to Richard Gettings five tracts of land in Baltimore county, the consideration being £290. The name of each tract and its dimensions are as follows: My Sweet Girl, My Friend and Pitcher, 62 acres; Here Is Life Without Care and Love Without Fear, 41½ acres; The Unexpected Discovery, 262 acres; Hug Me Sang, 15 acres, and Stevenson's Cow Pasture, With Little I am Content, 22 acres.

dom to discern the fact that the Waltham movement represents the very highest mark of accuracy.
Secondly, the World, not one small province or town, has by a general consensus of opinion declared the Waltham Movement to be the peer of all movements.
Marriage Licenses.

Smith's Jewelry Store

The Song of Fisher's Music Store.

Come, ladies and gentlemen, list while I tell,
Of the Napanee Music Store, now known so well,
Of the things which we offer, at lowest cash rate,
Each the best of its kind, and right up-to-date.
The HEINTZMAN PIANO is known far and wide,
As the best in this country, and others beside.
In SEWING MACHINES you can't beat the "NEW HOME,"
It leads the world now, and for years yet to come.
The latest in GRAMOPHONES here you can buy,
We've records will cause you to laugh or to cry.
WALLPAPERS by COLIN McARTHUR we claim
Are the best and the choicest world wide is their fame.
OIL PAINTINGS, ENGRAVINGS and PICTURES galore
Are a unique display in this wonderful store.
Here are SOUVENIR POSTAL CARDS countless as sand,
A collection of BOOKS, which you'll say beats the band.
Such a stock of SHEET MUSIC was ne'er seen before,
In the part of the world that we are sure.
If your PICTURES need FRAMING, we're now in the thick
Of that business, and, mark you, we do them quite "chic."
We wish to make known to the boys one and all,
We've the best goods in town for the game of BASEBALL.
And we just wish to tell you, you'll do the same soon,
We close every Wednesday at 12.30 noon.

If you want a good ad for you business in rhyme,
We can fix one up for you to please every time.

To make fortunes out of the future you must put something into the present. Agents wanted to sell Securities. For Sale Fruit Lands & Cheap Homes, City Lots, Farms & Suburban Acreage. Gold-Coppers pay big dividends all over British Columbia.

BRITISH COLUMBIA ILLUSTRATED

Containing over 100 views, post paid 25c, stamps.—Richest Province in British Empire

Nothing Risked, Nothing Gained. Nothing Ventured, Nothing Won
Splendid Opportunity to Invest

The richest men in the world are investing in British Columbia Copper-Gold and Silver Mines. Who can't you begin now? The greatest Gold-Copper discovery of the age is in British Columbia.

Big Four Consolidated Gold Mines, Limited. Capital \$625,000.

Every Dollar subscribed used in Development of Mine.

Special Offer—20c per Share, will shortly advance to \$1.00.

Mines directly west of Le Roi and Le Roi No. 2, shares sold from 5 cents to \$100.00 and Consolidated Mining and Smelting Co. of Canada, Ltd., shares \$150.00 each, the Giant California, adjoining our own, shares about \$110.00, Granby Mine paid over \$3,000,000 Dividends per year. Gold Copper Mines in British Columbia paid large Dividends. Big Four assays from \$5.00 to \$800.00 in gold, copper, silver, with 30 per cent, in the treasury. Invest now and you won't regret it.

NOTE—Most of these mines sold for a few cents once, but overcapitalized even now, pay big dividends. Big Four is on the railway, near smelters, Rossland Mines received Highest Awards for richest gold-copper ore sent to St. Louis Exposition. Big Four had best display at Dominion Fair, New Westminster, B.C.

No less than 100 shares sold for cash, above this. Shares can be had on installment plan, on yearly contract, 15 per cent. cash, balance monthly.

Nearly Two Miles of Railway on Property.

Company has no debts or liabilities. Send for illustrated Prospectus and Booklet, "Mining Up-to-date," to Secretary, with 5c in stamps.

BIG FOUR MINES, LIMITED.
P. O. Box 174, VANCOUVER, B. C., CANADA.